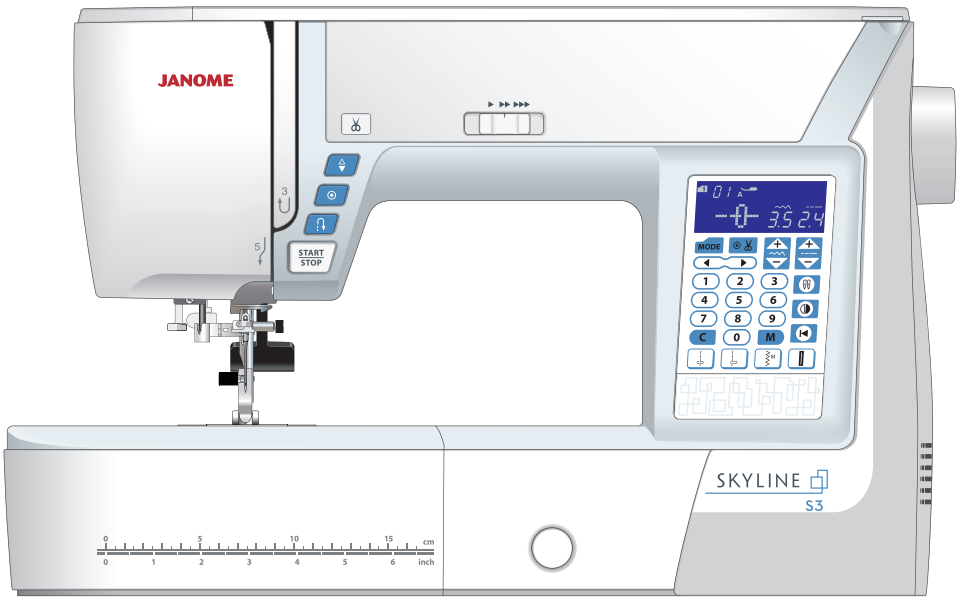
Instruction Book



IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

When using an electrical appliance, basic safety precautions should always be followed, including the following:

This sewing machine is designed and manufactured for household use only.

Read all instructions before using this sewing machine.

DANGER— To reduce the risk of electric shock:

1. An appliance should never be left unattended when plugged in. Always unplug this sewing machine from the electric outlet immediately after using and before cleaning.

WARNING— To reduce the risk of burns, fire, electric shock, or injury to persons:

1. Do not allow to be used as a toy. Close attention is necessary when this sewing machine is used by or near children.
2. Use this appliance only for its intended use as described in this owner's manual. Use only attachments recommended by the manufacturer as contained in this owner's manual.
3. Never operate this sewing machine if it has a damaged cord or plug, if it is not working properly, if it has been dropped or damaged, or dropped into water. Return this sewing machine to the nearest authorized dealer or service center for examination, repair, electrical or mechanical adjustment.
4. Never operate the appliance with any air opening blocked. Keep ventilation openings of this sewing machine and foot controller free from accumulation of lint, dust and loose cloth.
5. Never drop or insert any object into any opening.
6. Do not use outdoors.
7. Do not operate where aerosol (spray) products are being used or where oxygen is being administered.
8. To disconnect, turn all controls to the off ("O") position, then remove plug from outlet.
9. Do not unplug by pulling on cord. To unplug, grasp the plug, not the cord.
10. Keep fingers away from all moving parts. Special care is required around the sewing machine needle and/or cutting blade.
11. Always use the proper needle plate. The wrong plate can cause the needle to break.
12. Do not use bent needles.
13. Do not pull or push fabric while stitching. It may deflect the needle causing it to break.
14. Switch this sewing machine off ("O") when making any adjustment in the needle area, such as threading the needle, changing the needle, threading the bobbin or changing the presser foot, and the like.
15. Always unplug this sewing machine from the electrical outlet when removing covers, lubricating, or when making any other adjustments mentioned in this owner's manual.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

For Europe only:
This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

For outside Europe (except U.S.A and Canada):
This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.



Please note that on disposal, this product must be safely recycled in accordance with relevant National legislation relating to electrical/electronic products. If in doubt please contact your retailer for guidance. (European Union only)

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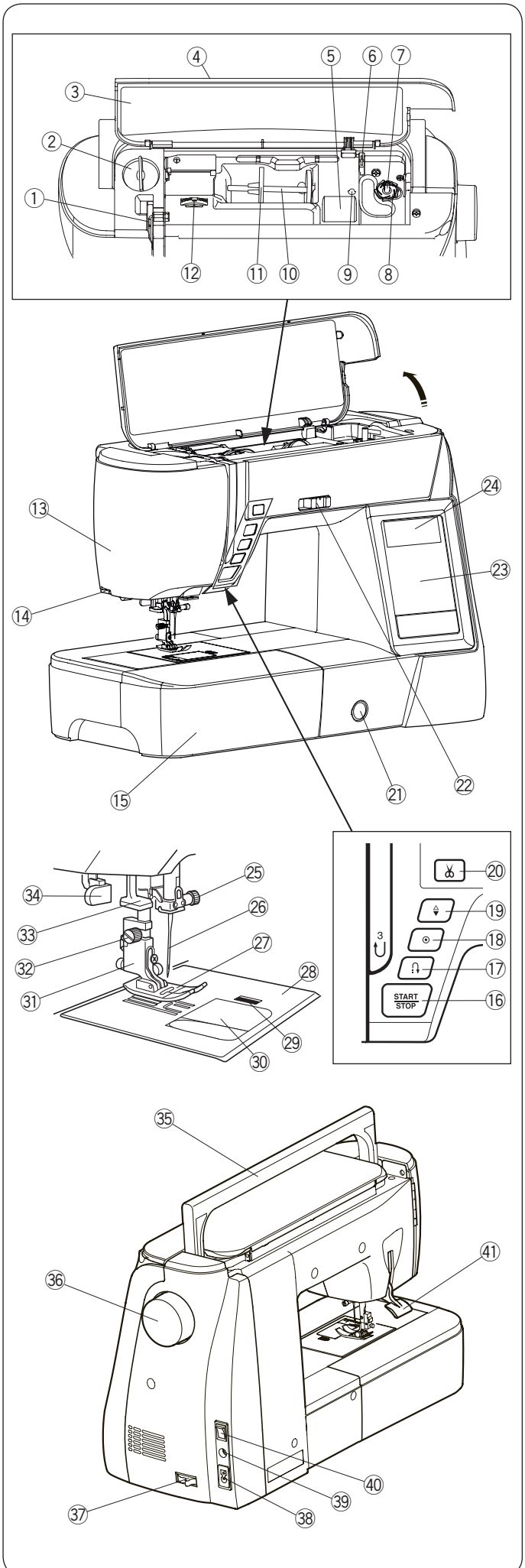
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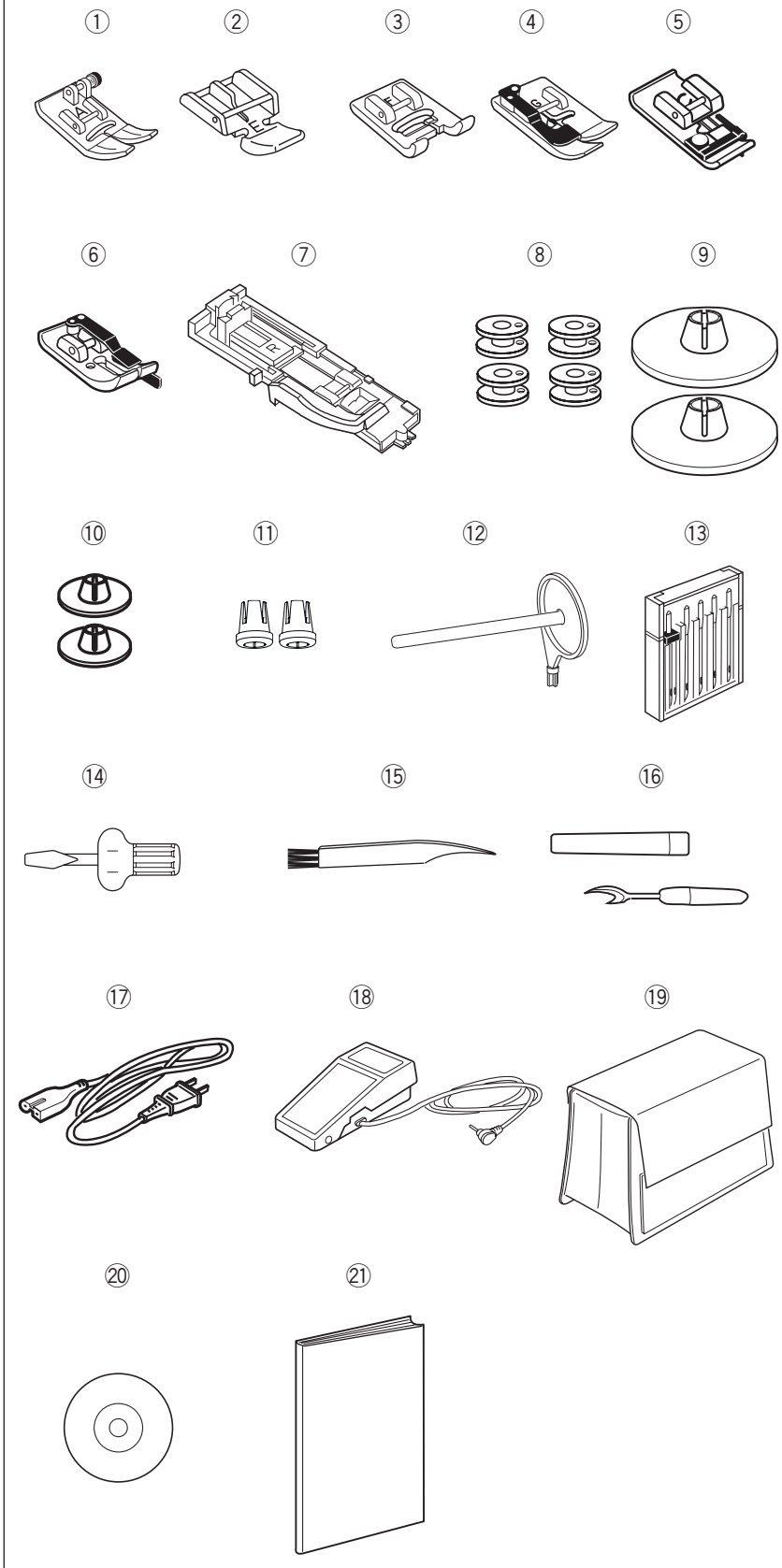
ESSENTIAL PARTS

Names of Parts

① Thread take-up lever
② Foot pressure dial
③ Reference chart
④ Top cover
⑤ Foot storage compartment
⑥ Bobbin thread cutter B
⑦ Bobbin winder spindle
⑧ Bobbin thread cutter A
⑨ Hole for extra spool pin
⑩ Spool pin
⑪ Spool holder (large)
⑫ Thread tension dial
⑬ Face cover
⑭ Thread cutter
⑮ Extension table (accessory storage)
⑯ Start/stop button
⑰ Reverse button
⑱ Auto-lock button
⑲ Needle up/down button
⑳ Thread cutter button
㉑ Feed balancing dial
㉒ Speed control slider
㉓ Touch panel (Function keys)
㉔ LCD screen
㉕ Needle clamp screw
㉖ Needle
㉗ Zigzag foot A
㉘ Needle plate
㉙ Hook cover release button
㉚ Hook cover plate
㉛ Foot holder
㉜ Setscrew
㉝ Needle threader
㉞ Buttonhole lever
㉟ Carrying handle
㊱ Handwheel
㊲ Drop feed lever
㊳ Machine socket
㊴ Foot control jack
㊵ Power switch
㊶ Presser foot lifter

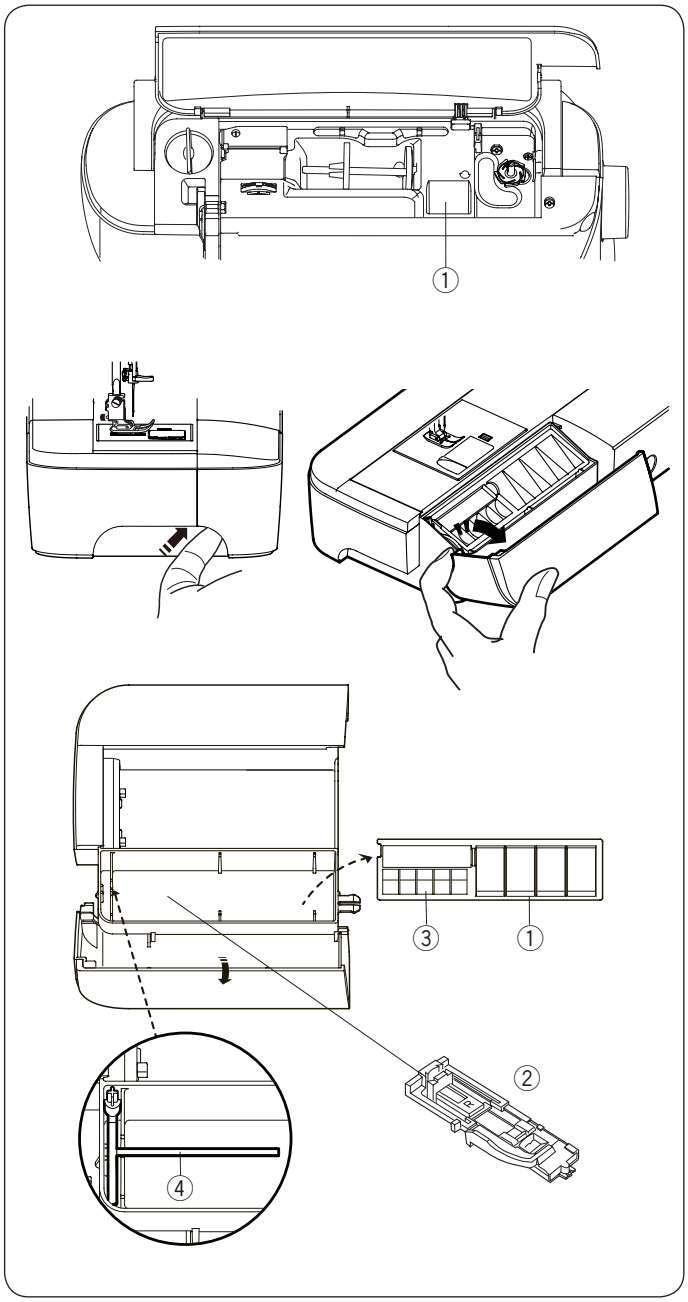
NOTE:
To carry the sewing machine, hold the carrying handle with your hand, and support the sewing machine with the other hand.

NOTE:
Sewing machine design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice.



Standard Accessories

① Zigzag foot A (set on the machine)
② Zipper foot E
③ Satin stitch foot F
④ Blind hemming foot G
⑤ Overedge foot C
⑥ 1/4″ seam foot O
⑦ Automatic buttonhole foot R (in the accessory storage)
⑧ Bobbin (4 pcs.) (1 set on the machine)
⑨ Spool holder (large, 1 set on the machine)
⑩ Spool holder (small)
⑪ Spool holder (special)
⑫ Extra spool pin
⑬ Needle set
⑭ Screwdriver
⑮ Lint brush
⑯ Seam ripper (Buttonhole opener)
⑰ Power cable
⑱ Foot control
⑲ Semi-hard fabric cover
⑳ Instructional video DVD
㉑ Instruction book



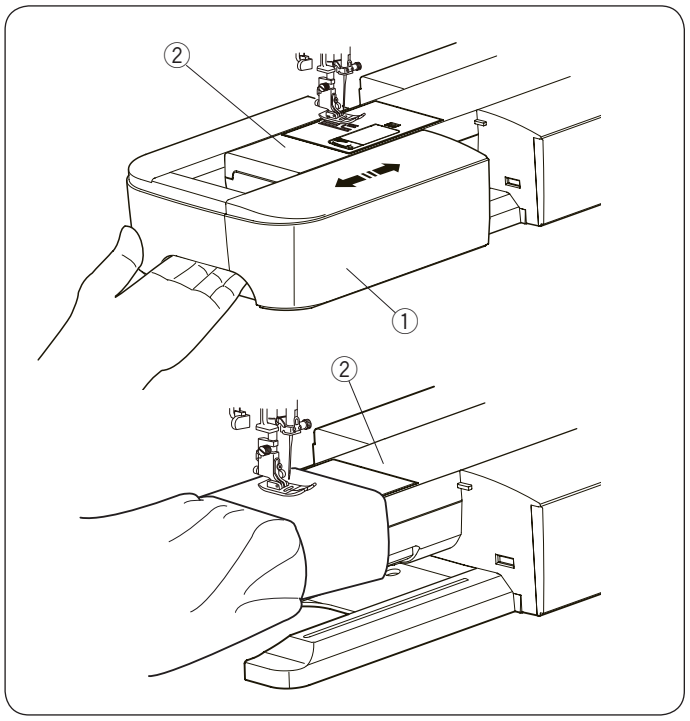
Accessory Storage

The accessories can be conveniently stored in the compartment of the extension table and the compartment under the top cover.

To store the accessories in the compartment of the extension table, push up the cover towards you to open the accessory storage.

① Presser foot
② Automatic buttonhole foot R
③ Bobbin
④ Extra spool pin

Other accessories can be also stored in the compartment in the extension table.



Extension Table

The extension table provides an extended sewing area and can be removed for free-arm sewing.

① Extension table
② Free-arm

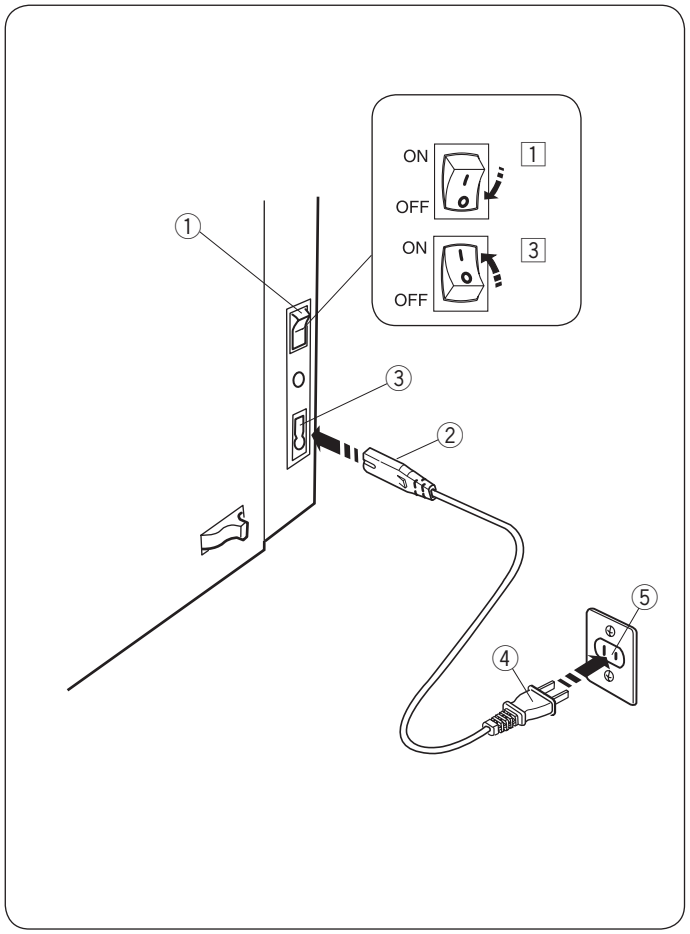
To detach:
Draw the table out to the left.

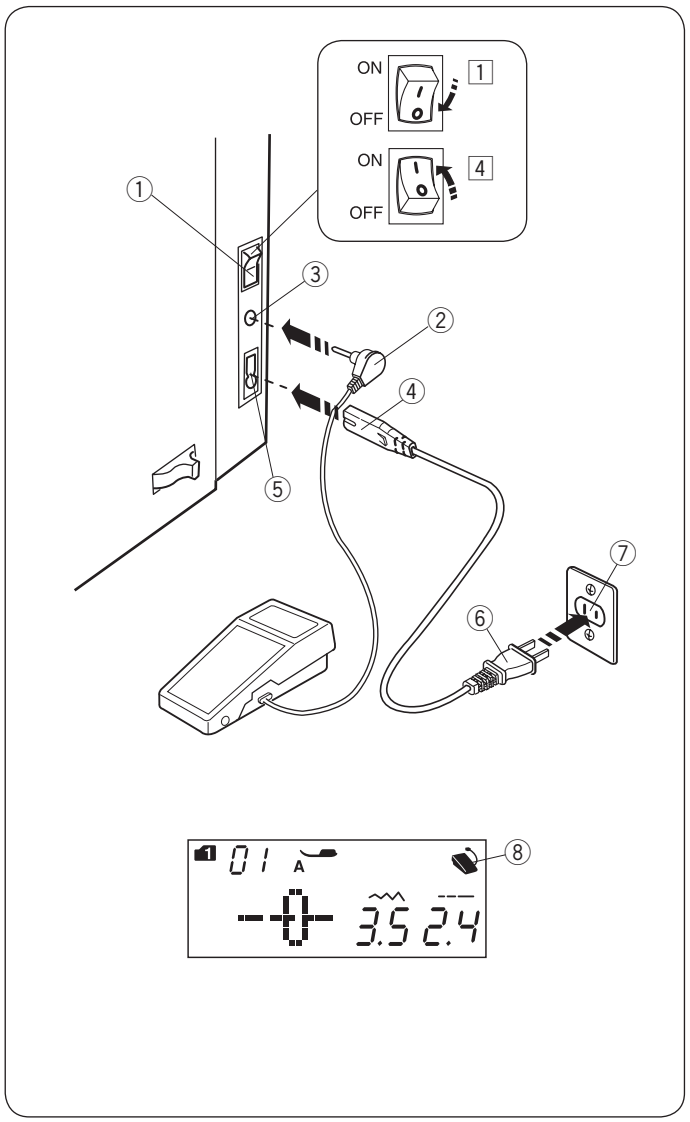
To attach:
Slide the table on the base and push the table to the right.

Free-arm sewing

Free-arm sewing is used for stitching sleeves, waistbands, pant legs or any other tubular garments. It is also useful for darning socks or mending knees or elbows.

② Free-arm





GETTING READY TO SEW

Connecting the Power Supply

1 First make sure the power switch ① is off.
2 Insert the machine plug ② of the power supply cord into the machine socket ③.
3 Insert the power supply plug ④ into the wall outlet ⑤, and turn the power switch ① on.

① Power switch
② Machine plug
③ Machine socket
④ Power supply plug
⑤ Wall outlet

NOTE:
Make sure to use the power supply cable that came with the machine.
If you turn off the power switch, wait for 5 seconds before turning it on again.

⚠ WARNING:
While in operation, always keep your eyes on the sewing area, and do not touch any moving parts such as the thread take-up lever, handwheel or needle.
Always turn off the power switch and unplug the machine from the power supply:
- when leaving the machine unattended.
- when attaching or removing parts.
- when cleaning the machine.

Do not place anything on the foot control.

If you wish to use the foot control, insert the pin connector into the jack on the machine.

1 First make sure the power switch ① is off.
2 Insert the pin connector ② into the jack ③ on the machine.
3 Insert the machine plug ④ of the power supply cord into the machine socket ⑤.
4 Insert the power supply plug ⑥ into the wall outlet ⑦, and turn the power switch on.
The foot control sign ⑧ will be displayed when the foot control is connected to the machine.

① Power switch
② Pin connector
③ Jack
④ Machine plug
⑤ Machine socket
⑥ Power supply plug
⑦ Wall outlet
⑧ Foot control sign

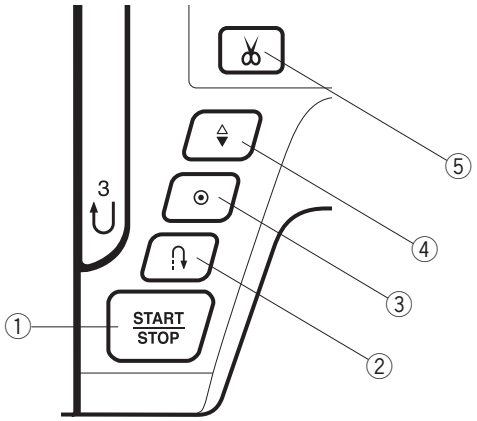
NOTE:
The start/stop button does not work when the foot control is connected.

Operating Instructions:

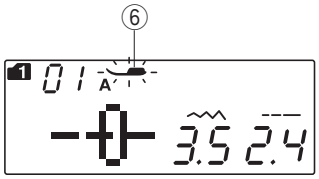
The symbol “O” on a switch indicates the “off” position of the switch.

For the U.S.A. and Canada only

Polarized plug (one blade wider than the other):
To reduce the risk of electric shock, this plug is intended to fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If it does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet. Do not modify the plug in any way.















Machine Operating Buttons

① Start/stop button

Press this button to start or stop the machine.
The machine starts running slowly for the first few stitches, it then runs at the speed set by the speed control slider. The machine runs slowly as long as this button is pressed.

Pressing and holding this button while sewing will slow down the sewing speed and the machine will stop when the button is released.

NOTE:
- The start/stop button cannot be used when the foot control is connected to the machine.
- The machine will not run and the presser foot mark ⑥ will blink if you start the presser foot in the up position. Lower the presser foot and press the start/stop button.
- You can select the desired start-up speed from slow, medium or high (refer to page 22).

② Reverse button

When sewing stitch pattern 01, 04, 05, 10-12 (mode 1) or 55-56 (mode 2), the machine will sew in reverse as long as the reverse button is pressed.

If stitch pattern 01, 04, 05, 10-12 (mode 1) or 55-56 (mode 2) has been selected and the foot control is not connected, the machine will start sewing in reverse as long as the reverse button is pressed.

If you press the reverse button when sewing any other patterns, the machine will immediately sew locking stitches and automatically stop.

③ Auto-lock button

When sewing stitch pattern 01, 04, 05, 10-12 (mode 1) or 55-56 (mode 2), the machine will immediately sew locking stitches and automatically stop when the auto-lock button is pressed.

When sewing all other patterns, the machine will sew to the end of the current pattern, sew locking stitches and stop automatically.
The machine will trim the threads automatically after locking the stitch when the auto thread cutting is turned on (refer to page 63).

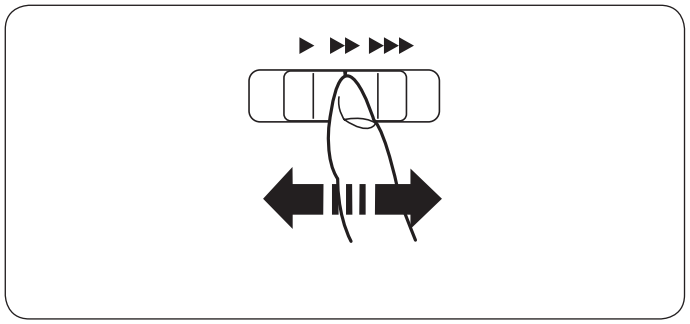
④ Needle up/down button

Press this button to bring the needle bar up or down.
The machine will stop with the needle in down position. However, you can change the needle stop position in the machine setting mode (refer to page 22).

⑤ Thread cutter button

After finish sewing, press this button to trim the threads.
The needle bar automatically rises after trimming the threads (refer to page 26).

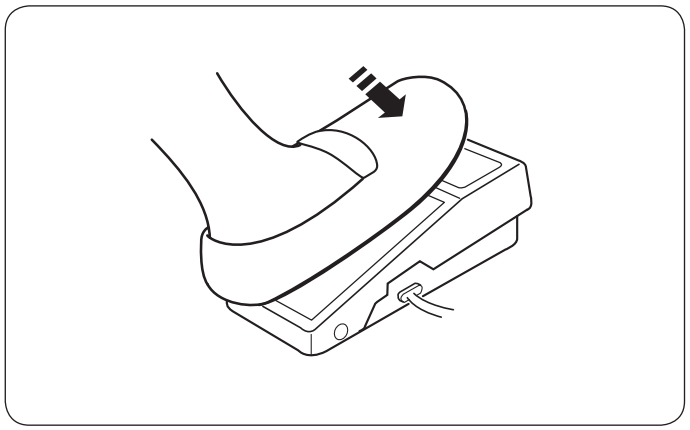
NOTE:
Use the thread cutter on the face cover if the thread is #30 or thicker (refer to page 26).



Controlling Sewing Speed

Speed control slider

You can limit the maximum sewing speed with the speed control slider according to your sewing needs.
To increase the sewing speed, move the slider to the right.
To decrease the sewing speed, move the slider to the left.



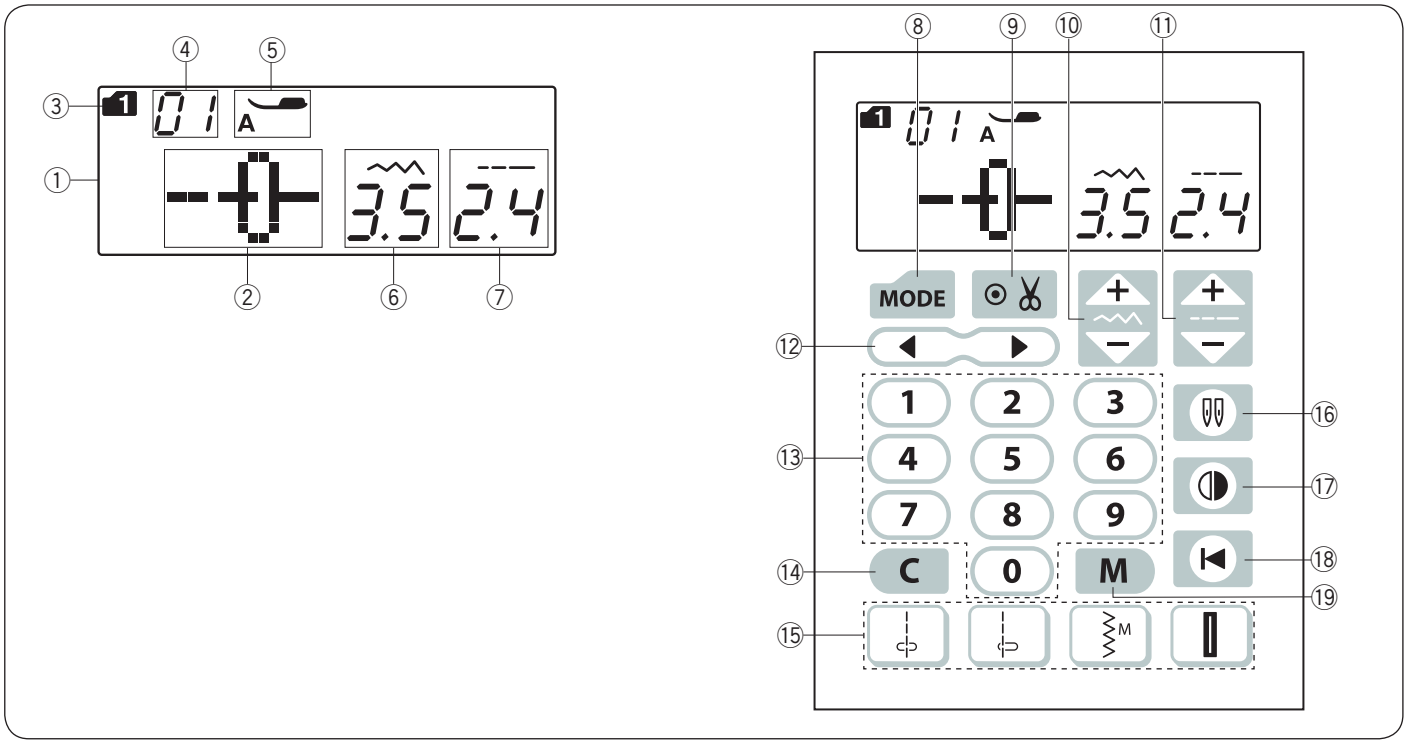
Foot Control

Pressing on the foot control can vary sewing speed. The harder you press the foot control, the faster the machine runs.

NOTE:
The machine runs at the maximum speed set by the speed control slider when the foot control is fully depressed.

Operating Instructions:

Foot control model YC-485EC is for use with this sewing machine.



Function Keys

① **LCD screen**
The LCD screen shows the following information when the machine is turned on:

② Stitch pattern
③ Mode
④ Stitch pattern number
⑤ Recommended type of presser foot
⑥ Stitch width
⑦ Stitch length

⑧ **Mode key** (refer to pages 20, 21)
Press the mode key to select the mode.
When the power is turned on, the pattern selection mode 1 is set automatically.

⑨ **Auto thread cutting key** (refer to page 63)
Press this key if you wish to cut the threads automatically after finish sewing with a locking stitch.
When programming a pattern combination, press this key to cut the threads automatically after finish sewing.

⑩ **Stitch width adjusting key** (refer to pages 27, 34, 44)
Press this key to alter the stitch width.

⑪ **Stitch length adjusting key** (refer to pages 27, 34, 44)
Press this key to alter the stitch length.

⑫ **Cursor key** (refer to page 69)
Press " ◀ " or " ▶ " to move the cursor to check or edit the pattern combination.

⑬ **Number keys** (refer to page 20)
Enter a 2-digit pattern number to select the desired stitch pattern in modes 1 to 5.

⑭ **Clear key** (refer to pages 22, 70)
Press the clear key to clear the memorized stitch pattern.
Press and hold this key until the buzzer sounds to delete the whole pattern combination.

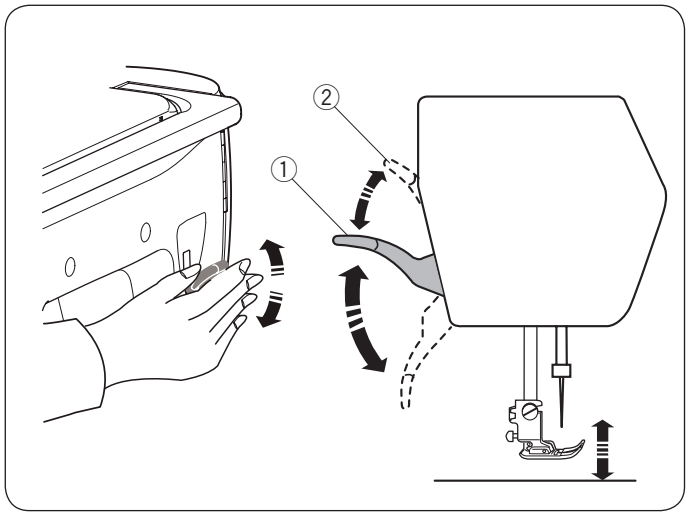
⑮ **Direct pattern selection keys** (refer to page 20)
You can select the stitch patterns 01, 04, 10 and 24 in mode 1 directly.

⑯ **Twin needle key** (refer to page 59)
Press this key when sewing with a twin needle.

⑰ **Mirror image key** (refer to page 64)
Press this key to sew a mirror image of the selected pattern.

⑱ **Startover key** (refer to page 65)
Press this key to sew a pattern combination from the beginning.

⑲ **Memory key** (refer to page 61)
Press this key to register programmed pattern combinations.
Up to 50 stitch patterns combination can be memorized.



Raising and Lowering the Presser Foot

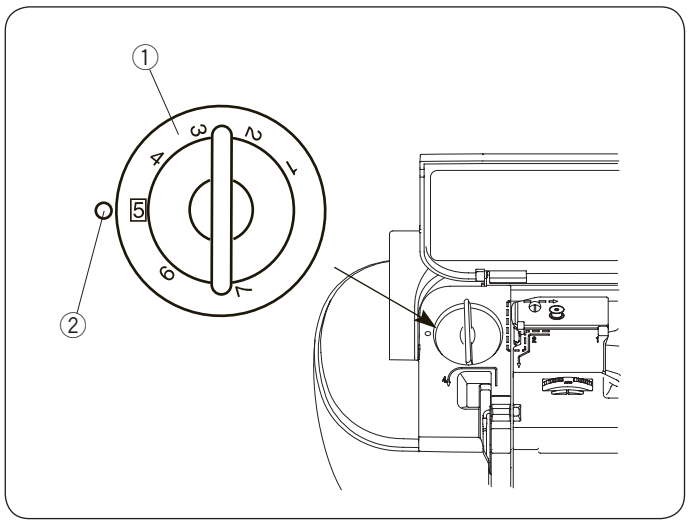
The presser foot lifter raises and lowers the presser foot.

① Presser foot lifter

You can raise the presser foot higher than the normal up position. This helps you to place thick layers of fabrics under the foot.

② Extra lifted position

NOTE:
Do not turn the handwheel or press the up/down needle button when the presser foot is in the extra lifted position.



Adjusting the Foot Pressure

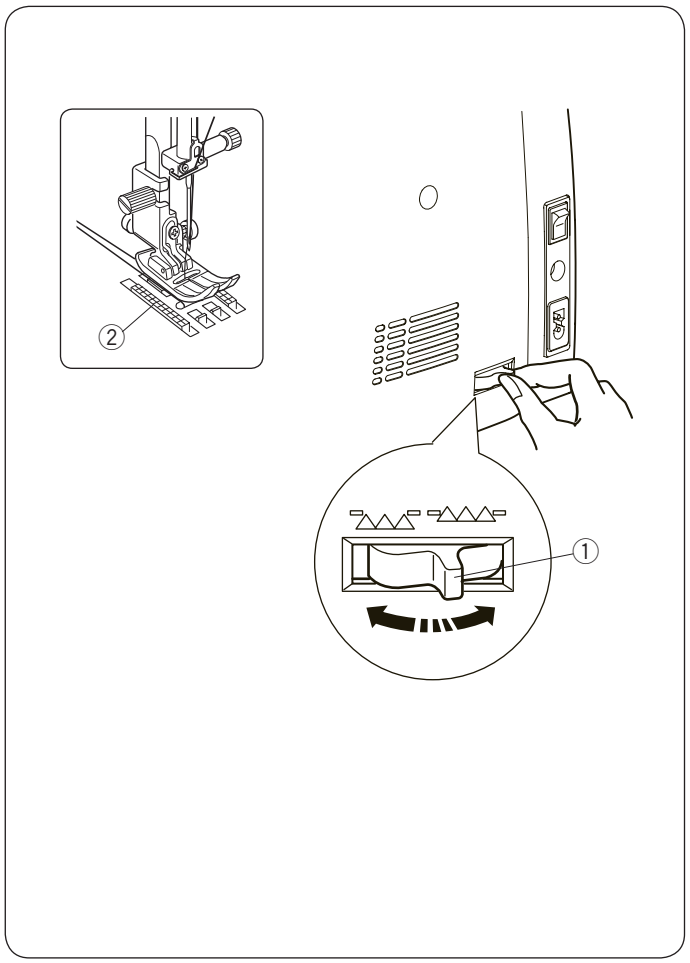
The foot pressure can be adjusted with the foot pressure dial located under the top cover.

The dial has 7 setting positions from 1 to 7.
For ordinary sewing, set 5 at the setting mark.

① Foot pressure dial
② Setting mark

Reduce the pressure when sewing fine synthetics and stretch fabrics.
To reduce the pressure, set the dial at a lower number.

Increase the pressure when sewing heavy weight fabrics.
To increase the pressure, set the dial at a higher number.



Dropping the Feed Dog

The feed dog can be lowered for sewing on buttons, free motion quilting etc.

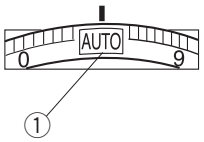
Shift the drop feed lever toward you to lower the feed dog.

① Drop feed lever
② Feed dog

Shift the drop feed lever away from you to raise the feed dog, it will return to the up position when you start the machine.

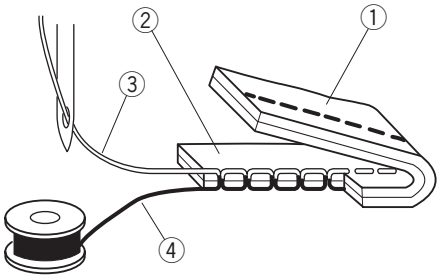
Balancing Thread Tension

Auto-thread tension



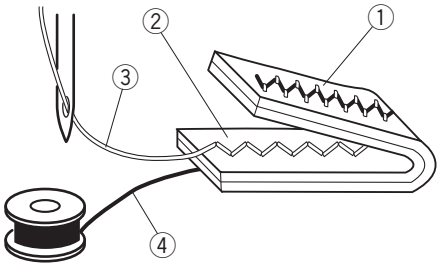
For general sewing, set the thread tension dial at AUTO, which covers a wide range of sewing conditions.

① Thread tension dial



Balanced thread tension

For straight stitch sewing, both needle and bobbin threads will join at the middle of the fabrics.

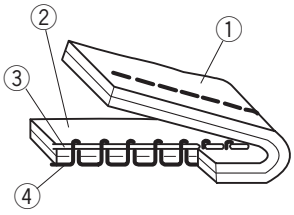


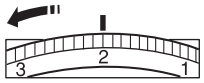
For zigzag stitch sewing, the needle thread will appear slightly on the wrong side of the fabric.

① Wrong side of fabric
② Right side of fabric
③ Needle thread
④ Bobbin thread

Manual thread tension adjustment

You may need to adjust tension manually depending on the sewing conditions such as the type of fabric and number of layers.

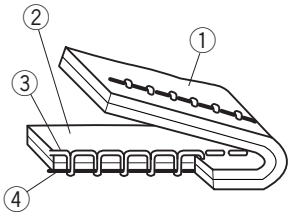


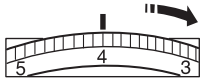


If the needle thread is too tight, the bobbin thread appears on the right side of the fabric.

① Wrong side of fabric
② Right side of fabric
③ Needle thread
④ Bobbin thread

Turn the thread tension dial to a lower number to decrease the thread tension.

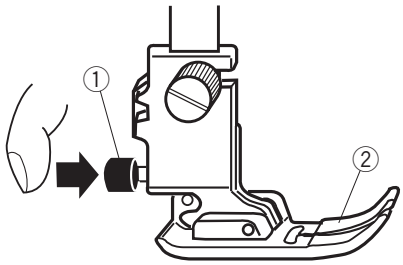


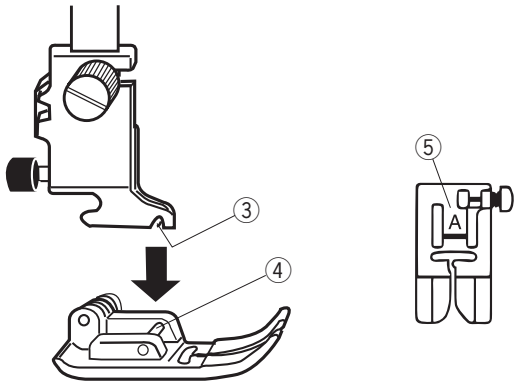


If the needle thread is too loose, the needle thread loops on the underside of the fabric.

① Wrong side of fabric
② Right side of fabric
③ Needle thread
④ Bobbin thread

Turn the thread tension dial to a higher number to increase the thread tension.





Changing the Presser Foot

⚠ CAUTION:
Always make sure to turn the power switch OFF before replacing the presser foot.

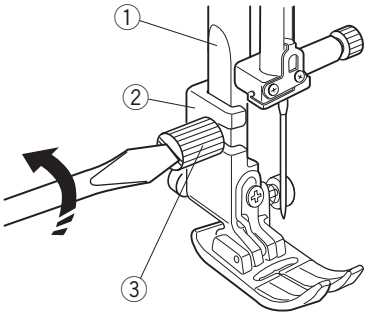
Raise the needle to its highest position and raise the presser foot lifter.
Press the red button on the back of the foot holder.
The presser foot will drop off.

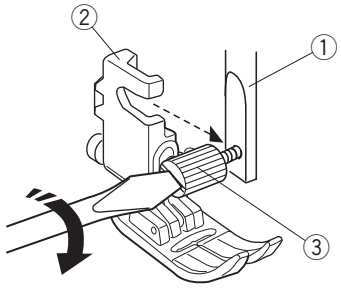
① Red button
② Presser foot

Attaching the presser foot

Place the presser foot so that the pin on the foot lies just under the groove of the foot holder.
Lower the presser bar to lock the foot in place.
Each foot is marked with an identification letter.

③ Groove
④ Pin
⑤ Identification letter





Removing and Attaching the Foot Holder

⚠ CAUTION:
Always make sure to turn the power switch OFF before replacing the foot holder.

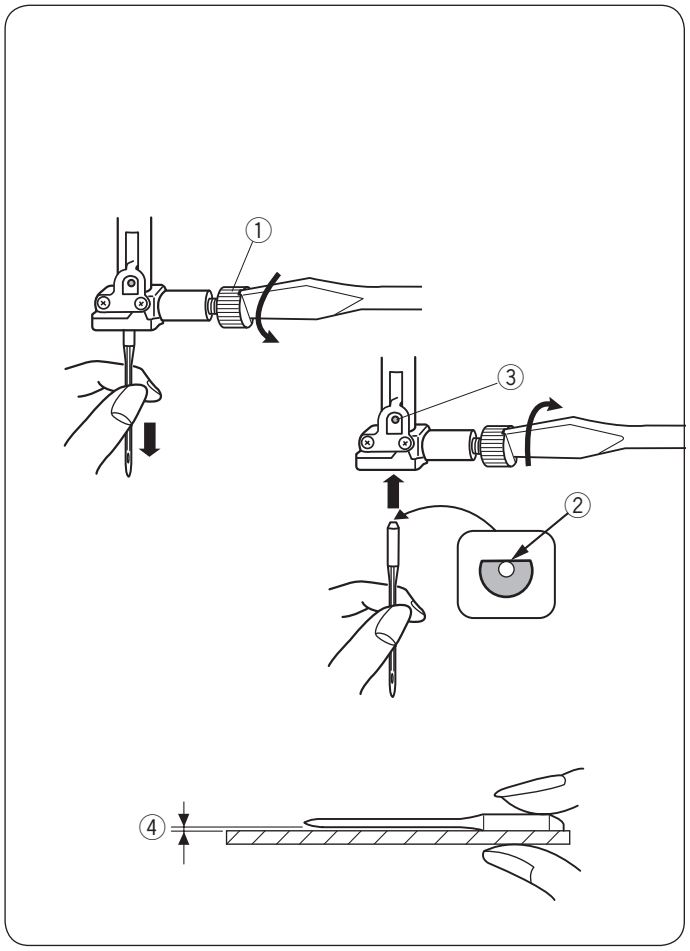
Removing the foot holder

Raise the needle to its highest position and raise the presser foot lifter.
Loosen the setscrew.
Remove the foot holder.

① Presser bar
② Foot holder
③ Setscrew

Attaching the foot holder

Attach the foot holder to the presser bar from the rear.
Tighten the thumbscrew securely with the screwdriver.



Changing Needles

⚠ CAUTION:
Always make sure to turn the power switch OFF before changing the needle.

Raise the needle by pressing the needle up/down button and lower the presser foot.
Turn the power switch off.

Loosen the needle clamp screw and remove the needle from the clamp.
① Needle clamp screw

Insert a new needle into the needle clamp with the flat side of the needle to the rear.
When inserting the needle into the needle clamp, push it up against the stopper pin and tighten the needle clamp screw firmly with a screwdriver.
② Flat side
③ Stopper pin

To check needle straightness, place the flat side of the needle onto something flat (a needle plate, glass etc.) The gap between the needle and the flat surface should be consistent.
Never use a blunt needle.
④ Gap

Fabric		Thread	Needle
Fine	Lawn Georgette Tricot Organza Crepe	Cotton #80-100 Synthetic #80-100	#9/65-11/75 Blue tip needle
Medium	Sheeting Jersey Broadcloth Fleece	Cotton #50-80 Synthetic #50-80	#11/75-14/90
Heavy weight	Denim Tweed Coating Quilting	Cotton #40-50 Synthetic #40-50	#14/90-16/100

NOTE:
1 x twin needle, 1 x blue tip needles (#11/75),
2 x #11/75 needles and 1 x #14/90 needle are included in the needle case (Part No. 820827007).

Fabric and Needle Chart

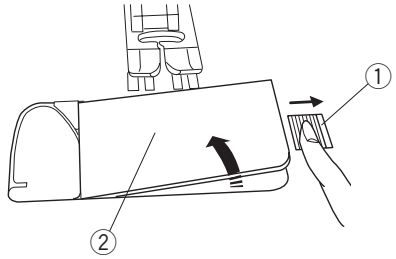
- For general sewing, use needle size 11/75 or 14/90.
- A fine thread and needle should be used for sewing lightweight fabrics, so the fabric will not be marred.
- Heavy fabrics require a needle large enough to pierce the fabric without fraying the needle thread.
- Always test the needle size on a small scrap of the fabric that will be used for actual sewing.
- In general, use the same thread for the needle and bobbin.
- When sewing stretch fabrics, very fine fabrics and synthetics, use a blue tip needle. The blue tip needle effectively prevents skipped stitches.

Winding the Bobbin

Removing the Bobbin

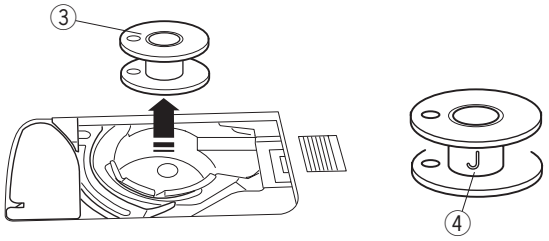
Slide the hook cover release button to the right, and remove the hook cover plate.

① Hook cover release button
② Hook cover plate



Lift out the bobbin from the bobbin holder.

③ Bobbin

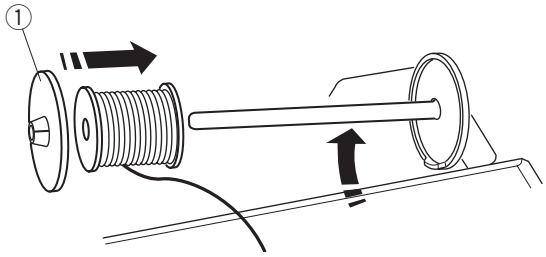


NOTE:
Use the "J" plastic bobbins for horizontal hook (marked with "J" ④). Using other bobbins, such as pre-wound paper bobbins, may cause stitching problems and/ or damage to the bobbin holder.

Setting the spool of thread

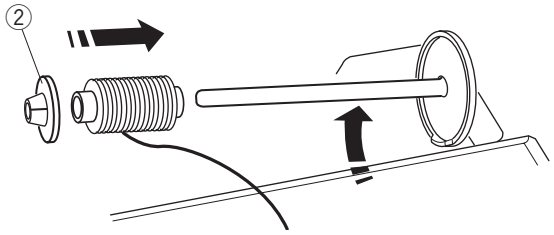
Lift up the spool pin. Place the spool of thread on the spool pin.
Attach the large spool holder, and press it firmly against the spool of thread.

① Large spool holder



Use the small spool holder to hold narrow or small spools of thread.

② Small spool holder

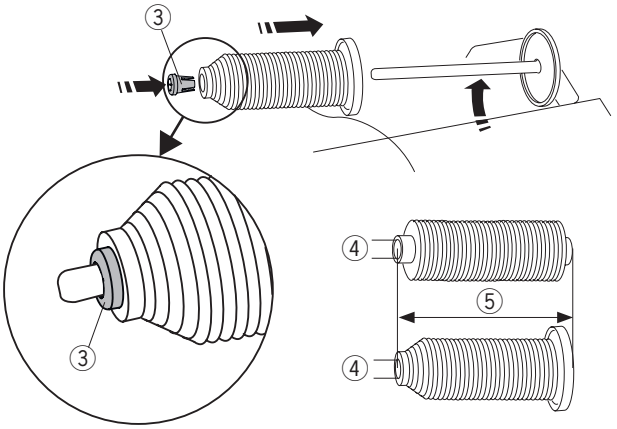


Use the spool holder (special) to hold the specific size of the spool of threads as shown.

The sizes of the spools of thread are as follows;
The hole diameter of the spool has a range of 3/8″ to 7/16″ (9.5 to 10.5 mm)), and the spool length has a range of 2 3/4″ to 3″ (70 to 75 mm).

③ Spool holder (special)
④ Hole diameter (3/8″ to 7/16″)
⑤ Spool length (2 3/4″ to 3″)

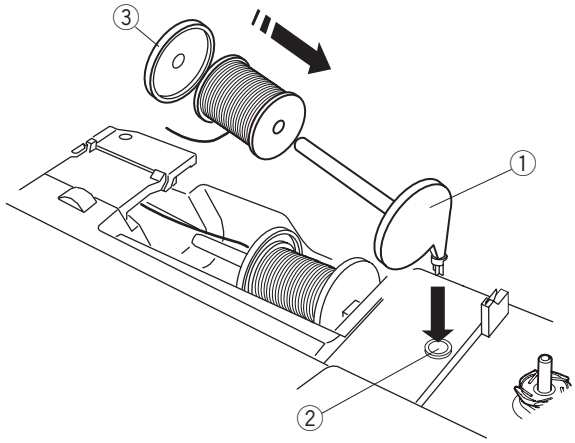
Firmly insert the spool holder (special) into the hole and hold the spool as illustrated.



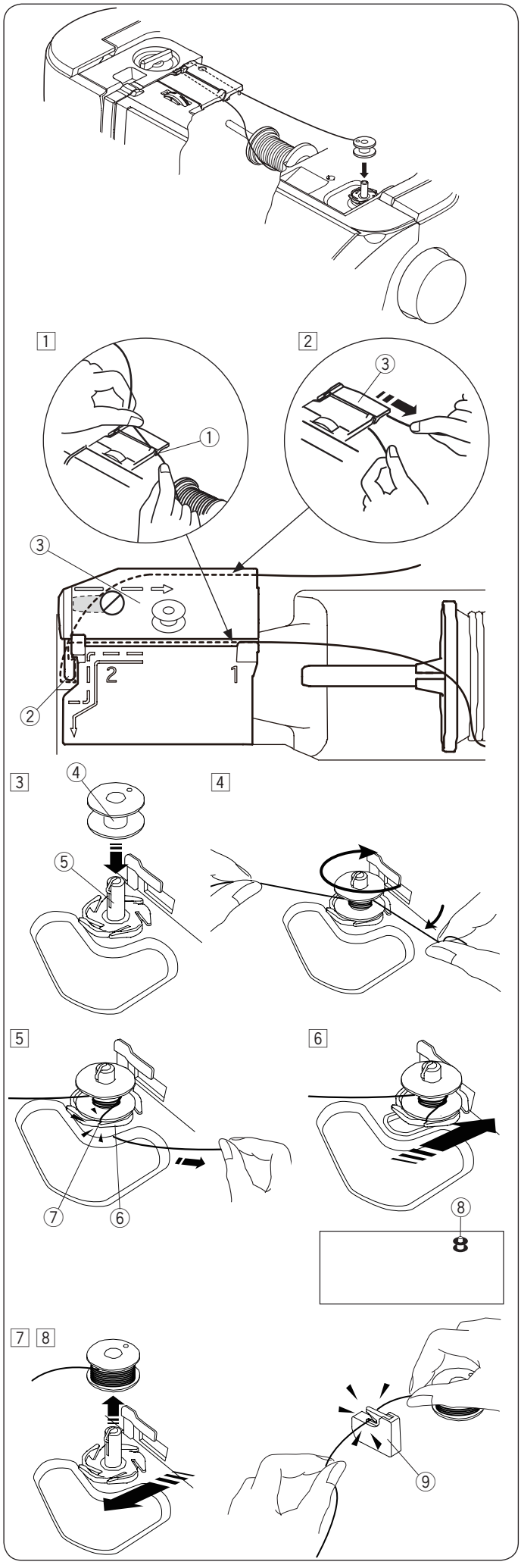
Extra spool pin

Use the extra spool pin when you need to wind a bobbin without unthreading the machine while working on a sewing project.
Insert the extra spool pin into the hole as shown.
Place a spool of thread on the extra spool pin and fix the spool with the spool holder.

① Extra spool pin
② Hole for extra spool pin
③ Large spool holder



NOTE:
The extra spool pin is also used for twin needle sewing.



Winding the bobbin

NOTE:
Set the speed control slider at the fastest position (refer to page 8).

1 Pull the thread from the spool.
Hold the thread with both hands and pass the thread into the guide slot ①.
① Guide slot

2 Draw the thread to the left and forward around the thread guide ②.
Draw the thread to the rear and to the right around and under the guide plate ③.
Firmly pull the thread to the right while holding it with both hands.
② Thread guide
③ Guide plate

3 Put the bobbin on the bobbin winder spindle.
④ Bobbin
⑤ Bobbin winder spindle

4 Pass the thread to the bobbin.
Hold the thread with both hands and wind it around the bobbin clockwise several times.

5 Insert the thread into one of the slits ⑦ of the flange plate ⑥ and pull the thread to cut.
⑥ Flange plate
⑦ Slit

6 Push the bobbin to the right. The bobbin mark appears on the LCD screen.
⑧ Bobbin mark

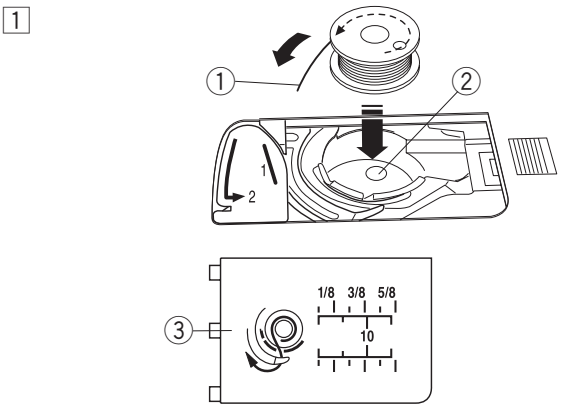
7 Start the machine.
Stop the machine when the bobbin is fully wound and stops spinning.
Return the bobbin winder spindle to its original position.

8 Remove the bobbin. Cut the thread with bobbin thread cutter B ⑨.
⑨ Bobbin thread cutter B

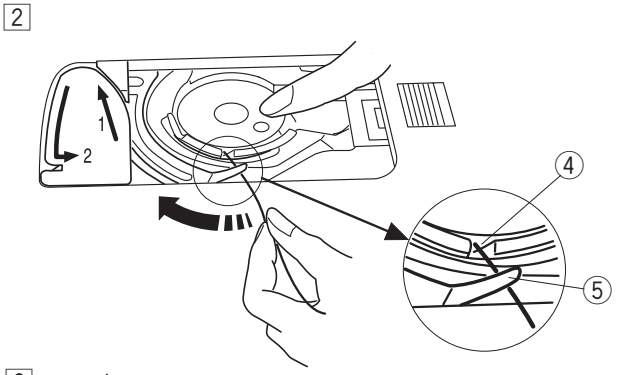
NOTE:
For safety purposes, the machine will automatically stop 1.5 minutes after starting bobbin winding.

Inserting the bobbin

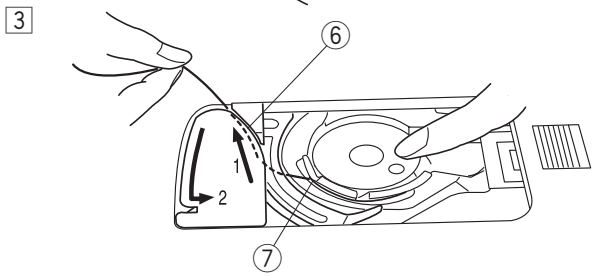
1 Turn the power switch off.
Place a bobbin in the bobbin holder with the thread running off counterclockwise as shown on the hook cover plate.
① End of thread
② Bobbin holder
③ Hook cover plate

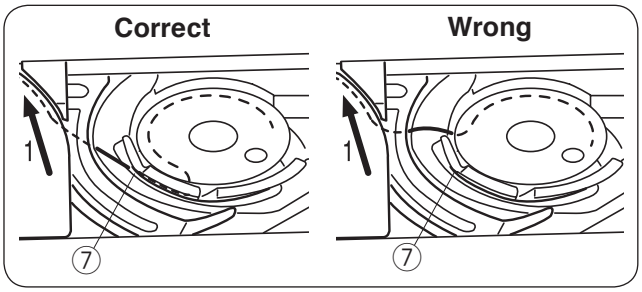


2 Hold the bobbin with your fingertip so it does not rotate.
Guide the thread into the front notch of the bobbin holder.
Pull the thread to the left to pass it under the guide.
④ Front notch
⑤ Guide



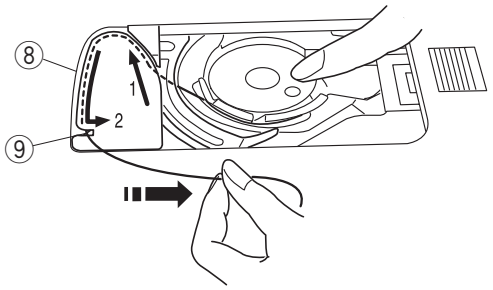
3 Draw the thread to the left to pass it into the guide path marked “1”.
Make sure that the thread comes out from the side notch of the bobbin holder.
⑥ Guide path 1
⑦ Side notch



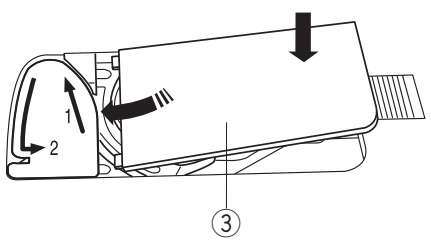


NOTE:
If the thread does not come out from the side notch, rethread from step 1.

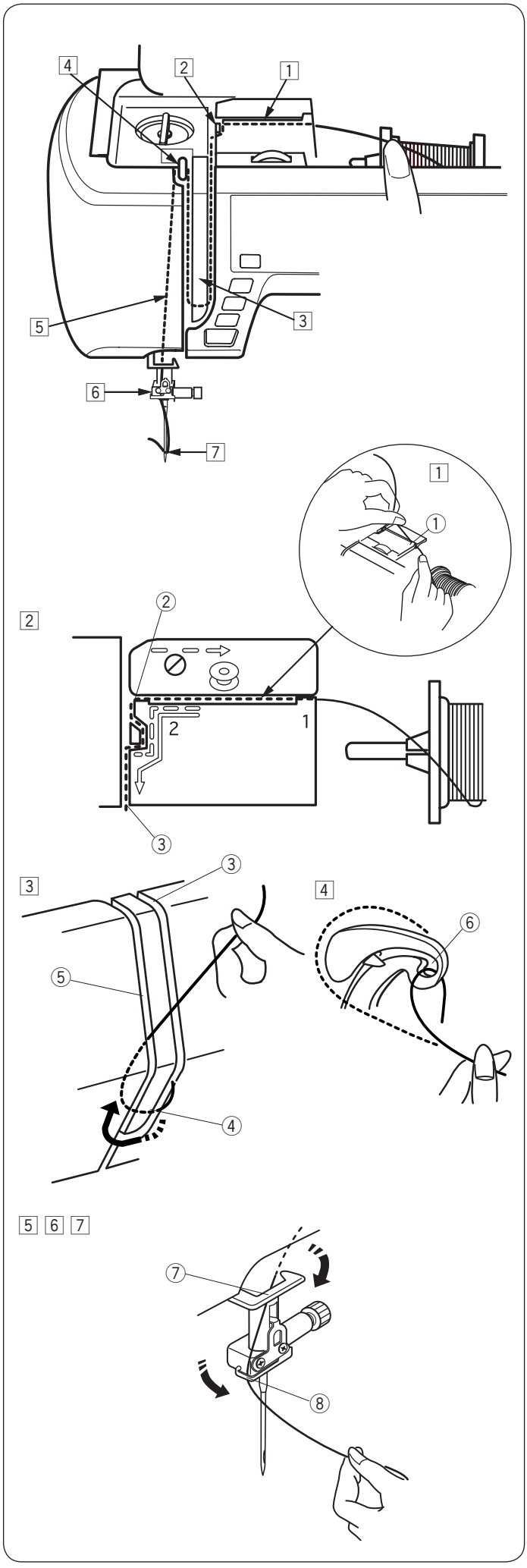
4 Continue to draw the thread along the guide path marked “2” and pull the thread to the right through the slit. The thread will be cut to a proper length and held in place.
⑧ Guide path 2
⑨ Slit (Thread cutter)



5 Set the left edge of the hook cover plate into opening. Push down the hook cover plate to fit in place.



NOTE:
Unless otherwise noted, you can start sewing without drawing up the bobbin thread.
Refer to page 19 for how to draw up the bobbin thread.



Threading the Machine

Raise the presser foot lifter to raise the presser foot.
Turn the power switch on.
Press the needle up/down button to raise the take-up lever to the highest position.
Turn the power switch off.
Pass the thread in the order from 1 to 7.

⚠CAUTION:
Always make sure to turn the power switch OFF before threading the machine.

1 Hold the thread with both hands and pass the thread into the guide slot.
① Guide slot

2 Hold the thread with both hands and draw the thread around the corner of the guide.
Firmly pull the thread toward you along the right channel until the thread snaps.
② Corner of the guide
③ Right channel

3 Draw the thread down along the right channel and around the bottom of the thread guide plate. Pull the thread up along the left channel.
③ Right channel
④ Thread guide plate
⑤ Left channel

4 While holding the thread at the spool, firmly draw the thread up and to the back of the take-up lever. Draw the thread forward to slip it into the eye of the take-up lever.
⑥ Eye of the take-up lever

5 Then pull the thread down along the left channel and through the lower thread guide.
⑦ Lower thread guide

6 Slide the thread behind the needle bar thread guide on the left.
⑧ Needle bar thread guide

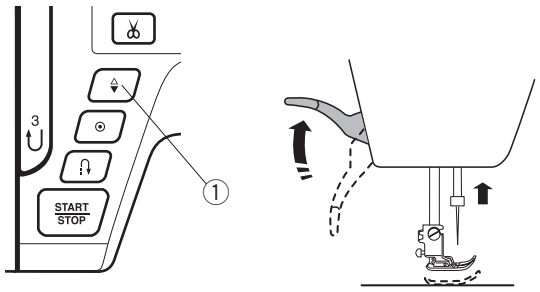
7 Thread the needle with the needle threader (refer to the next page).

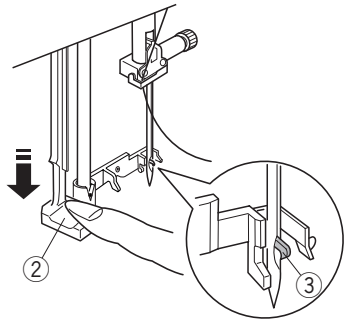
Built-in Needle Threader

NOTE:
- The needle threader can be used with a #11 to #16 needle.
  Thread size 50 to 90 is recommended.
- The needle threader cannot be used with the twin needle.

⚠ CAUTION:
Always make sure to turn the power switch OFF before using the built-in needle threader.

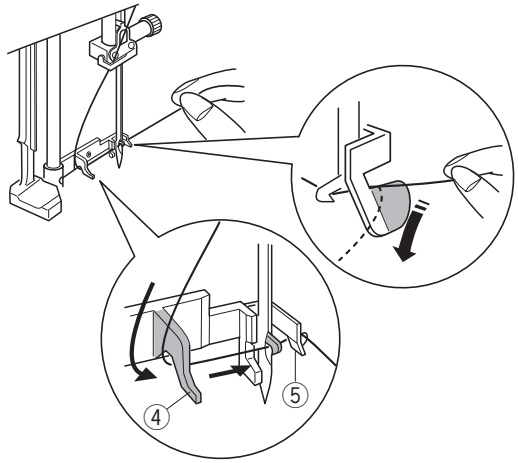
1





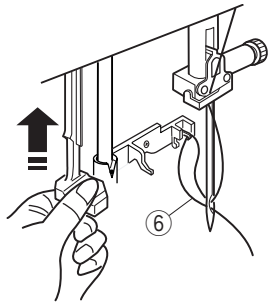
1 Turn the power switch ON.
Press the needle up/down button to raise the needle.
Turn the power switch OFF.
Pull down the needle threader knob as far as it will go.
The threader hook comes out through the needle eye from behind.
① Needle up/down button
② Threader knob
③ Threader hook

2



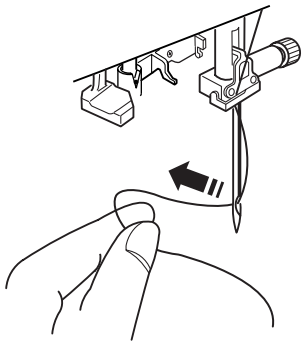
2 Draw the thread from left to right, under the left guide, threader hook and right guide.
Draw the thread around the right guide toward you.
④ Left guide
⑤ Right guide

3



3 Raise the threader slowly so a loop of the thread is pulled up through the needle eye.
⑥ Threader loop

4



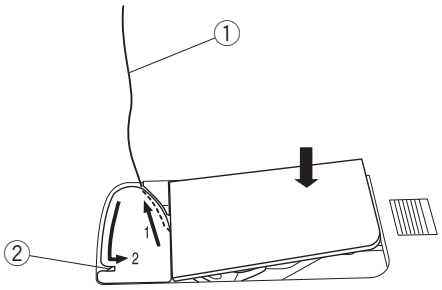
4 Remove the thread end through the needle eye to the rear.

NOTE:
The needle threader cannot be used with the twin needle.

Drawing up the Bobbin Thread

After using auto thread cutting or threading the bobbin holder, you can start sewing without drawing up the bobbin thread.
However, you need to draw up the bobbin thread when sewing gathering stitches etc.

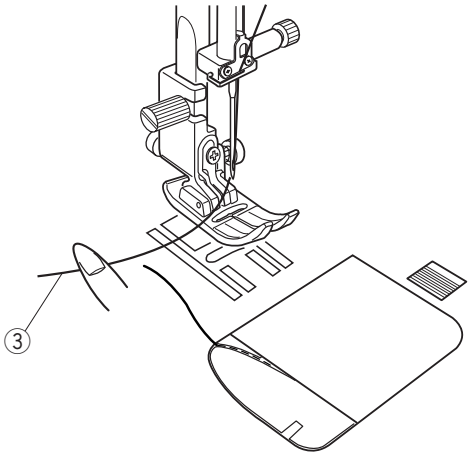
1



1 Remove the bobbin. Insert the bobbin into the bobbin holder again and rethread the bobbin holder according to the instructions on page 16, but leave a 10 cm (4″) tail of bobbin thread as shown.
① Bobbin thread

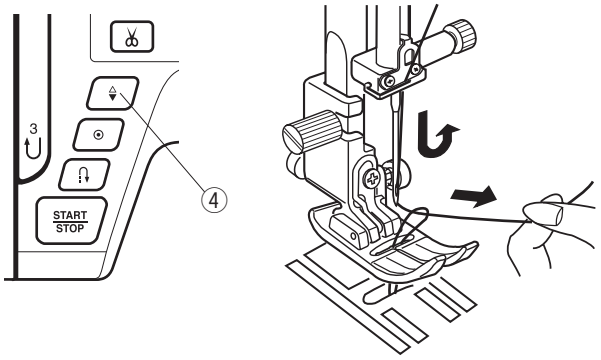
NOTE:
Do not cut the bobbin thread with the thread cutter.
② Thread cutter

2



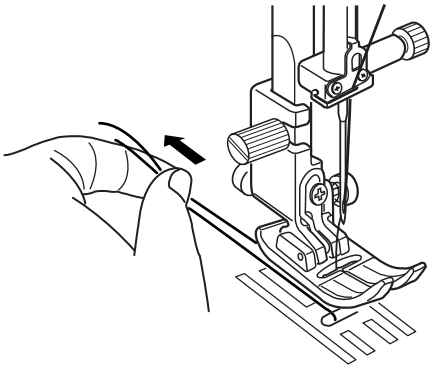
2 Raise the presser foot. Hold the needle thread lightly with your left hand.
③ Needle thread

3



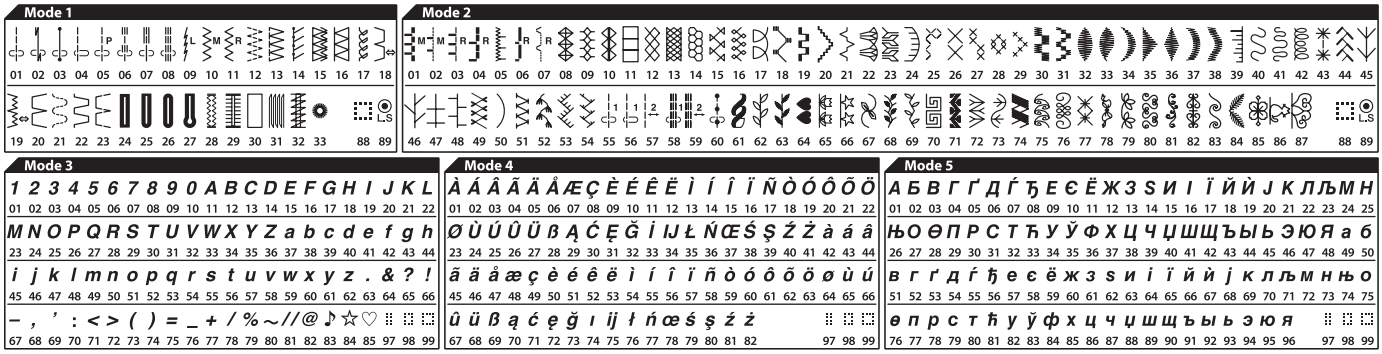
3 Press the needle up/down button twice to lower and raise the needle and pick up the bobbin thread.
④ Needle up/down button

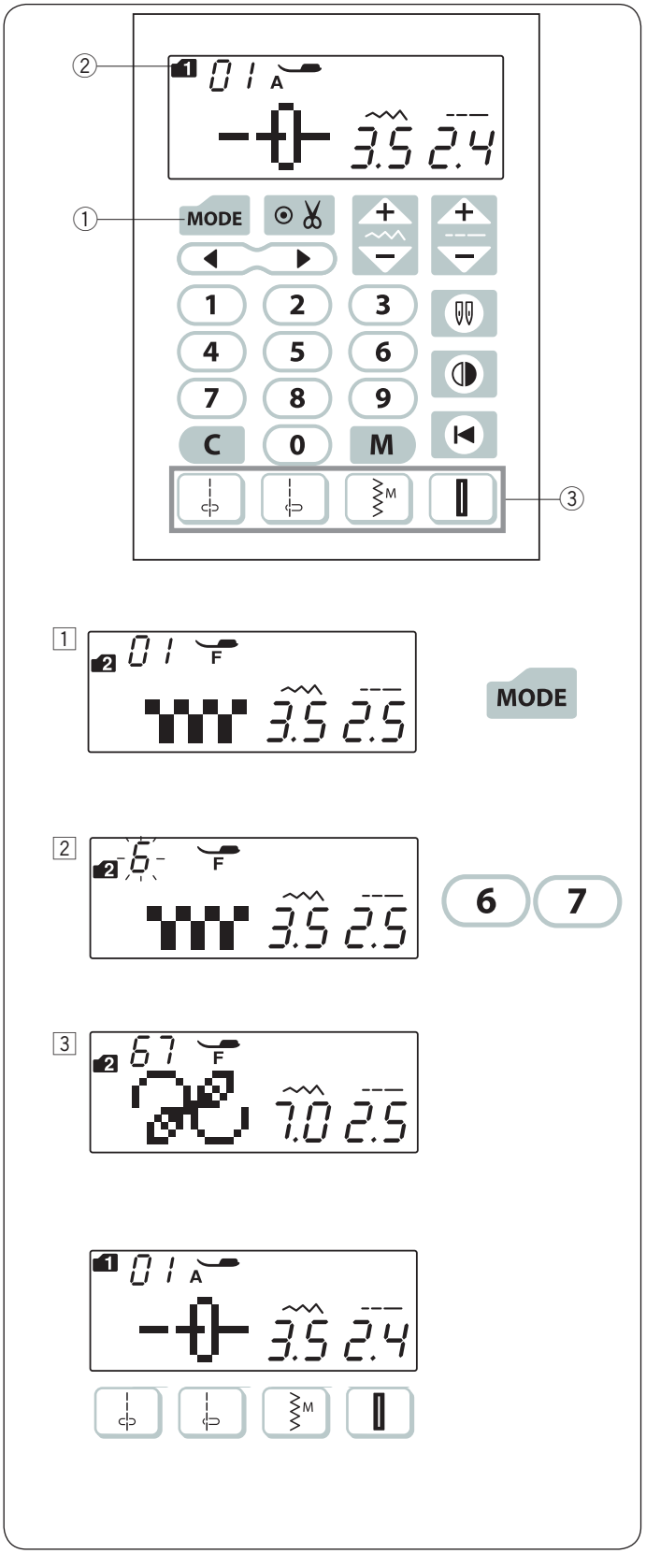
4



4 Pull both threads 10 cm (4″) under and behind the presser foot.

Selecting the Patterns





Mode 1–5

To select stitch patterns in modes 1–5, first press the mode key ① to select your desired mode. Each time you press the mode key, the mode number ② indicated on the left side of the screen will change, and the mode changes as follows,

Mode 1: Utility stitch pattern selection
Mode 2: Decorative stitch pattern selection
Mode 3: Number and letter selection
Mode 4: European accented letter selection
Mode 5: Cyrillic letter selection

Example: To select stitch pattern 67 in mode 2

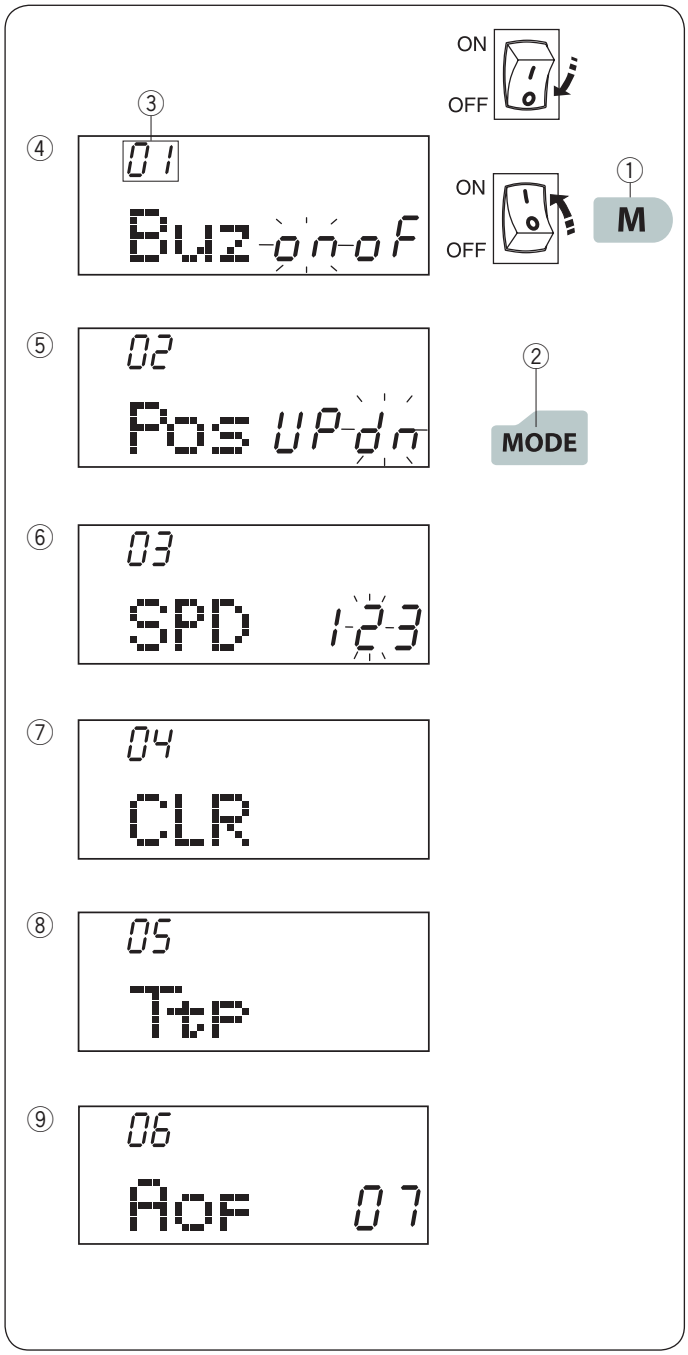
1 Turn the power switch on.
When the power switch is turned on, the utility and decorative stitch pattern selection (mode 1) is set automatically.
Press the mode key once to select mode 2.

2 Press the number keys on the touch panel. First press key 6 and then press key 7.

3 Now pattern 67 in mode 2 is selected.

Direct pattern selection

You can select the stitch patterns 01, 04, 10 and 24 directly by pressing the corresponding direct pattern selection keys ③.

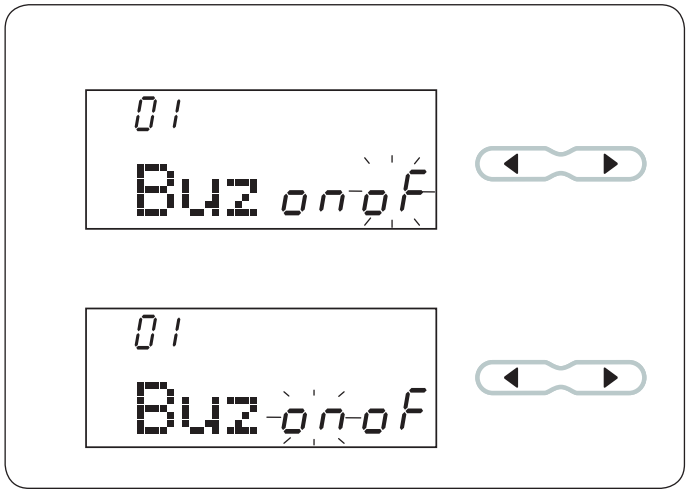


Customizing Machine Settings

You can customize the machine settings to your preference.
To enter the setting mode, turn the power off.
Press and hold the memory key ① and turn the power switch on until the setting mode screen appears.
Press the mode key ② to select the desired setting.
Each time you press the mode key, the mode number ③ changes, and you can set the machine functions as follows:

④ Buzzer sound setting
⑤ Needle stop position setting
⑥ Start up speed setting
⑦ Resetting all to default
⑧ Key position calibration
⑨ Auto-off timer

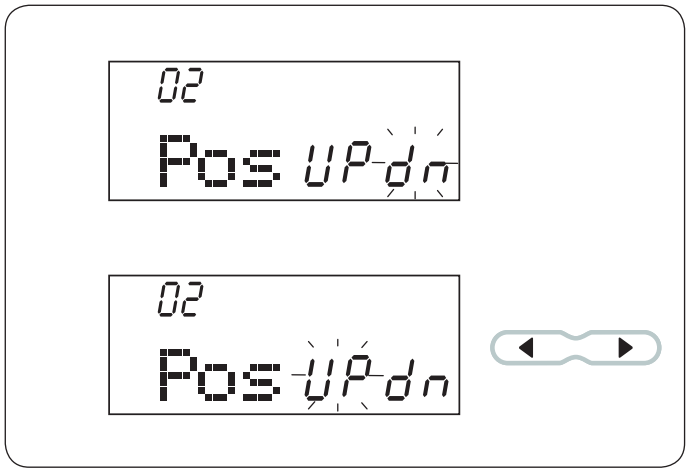
To exit the setting mode, press the memory key.



Buzzer sound setting

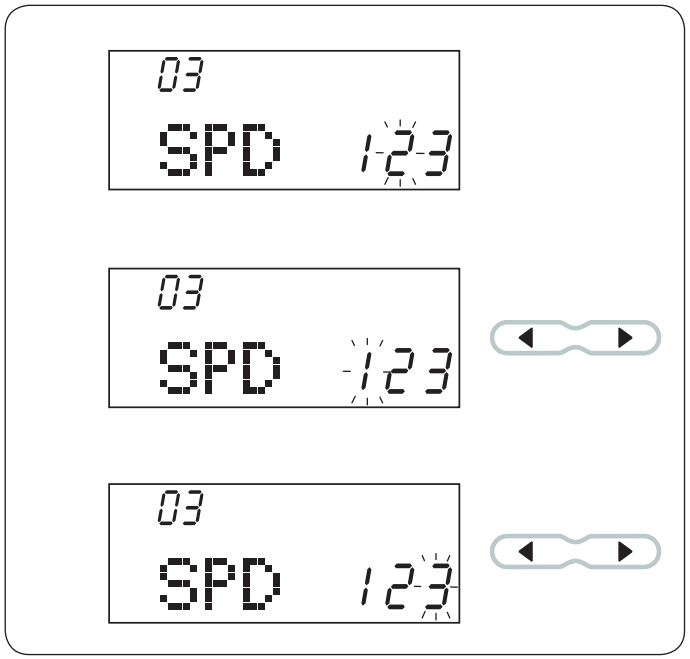
The buzzer sound can be turned on or off. The default buzzer sound setting is “ON”.
Enter the machine setting mode.
To turn off the buzzer sound, press the cursor key “ ▶ ” and the “oF” mark will blink.
To turn on the buzzer sound, press the cursor key “ ◀ ” and the “on” mark will blink.
Press the memory key to apply the setting.

NOTE:
Caution buzzer sound cannot be turned off.



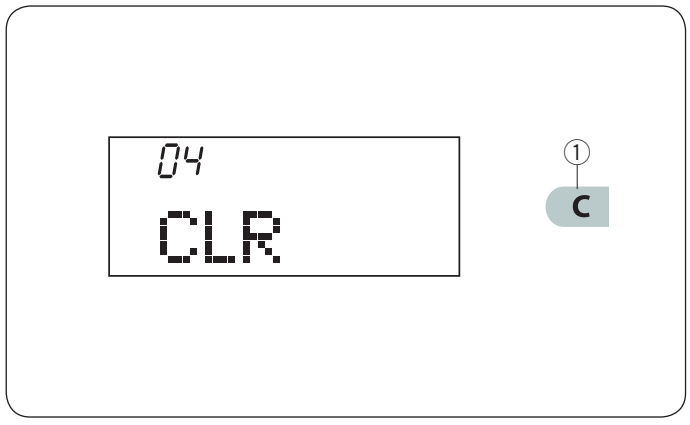
Needle stop position setting
The machine always stops with the needle in the down position except when sewing buttonholes, specialty stitches such as darning or eyelet, monograms, etc. However you can select the needle stop position up or down.

Enter the machine setting mode. Press the mode key to enter the needle stop position setting.
The default needle stop position setting is down position “dn”.
To change the needle stop position, press the cursor key “ ◀ ” and the “UP” mark will blink.
Press the memory key to apply the setting.



Start-up speed setting
The machine will start running slowly and the sewing speed will gradually increase to maximum when pressing the start/stop button.
You can select the desired start-up speed from 1 (slow), 2 (medium) or 3 (high).

Enter the machine setting mode. Press the mode key twice to enter the start-up speed setting.
The default start-up speed setting is “2” (medium). To change the start-up speed, press the cursor key “ ▶ ” or “ ◀ ”, and the selected speed number will blink.
Press the memory key to apply the setting.



Resetting all to default
The following customized settings can be reset to the default settings (factory settings).
- Buzzer sound
- Needle stop position
- Start up speed setting
- Auto-off timer

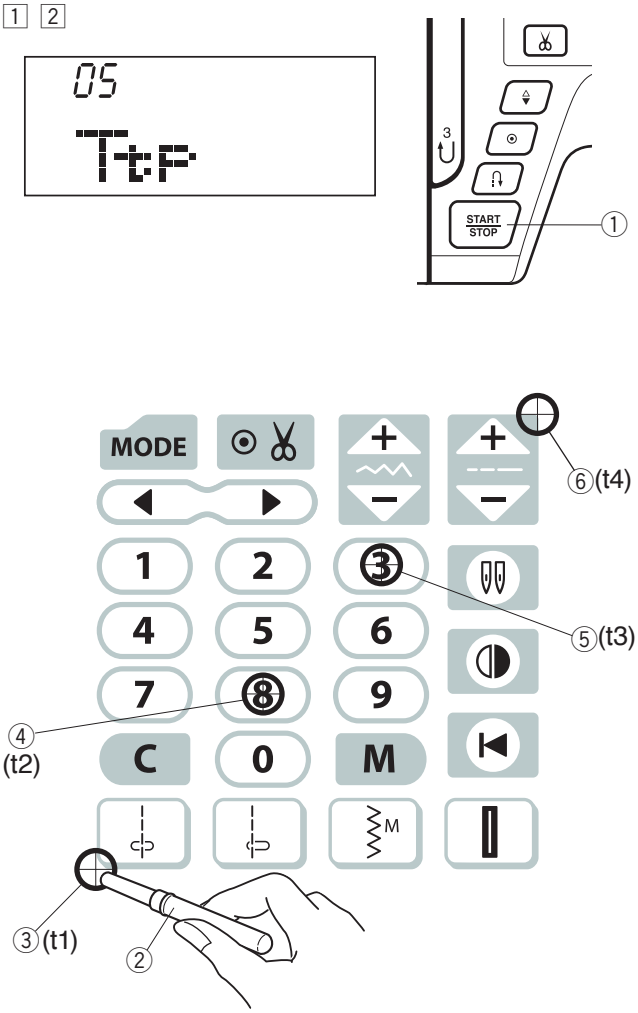
Enter the machine setting mode. Press the mode key 3 times to enter the Resetting all to default mode.
Press and hold the clear key ① until the machine beeps to reset the machine to the factory default setting.
Press the memory key to apply the setting.

Key position calibration

If the function keys seem out of alignment, calibrate the key position as follows.

1 Enter the machine setting mode. Press the mode key 4 times to enter the key position calibration.

2 Press the start/stop button ①.



3 The key position adjustment screen appears and "t1" is shown on the right side of the screen. With the buttonhole opener ②, press ③ on the touch panel of your machine.



4 "t2" will be shown on the LCD screen. Press ④ on the touch panel.



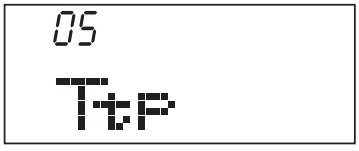
5 "t3" will be shown on the LCD screen. Press ⑤ on the touch panel.



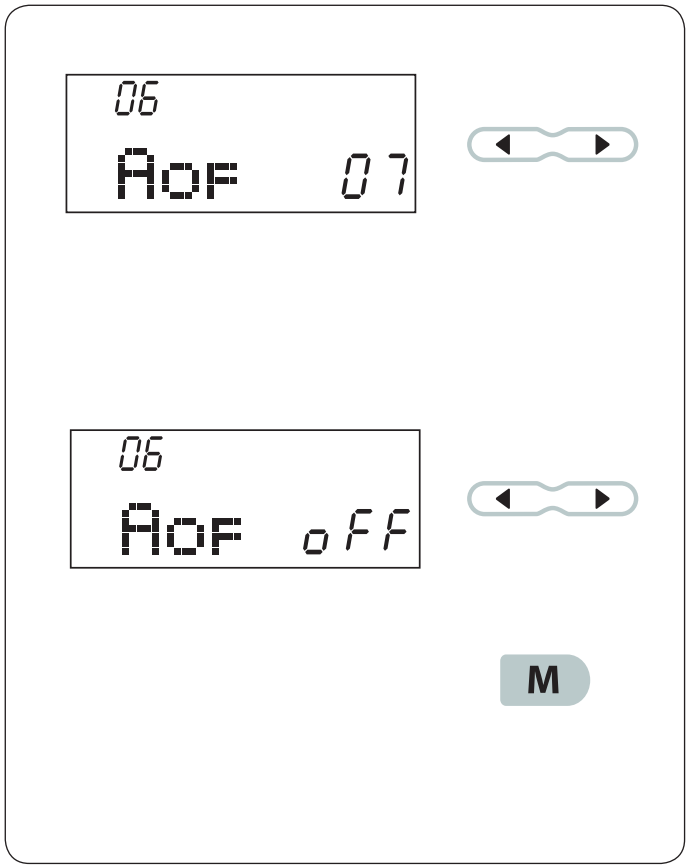
6 "t4" will be shown on the LCD screen. Press ⑥ on the touch panel.



7 The screen will be back to the key position adjustment screen.
Press the memory key to apply the setting.







Auto-off timer

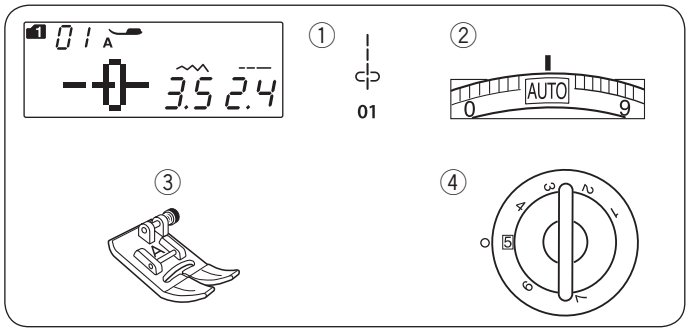
NOTE:
The auto-off timer is available in EU countries and some regions which use 200 - 240 voltage standards.

The machine will be turned off if you do not use the machine within the time period set by this timer.

1. Enter the machine setting mode. Press the mode key 5 times to enter the auto-off timer setting.
   The default auto-off timer setting is 7 hours and “07” sign appears on the screen.

2. Press the cursor key “◀” or “▶” to increase or decrease the setting value.
   The auto-off timer can be set from 1 to 12 hours.
   If you wish to turn off the timer, press and hold the cursor key “◀” or “▶” until “oFF” sign appears on the screen.

3. Press the memory key to exit the machine setting mode.

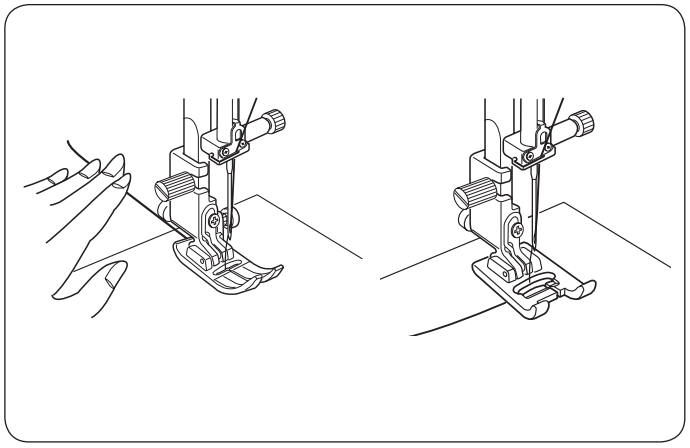


BASIC SEWING

Straight Stitch

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 01
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



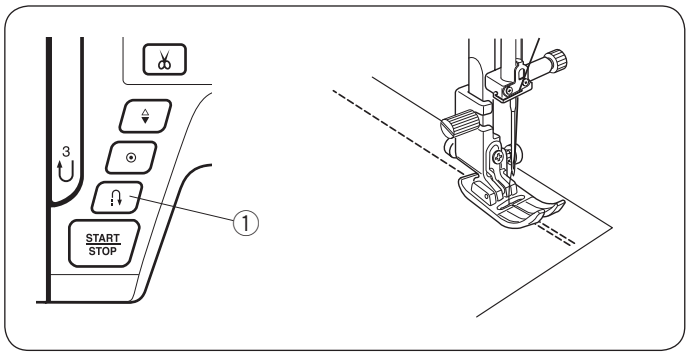
Starting to sew

Raise the presser foot and position the fabric edge next to a seam guide on the needle plate. Lower the needle at the point where you wish to start.

Pull the needle thread toward the rear.
Lower the presser foot.

NOTE:
Pull the needle thread to the left when using satin stitch foot F or automatic buttonhole foot R.

Depress the foot control or press the start/stop button to start sewing.
Gently guide the fabric along the seam guide letting the fabric feed naturally.

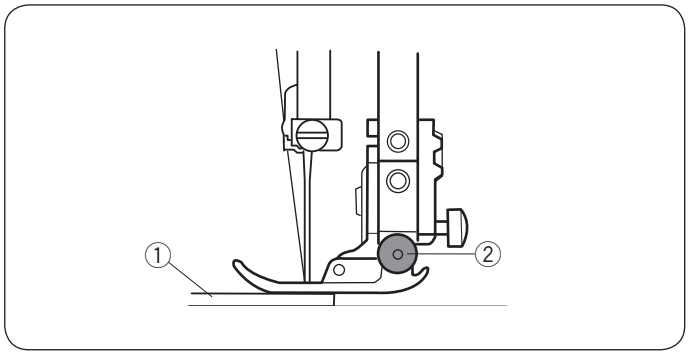


Securing Seams

For fastening the ends of seams, press the reverse button and sew several reverse stitches.
The machine sews in reverse as long as you press and hold the reverse button.

① Reverse button

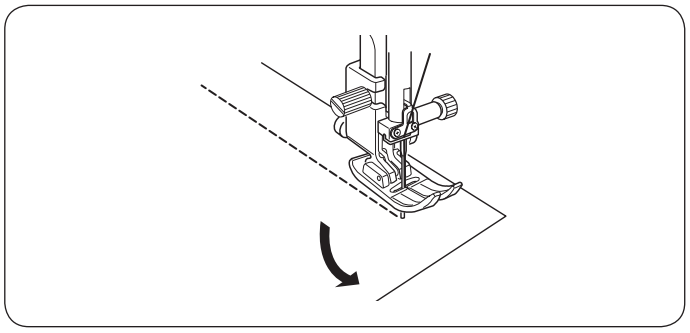
Press the reverse button once when sewing the lock-a-matic stitch (pattern 02) or locking stitch (pattern 03) and the machine will lock the stitches off and stop automatically.



Sewing from the Edge of Thick Fabric

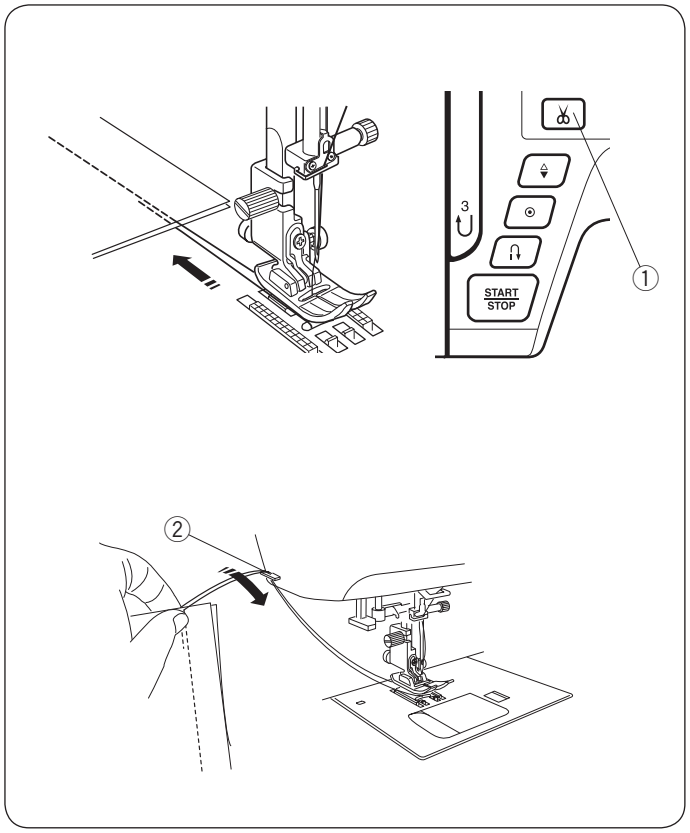
The black button on the zigzag foot locks the foot in the horizontal position.
This is helpful when you start sewing from extreme edge of thick fabrics or sewing across a hem.
Lower the needle into the fabric at the point where you wish to start sewing.
Lower the foot while pushing the black button in. The foot is locked in the horizontal position to avoid slipping.

① Thick fabrics
② Black button



Changing Sewing Direction

Stop the machine.
Raise the presser foot.
Pivot the fabric around the needle to change the sewing direction as desired.
Lower the presser foot and start sewing in a new direction.



Cutting Threads

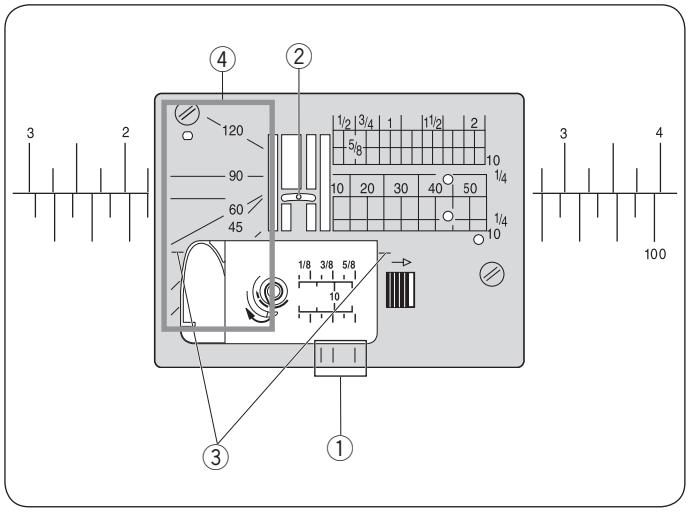
To cut the threads after finishing sewing, press the thread cutter button. The needle bar will automatically go up after trimming the threads.

① Thread cutter button

NOTE:
The thread cutter button does not function when the presser foot is up.
Use the thread cutter on the face cover to cut specialized or thick threads if the auto thread cutter does not work well.

To use the thread cutter on the face cover, remove the fabric and draw it to the back.
Pull the threads up and slip them between the thread cutter and face cover from behind.
Pull the threads toward you to cut.

② Thread cutter



Needle Plate Guides

The seam guides are marked on the needle plate, free arm and hook cover.
The seam guides for 1/4″, 3/8″ and 5/8″ are also marked on the front of the needle plate.

① Seam guides on the front of the needle plate

The numbers on the needle plate indicate the distance from the center needle position in millimeters and inches.

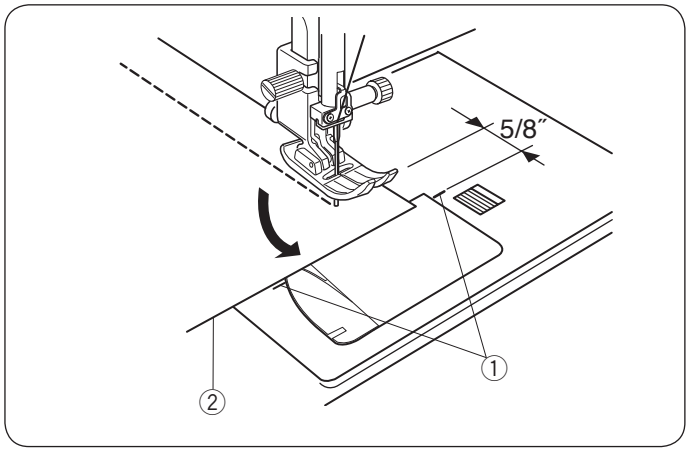
② Center needle position

The cornering guides are very useful when turning a square corner.

③ Cornering guide

The angle scales on the needle plate are useful for patchwork piecing (refer to page 57).

④ Angle scales



Cornering Guide

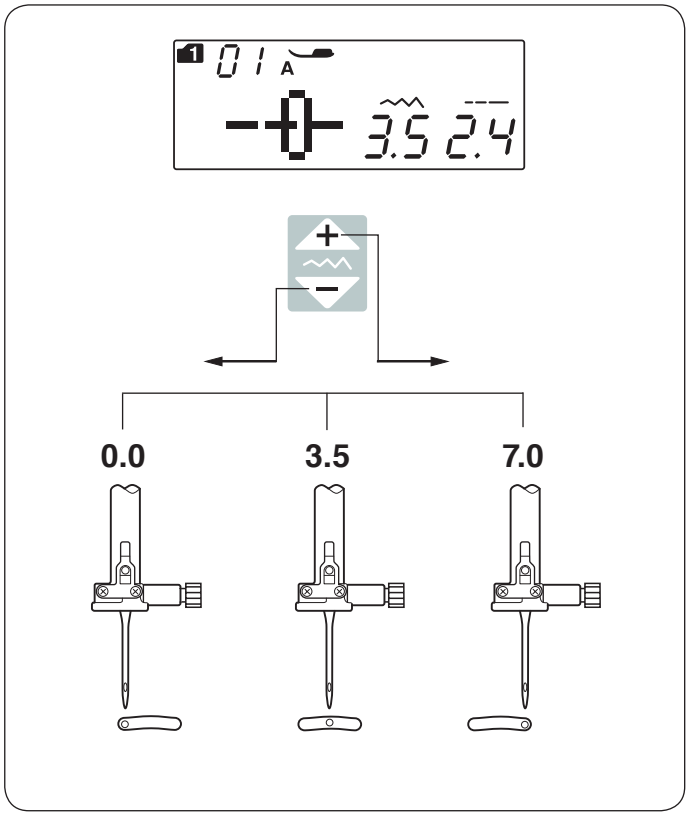
To maintain a 5/8″ seam allowance after turning a square corner, use the cornering guide on the needle plate.

Stop sewing when the front edge of fabric reaches the cornering guide lines.

Raise the presser foot and turn the fabric 90 degrees.

Lower the presser foot, and begin stitching in the new direction.

① Cornering guide
② Fabric edge

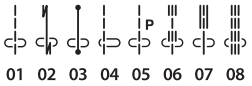


Adjusting the Needle Drop Position

The needle drop position of the straight stitches can be altered by pressing the stitch width adjusting key.

The needle drop position can be adjusted for following straight stitch patterns:

Mode 1:

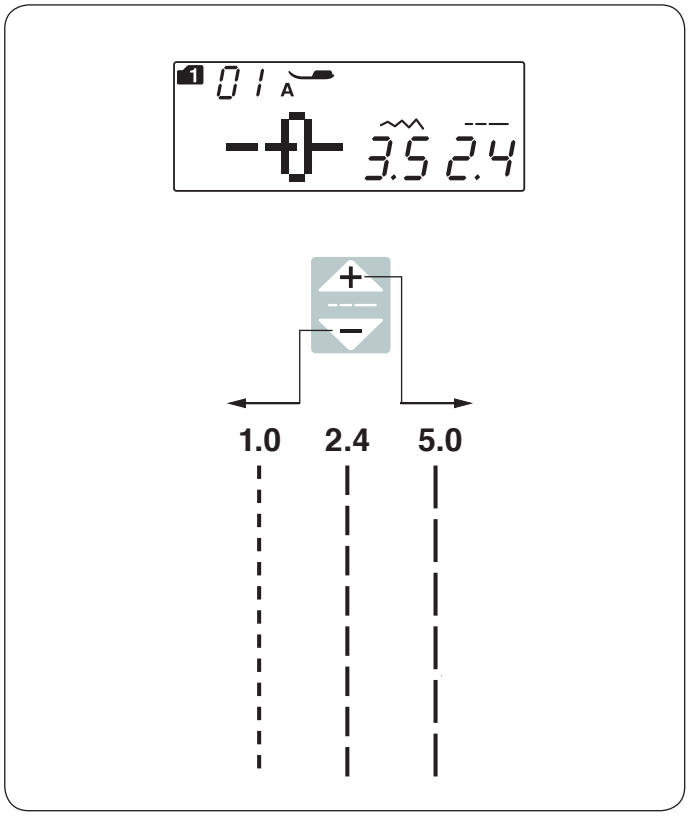


Mode 2:



Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to move the needle bar to the right.

Press the "−" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to move the needle bar to the left.

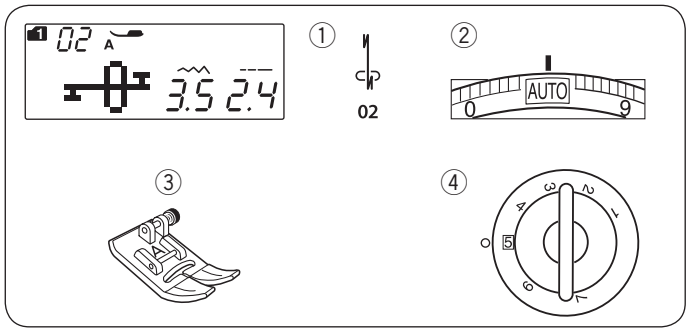


Adjusting the Stitch Length

The stitch length can be altered by pressing the stitch length adjusting key.
The stitch length indication will change as the key is pressed.

Press the "+" sign on the key to increase the stitch length.

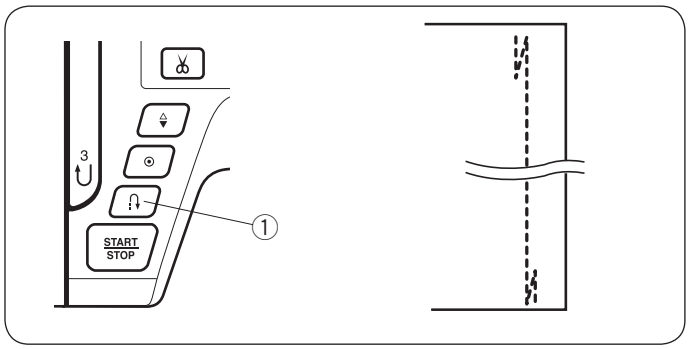
Press the "−" sign on the key to decrease the stitch length.



Lock-a-Matic Stitch

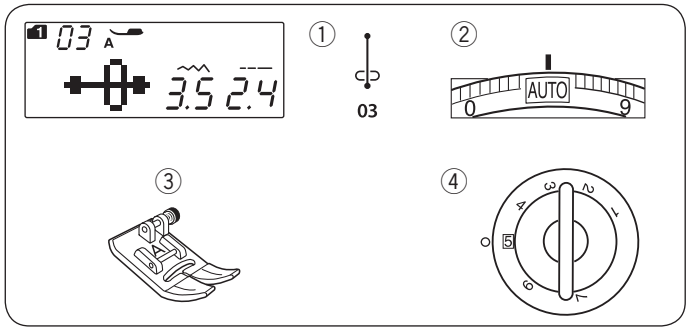
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 02
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



Use this stitch to secure the beginning and the end of a seam with backstitching. When you reach the end of the seam, press the reverse button ① once. The machine will sew four reverse stitches, four forward stitches, and then stop sewing automatically.

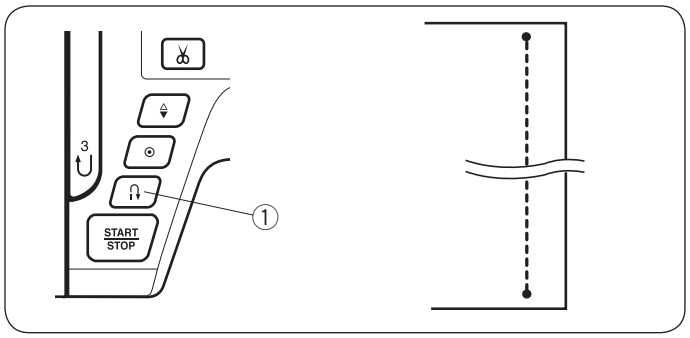
① Reverse button



Locking Stitch

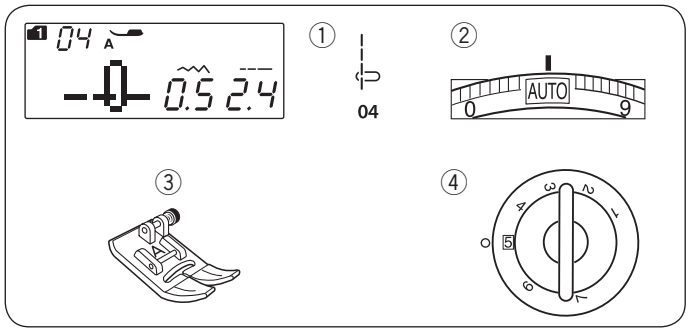
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 03
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



This unique stitch is used where an invisible locking stitch is needed. Lower the needle close to the front edge of the fabric.
The machine will sew several locking stitches in place and continue sewing forward. When you press the reverse button ① at the end of the seam, the machine will sew several locking stitches in place, then stop sewing automatically.

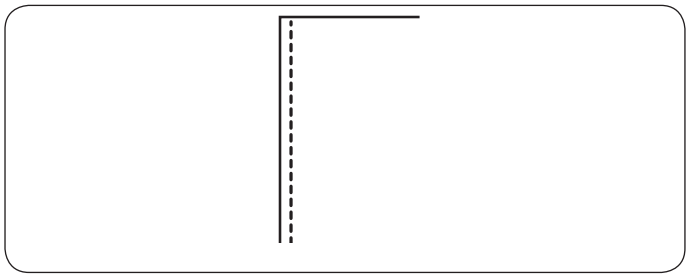
① Reverse button



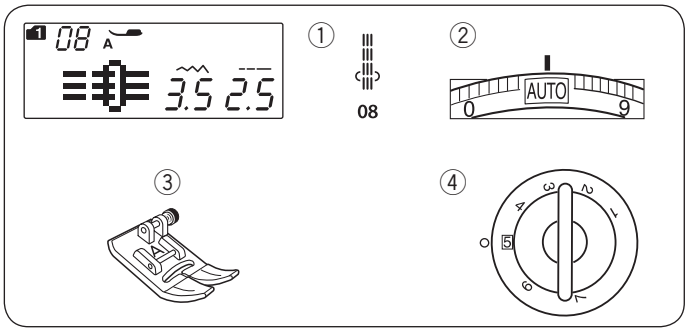
Straight Stitch with Left Needle Position

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 04
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



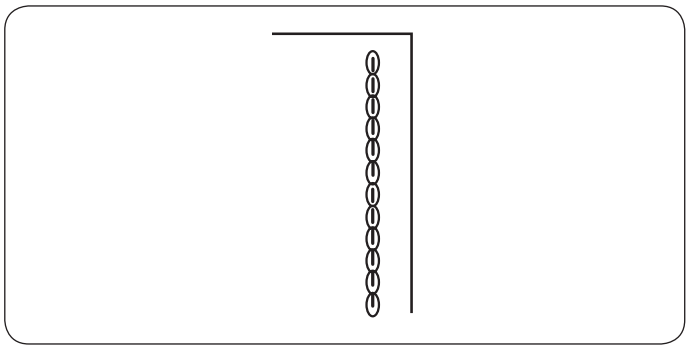
Use this stitch to seam the edge of fabrics.



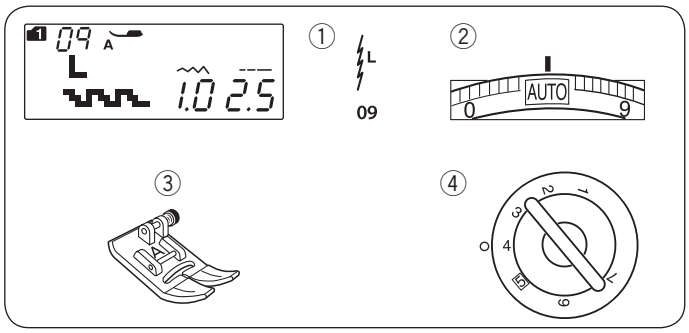
Triple Stretch Stitch

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 08
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



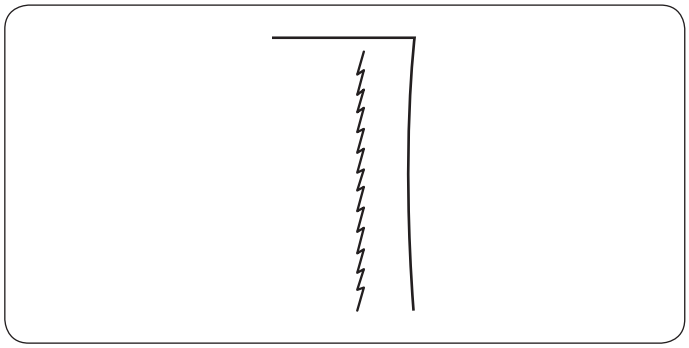
This strong, durable stitch is recommended for areas where both elasticity and strength are needed to ensure comfort and durability. Use it to reinforce areas such as crotch and armhole seams. Also use it when constructing items such as backpacks for extra strength.



Knit Stitch

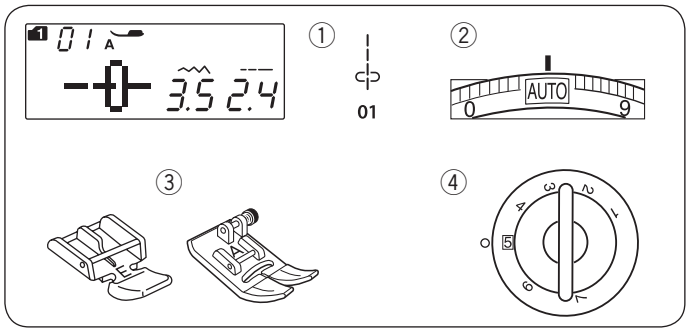
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 09
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 4



This is a narrow stretch stitch in the left needle position designed to eliminate puckering on knit fabrics and bias seams, while permitting the seam to be pressed completely open flat.

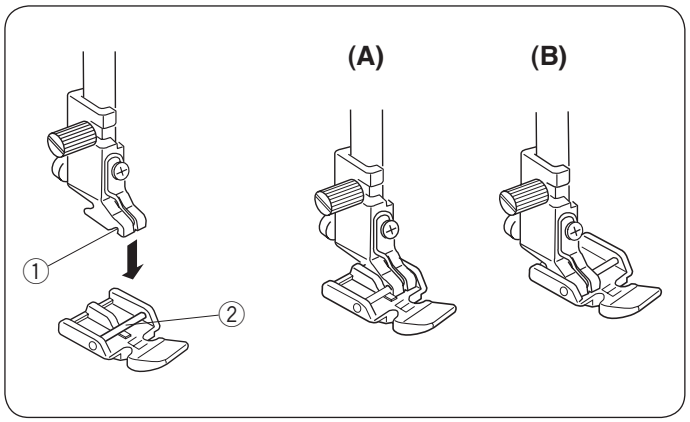
Use this stitch when seaming thin fabrics such as tricot and fine jersey.



Zipper Sewing

Machine settings

①	Pattern:	MODE 1: 01
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	Zipper foot E Zigzag foot A
④	Foot pressure:	5



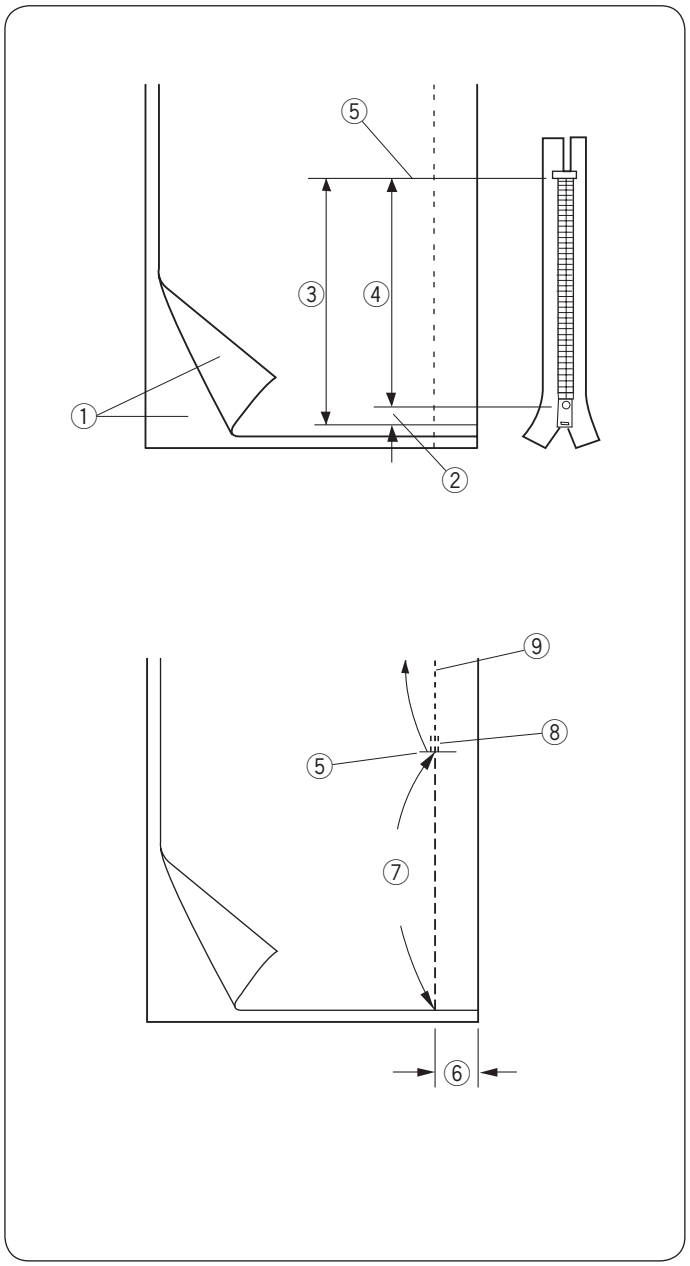
Attaching the zipper foot

Fit the pin on zipper foot E to the groove on the foot holder.

① Groove
② Pin

(A): To sew the left side of the zipper, attach the zipper foot with the pin on the right-hand side.

(B): To sew the right side of the zipper, attach the zipper foot with the pin on the left-hand side.



Fabric preparation

Add 1 cm (3/8″) to the zipper size. This is the overall opening size.

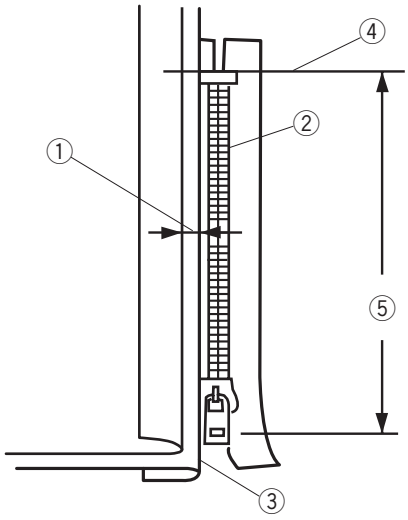
① Right sides of the fabric
② 1 cm (3/8″)
③ Opening size
④ Zipper size
⑤ End of the zipper opening

Place the right sides of the fabric together and sew to the end of the opening with a 2 cm (5/8″) seam allowance. Reverse stitch to lock the seams.
Manually increase the stitch length to 5.0 and baste the zipper opening with the thread tension loosened to 1-3.

⑤ End of the zipper opening
⑥ 2 cm (5/8″) seam allowance
⑦ Basting
⑧ Reverse stitches
⑨ Seam stitches

Sewing

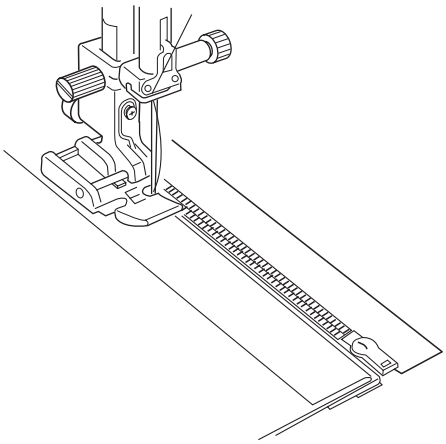
1



1 Fold back the left seam allowance. Turn the right seam allowance under to form a 0.2 to 0.3 cm (1/8″) margin. Place the zipper teeth next to the fold and pin in place.
Set the stitch length and thread tension back to the original setting.

① 0.2 to 0.3 cm (1/8″) margin
② Zipper teeth
③ Fold
④ End of the zipper opening
⑤ Opening size

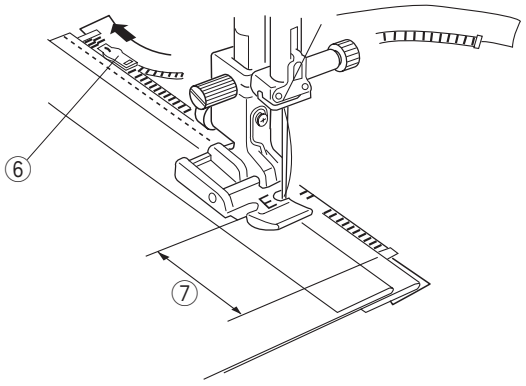
2



2 Attach the zipper foot E with the pin on the right hand side.
Lower the foot onto the topside at the end of the zipper opening so that the needle pierces the fabric next to the fold and the zipper tape.
Sew along the zipper guiding the zipper teeth along the side edge of the foot.

⚠ CAUTION:
Be sure that the needle does not strike the presser foot or zipper teeth when the zipper foot is attached.

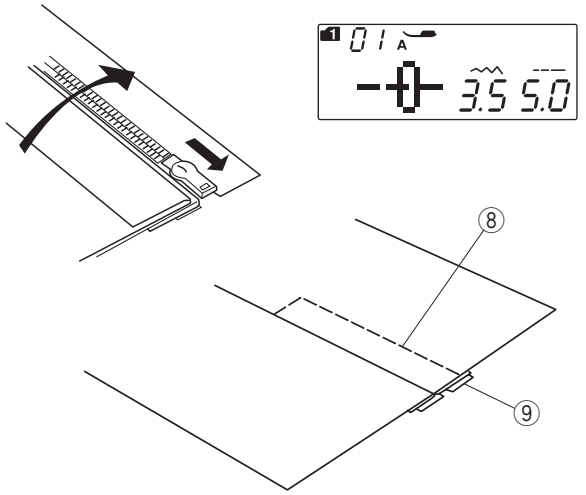
3



3 Sew through all layers next to the fold.
Stop 5 cm (2″) before zipper foot E reaches the slider on the zipper tape.
Lower the needle slightly into the fabric.
Raise the foot and open the zipper to clear the slider.
Lower the foot and stitch the remainder of the seam.

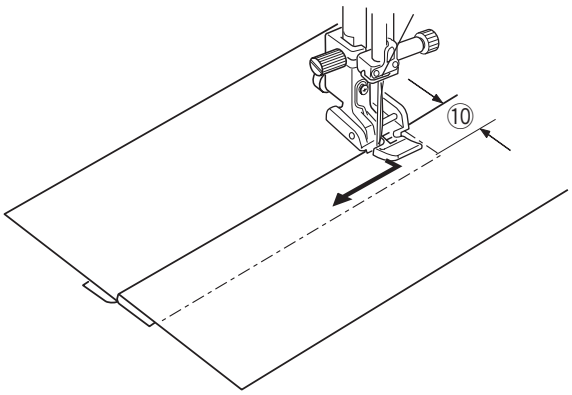
⑥ Slider
⑦ 5 cm (2″)

4



4 Close the zipper and spread the fabric open flat with the right side facing up.
Attach the Zigzag foot A.
Adjust the stitch length to 5.0, stitch width to 3.5 (default value) and the thread tension dial to 1.
Baste the opened fabric and zipper tape together.
⑧ Basting
⑨ Zipper tape

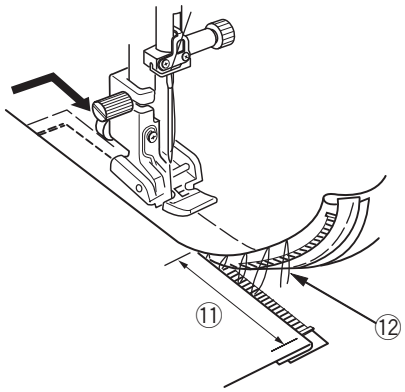
5



5 Attach the zipper foot E with the left pin.
Adjust the stitch length and the stitch width to default value, and thread tension dial to “AUTO”.
Backstitch across the end of the opening 0.7-1 cm (3/8″) and turn the fabric 90 degrees.
⑩ 0.7-1 cm (3/8″)

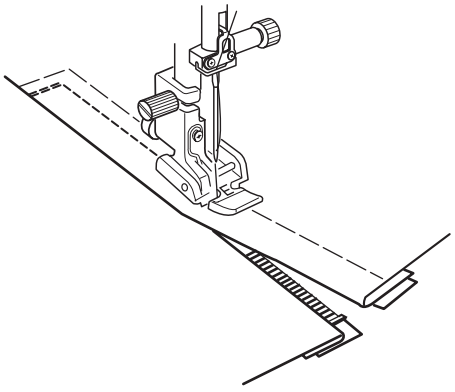
⚠ CAUTION:
Be sure that the needle does not strike the presser foot or zipper teeth when the zipper foot is attached.

6

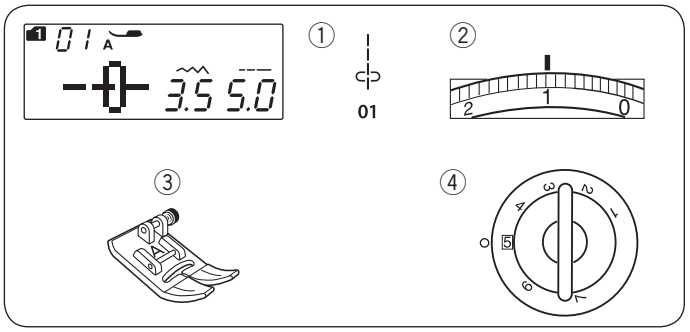


6 Stitch through the garment and zipper tape, guiding the zipper teeth along the side edge of the foot.
Stop about 5 cm (2″) from the top of the zipper.
Unfasten the basting stitches.
Lower the needle into the fabric, raise the foot, and open the zipper.
⑪ 5 cm (2″)
⑫ Basting stitches

7



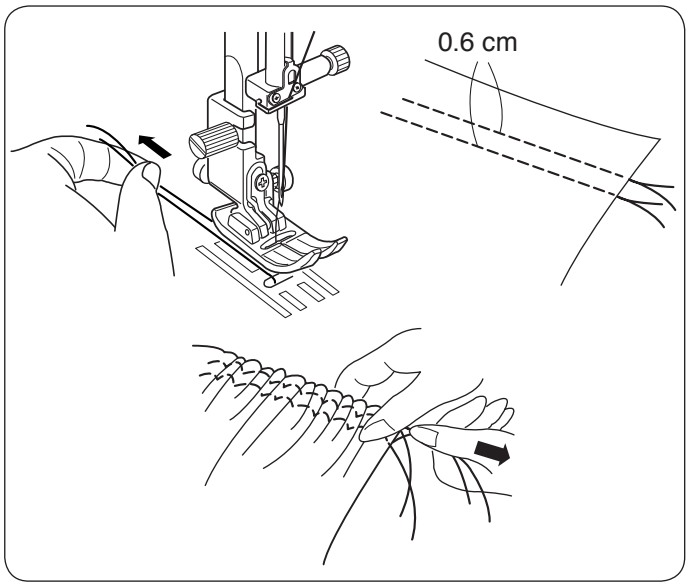
7 Lower the foot and stitch the remainder of the seam, making sure the fold is even.
Remove the basting threads after seaming.



Gathering

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 01
② Thread tension: 1
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5

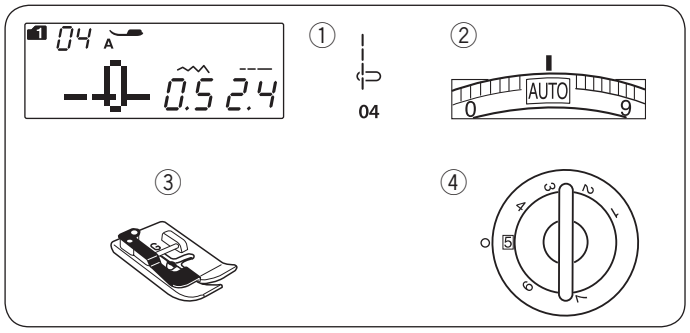


Loosen the thread tension to “1” and increase the stitch length to 5.0.

NOTE:
Pull up the bobbin thread and draw a 10 cm (4″) thread tail to the back before starting to sew.
Use the thread cutter on the face cover.

Sew two rows of straight stitches 0.6 cm (1/4″) apart.
Knot the threads at the beginning.
Pull the bobbin threads at the end to gather the fabric.

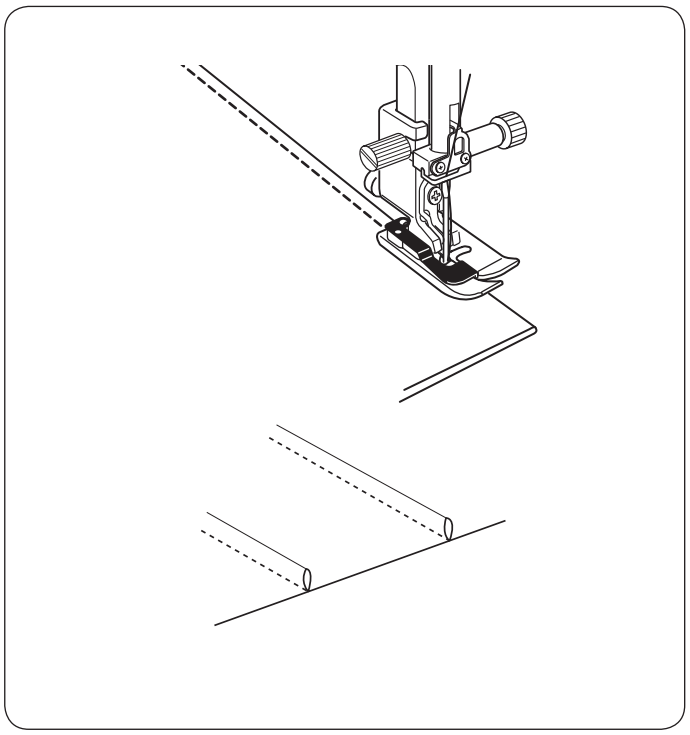
Knot the threads at the end and distribute the gathers evenly.



Pintucking

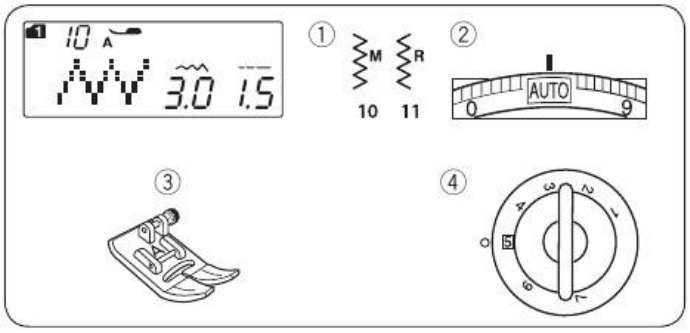
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 04
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Blind hem foot G
④ Foot pressure: 5



Fold the fabric with the wrong sides together.
Place the folded fabric under the blind hem foot.
Align the edge of the fold with the guide on the foot, and lower the foot.
Sew while guiding the edge of the fold along the guide.

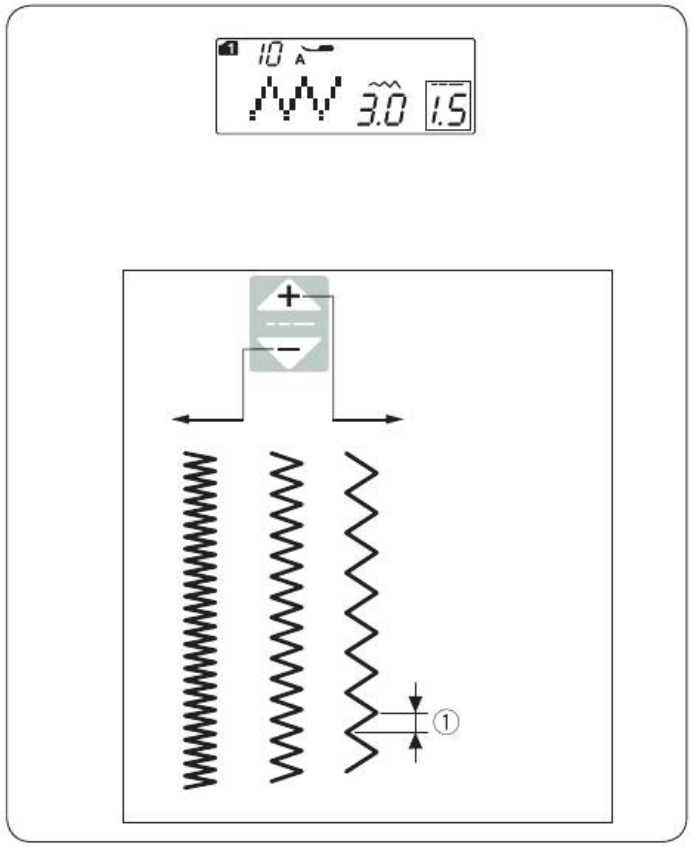
Open the fabric and press the tuck to one side.



Zigzag Stitch

Machine settings

①	Pattern:	MODE 1: 10, 11
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	Zigzag foot A
④	Foot pressure:	5



Zigzag stitch is used for various sewing needs including overcasting. It can be used on most woven fabrics.
A dense zigzag stitch can also be used for applique.

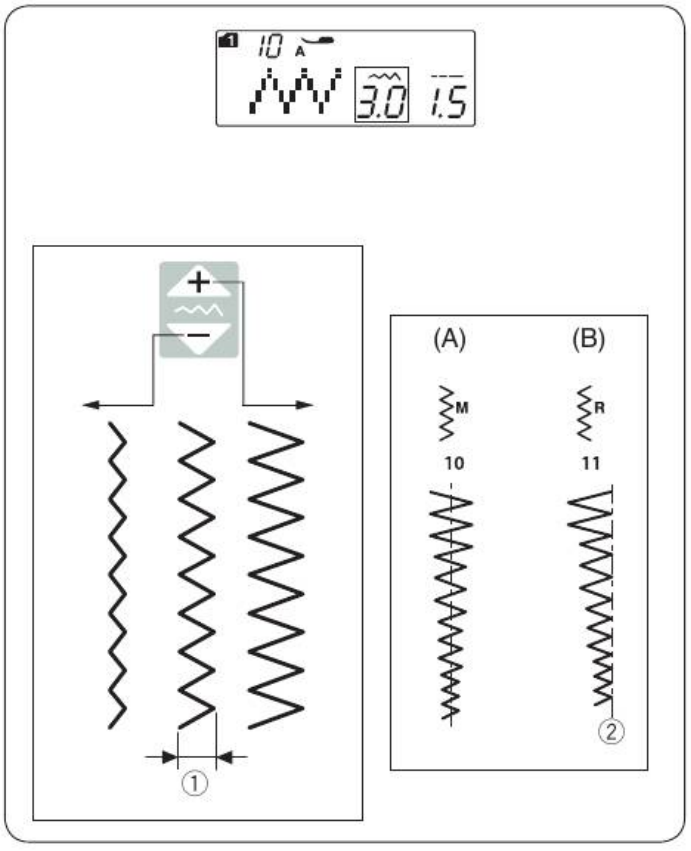
Adjusting the stitch length

The stitch length of the zigzag stitches can be altered by pressing the stitch length adjusting key.

Press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to increase the stitch length.

Press the "−" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to decrease the stitch length.

① Stitch length



Adjusting the stitch width

The stitch width of the zigzag stitches can be altered by pressing the stitch width adjusting key.

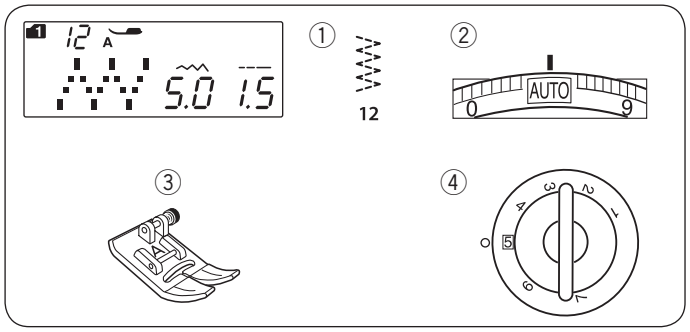
Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to increase the stitch width.
Press the "−" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to decrease the stitch width.

① Stitch width

(A): The pattern number 10 (mode 1) has a fixed center needle drop position. The stitch width changes symmetrically.

(B): The pattern number 11 (mode 1) has a fixed right needle drop position. When you change the stitch width, the left needle drop position will change.

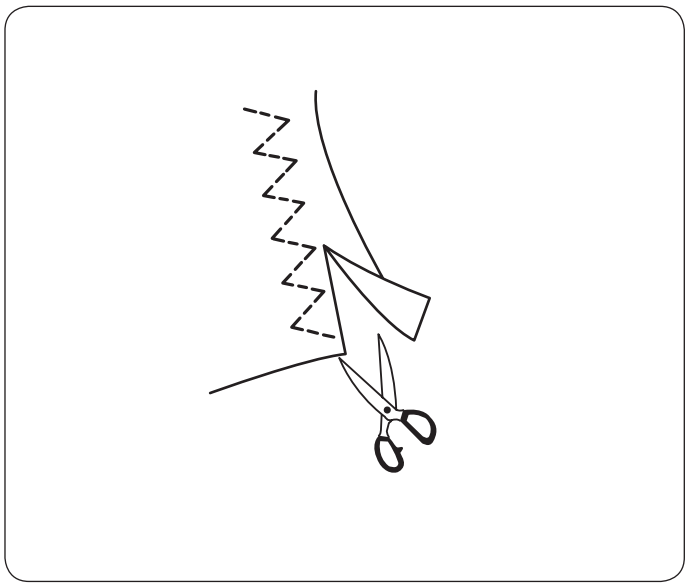
② Fixed right needle position



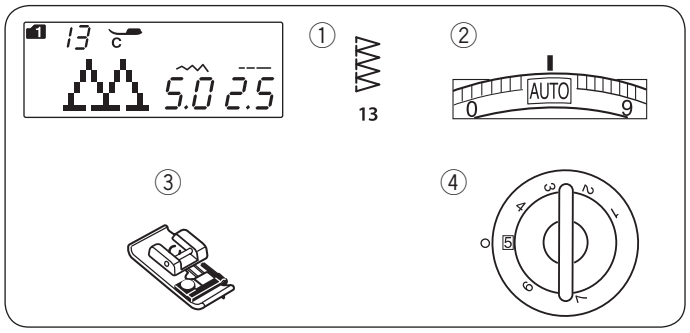
Multiple Zigzag Stitch (Tricot stitch)

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 12
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



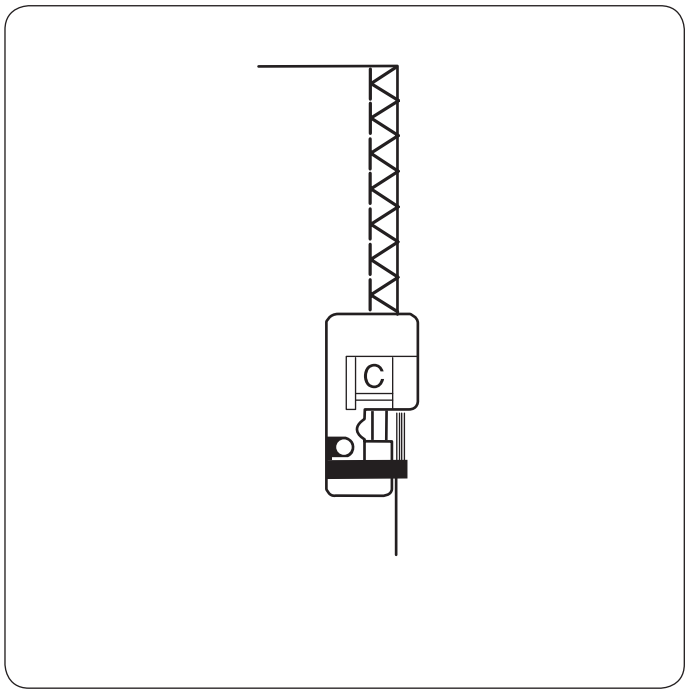
This stitch is used to finish a raw edge of synthetics and other stretch fabrics that tend to pucker.
Sew along the fabric edge leaving an adequate seam allowance.
After sewing, trim the seam allowance close to the stitches.



Overedge Stitch

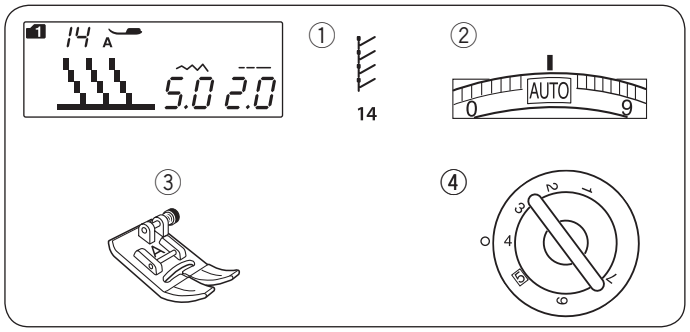
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 13
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Overedge foot C
④ Foot pressure: 5



This stitch can be used to simultaneously seam and overcast edges of fabrics.
Use this stitch when you do not need to open seams flat.
Place the fabric edge next to the guide of the foot and then sew.

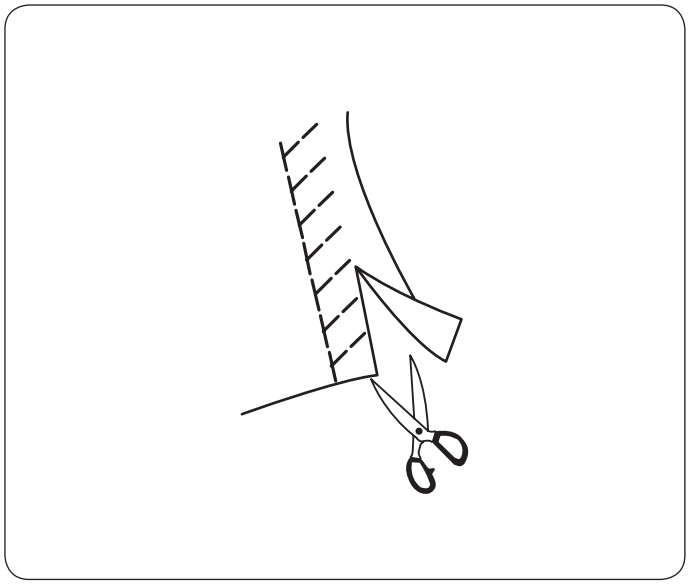
⚠CAUTION:
Stitch width should be set between 5.0 and 7.0.
The blue tipped needle is recommended for stretch materials.



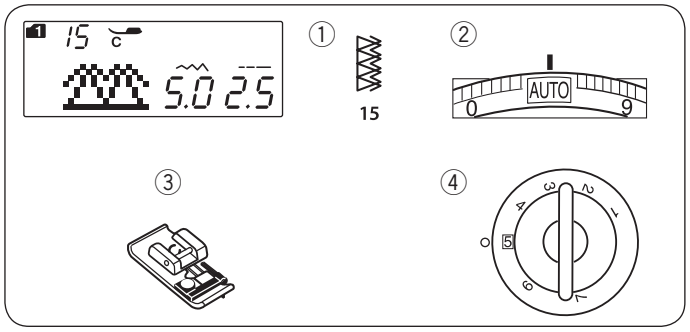
Knit Stitch

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 14
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 4



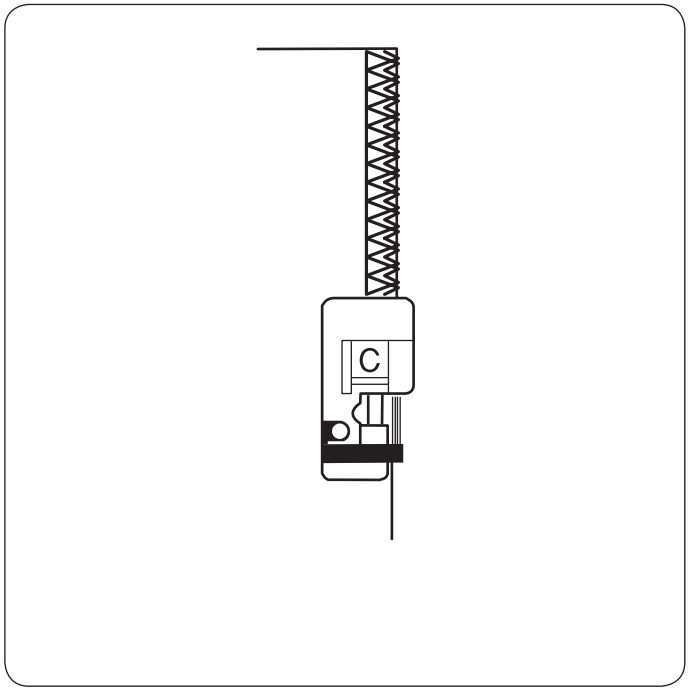
Place your fabric to allow a 5/8″ (1.5 cm) seam. Trim excess close to the stitching. Be careful not to cut the stitches.



Double Overedge Stitch

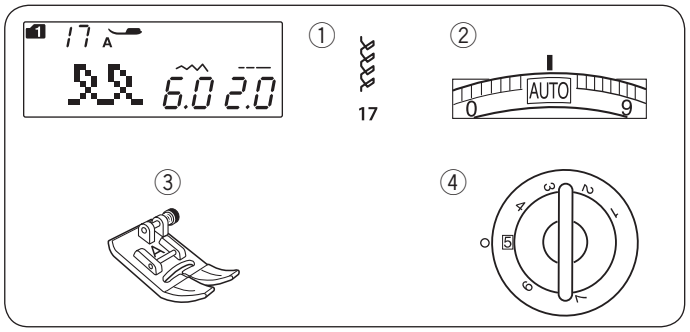
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 15
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Overedge foot C
④ Foot pressure: 5



This is an excellent stitch for fabrics that tend to fray extensively such as linens and gabardines.
Two rows of zigzag stitches are simultaneously sewn over the edge to insure that fabric will not ravel.

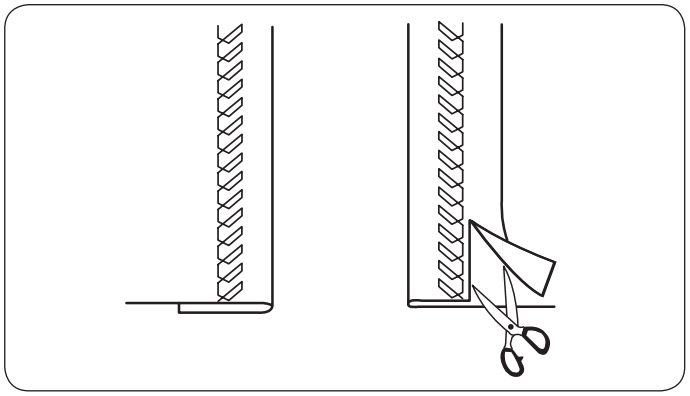
⚠ CAUTION:
Stitch width should be set between 5.0 and 7.0.
The blue tipped needle is recommended for stretch materials.



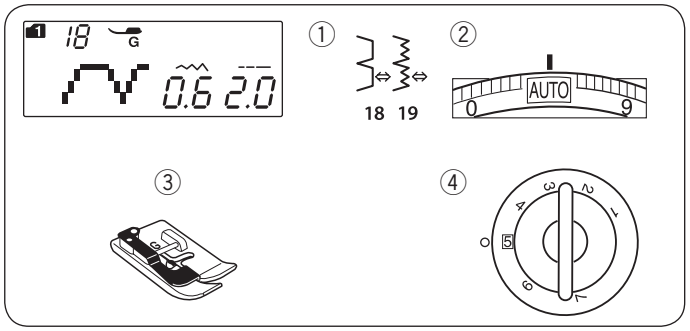
Visible hemming

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 17
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5



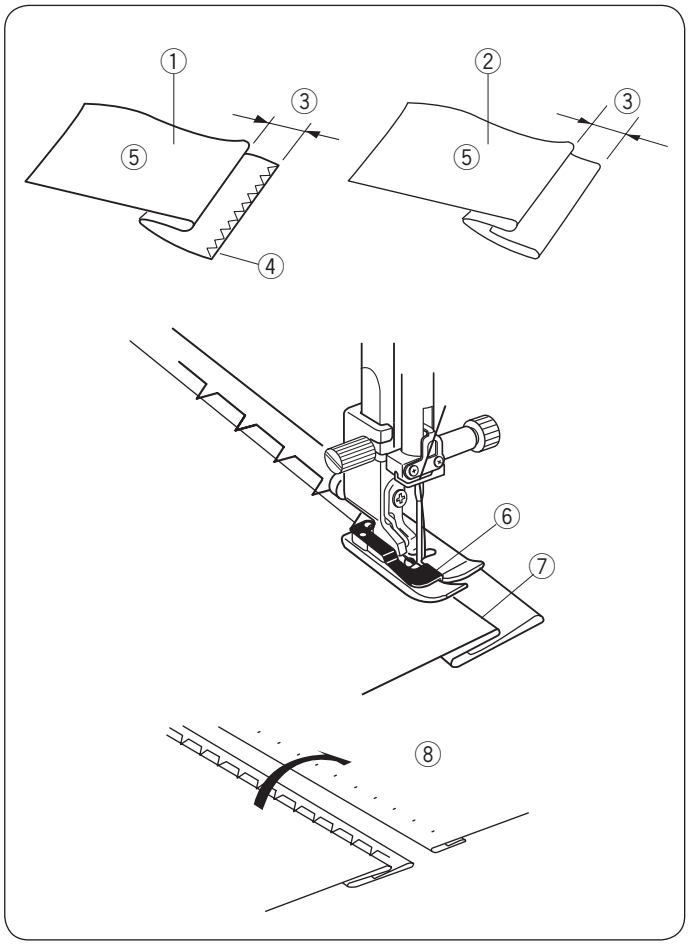
Fold and press a single hem. Place the fabric with the right side up.
Sew along the fold at the desired depth.
Trim an excessive.



Blind Hemming

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 18, 19
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Blind hemming foot G
④ Foot pressure: 5



Select pattern 18 for woven fabrics or pattern 19 for elastic fabrics.

Folding the fabric

Fold the fabric to make a hem as shown.

① Heavy fabric
② Fine to medium fabric
③ 0.4 – 0.7 cm (3/16″–1/4″)
④ Overcasting
⑤ Wrong side of fabric

Sewing

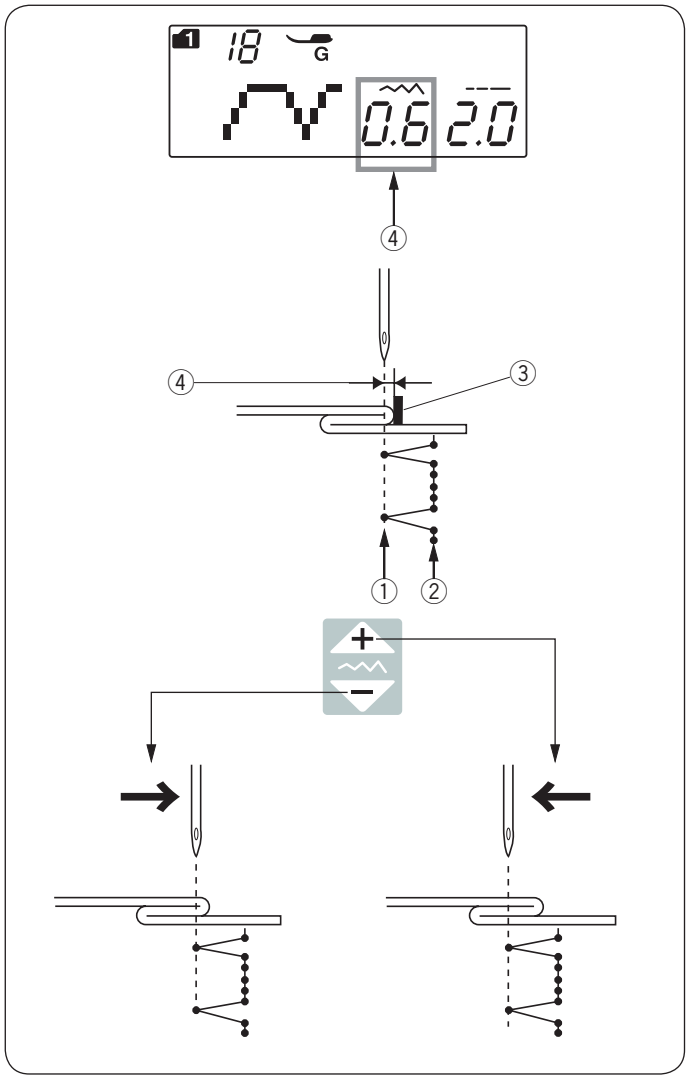
Position the fabric so that the fold comes to the left side of the guide on the foot.
Lower the presser foot.
Adjust the position of the needle swing with the stitch width adjusting key so that the needle just pierces the folded edge of the fabric when the needle comes over to the left side.

Sew guiding the fold along the guide.

⑥ Guide on the foot
⑦ Fold

Open the fabric with the right side up.
The stitches on the right side of the fabric will be almost invisible.

⑧ Right side of fabric

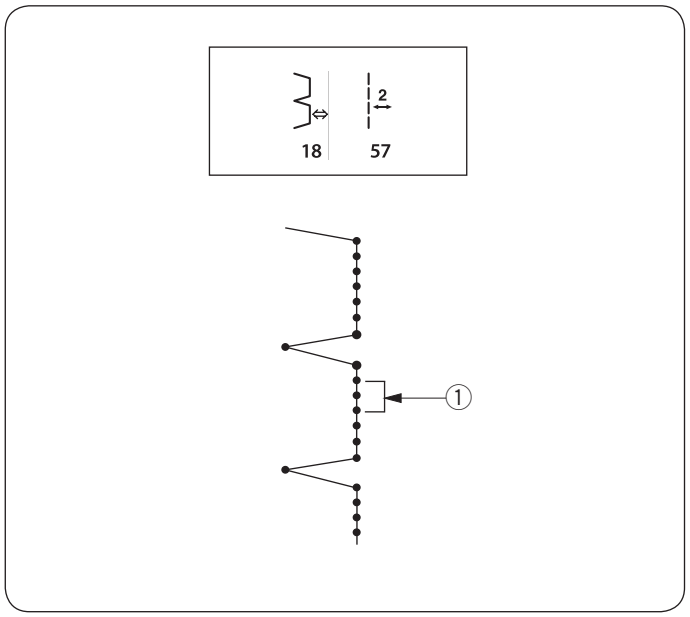


Changing the needle drop position
Press the stitch width adjusting key.
The LCD screen shows the distance between the left needle position and the guide in millimeters ④.

Press the " − " sign to move the needle to the right.
Press the " + " sign to move the needle to the left.

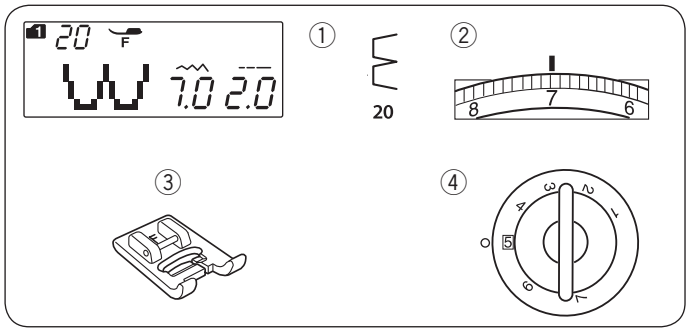
① Left needle drop position
② Right needle drop position
③ Guide on foot
④ Distance between the left needle position and the guide

NOTE:
The stitch width of patterns 18 (mode 1) and 19 (mode 1) cannot be changed, but the needle drop position will move.



Making the straight stitches in pattern number 18 longer
Program a combination of patterns 18 (mode 1) and pattern 57 (mode 2).

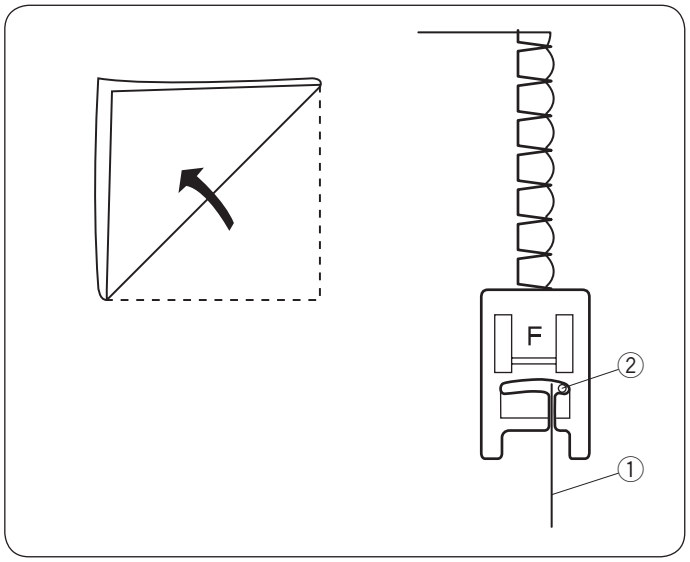
Two straight stitches will be added to the blind hem stitch when combining with pattern 57 (mode 2) ① (Refer to page 66).



Shell Tuck

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 20
② Thread tension: 6–8
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5

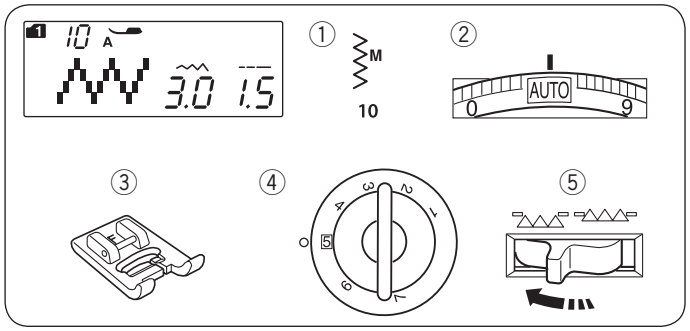


Use a light weight fabric (tricot, for example). Fold the fabric as shown and stitch on the fold.

Allow the needle to just clear the folded edge to create a shelled edge. You may need to increase the needle thread tension.

① Folded edge
② Right needle drop position

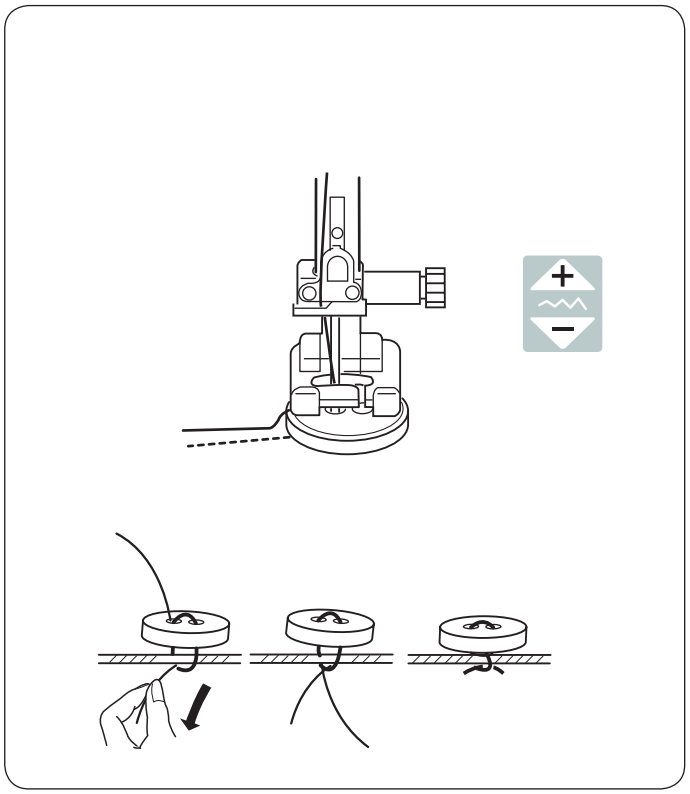
If you sew rows of shell stitches, space the rows at least 1.5 cm (5/8″) apart.
You can also sew shell stitches on knits or soft silky woven fabrics in any direction.



Button Sewing

Machine settings

① Stitch pattern: MODE 1:10
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5
⑤ Feed dog: Lowered



NOTE:
Do not use the thread cutter button to cut the threads. Otherwise, you cannot tie the threads.

Lower the feed dog.
Match the holes of button to the horizontal slot on the presser foot.

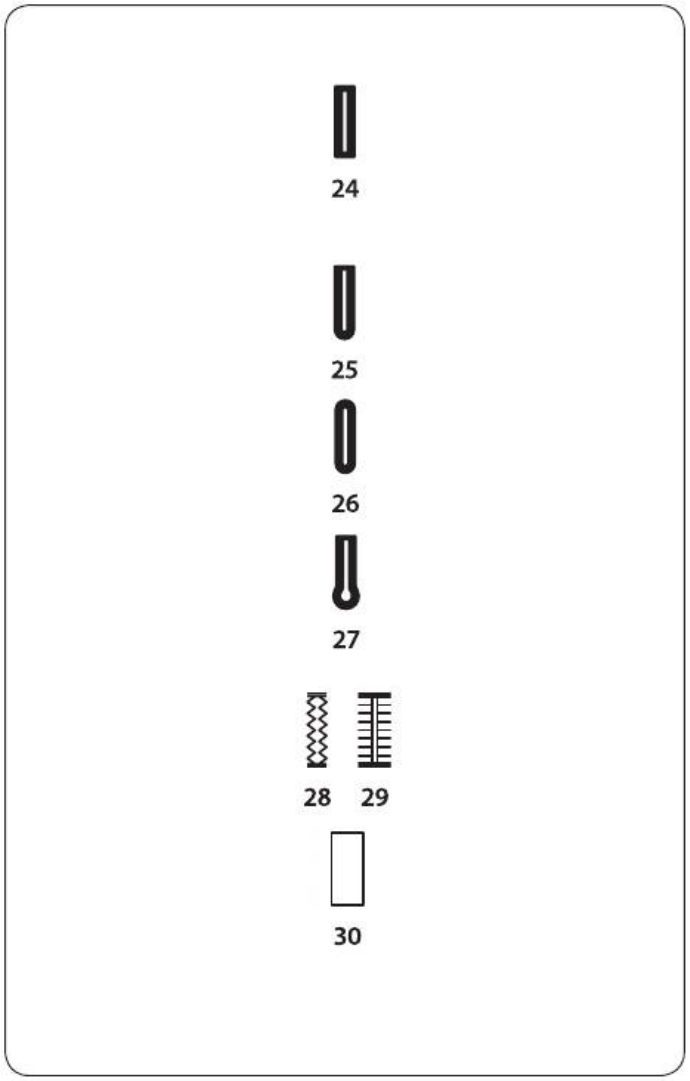
Lower the foot to hold the button in place.
Adjust the stitch width so the needle will enter the left hole of the button.

Turn the handwheel so that the needle will enter the right hole of the button. Readjust the stitch width if necessary.

Stitch several times.
After you finish sewing, cut the threads but leave 7.5 cm – 10 cm (3″–4″) of threads at the end.

Pull the bobbin threads to bring the needle threads down to the wrong side of the fabric.
Tie the threads together.

* After the button sewing is completed, raise the feed dog for normal sewing.



Buttonholes

Variety of buttonholes

24 Square buttonhole
This square buttonhole is widely used on medium to heavy weight fabrics.
The buttonhole size is automatically determined by placing a button in the foot.

25 Round end buttonhole
This buttonhole is used on fine to medium weight fabrics especially for blouses and children's clothes.

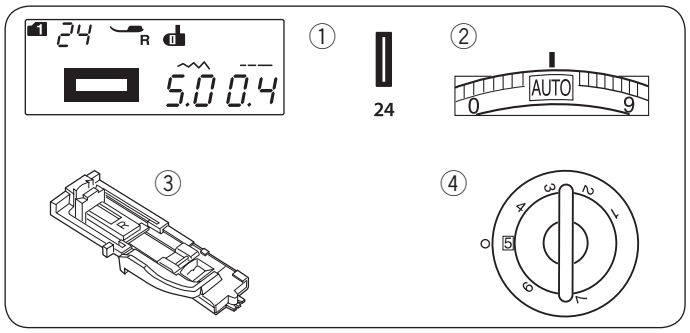
26 Fine fabric buttonhole
This buttonhole is rounded at both ends and is used on fine, delicate fabrics such as fine silk.

27 Keyhole buttonhole
The Keyhole buttonhole is widely used on medium to heavy weight fabrics. It is also suitable for larger and thicker buttons.

28-29 Stretch buttonholes
This buttonhole can be used on stretch fabrics. It can also be used as a decorative buttonhole.

30 Welted buttonhole
This is a template pattern for the hand sewn welted (bound) buttonhole.

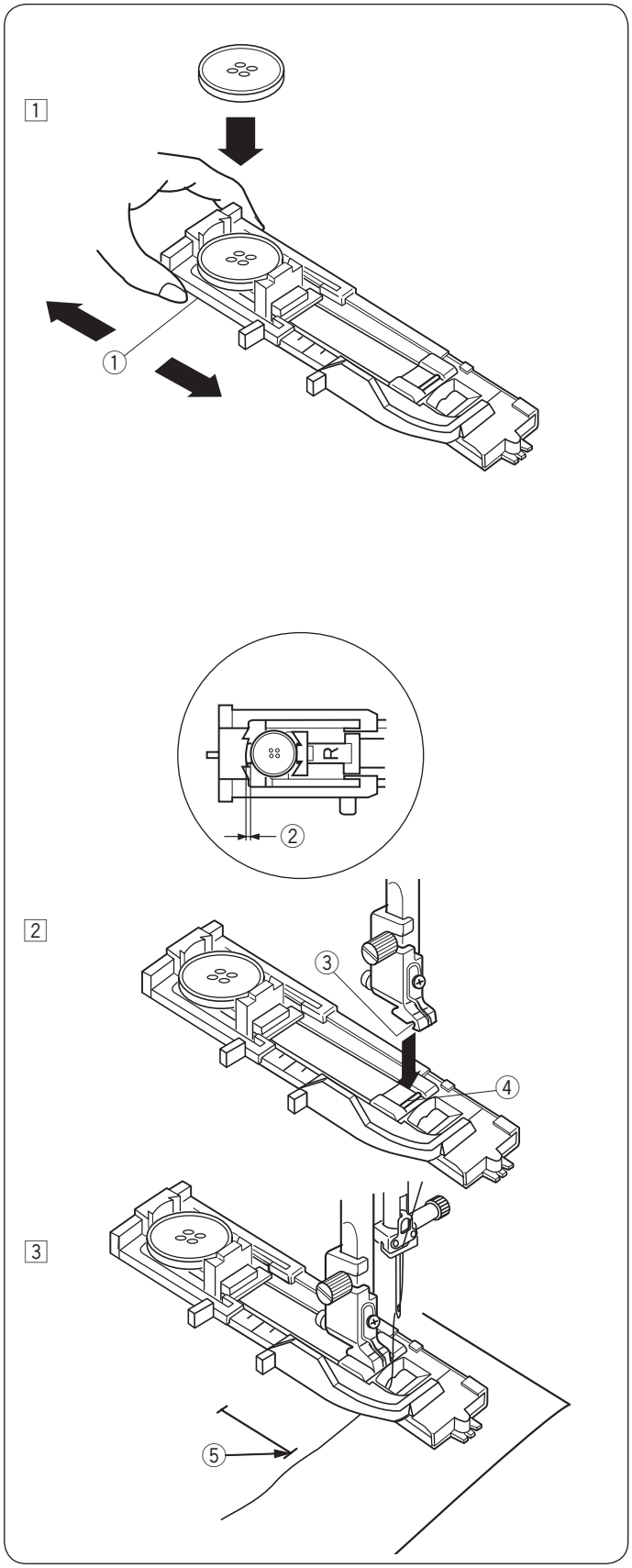
NOTE:
Sewing procedure of patterns 25-30 is the same as pattern number 24.



Square Buttonhole

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 24
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R
④ Foot pressure: 5



The size of a buttonhole is automatically set by placing a button in the rear of automatic buttonhole foot R.
The button holder of the foot takes a button size of 1 cm (3/8″) to 2.5 cm (1″) in diameter.
When selecting the buttonholes, the LCD screen advise you to lower the buttonhole lever.

NOTE:
It is sometimes necessary to change buttonhole size to match certain heavy or specific fabrics and threads. Make a test buttonhole on an extra piece of the fabric to check your settings.
The preset width of the buttonhole is suited for ordinary buttons.
Apply an interfacing to stretch or fine fabrics.

Sewing

1 Pull the button holder to the back, and place the button in it. Push it together tightly on the button.
① Button holder

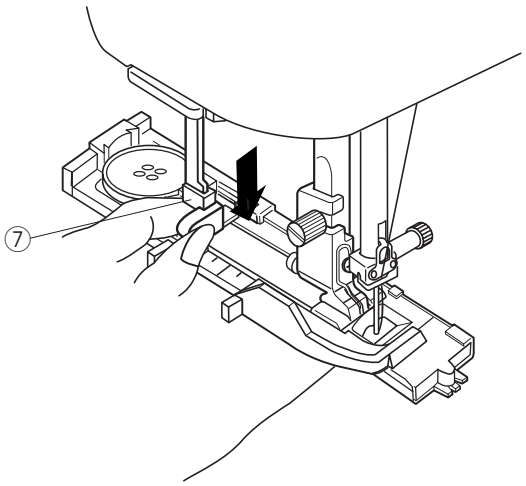
NOTE:
If the button is extremely thick, make a test buttonhole on an extra piece of the fabric.
If it is difficult to fit the button through the test buttonhole, you can lengthen the buttonhole by pulling the button holder back a little. The length of the buttonhole will be increased.

② Extra gap

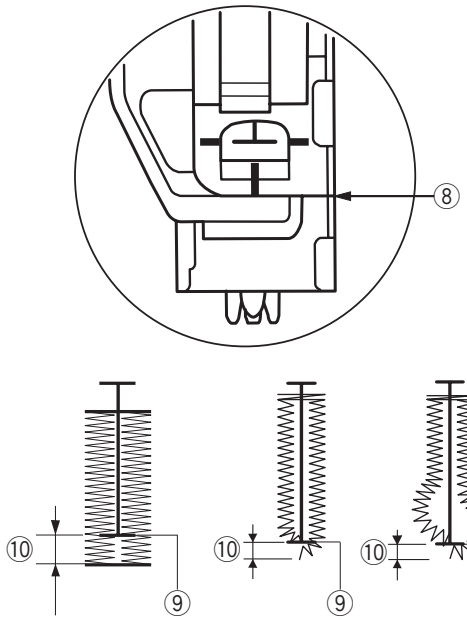
2 Press the needle up/down button to raise the needle. Attach the automatic buttonhole foot R snapping the pin into the groove of the foot holder.
You may lift the presser foot lifter to the extra lifted position when placing the automatic buttonhole foot under the foot holder.
Raise the presser foot.
③ Groove
④ Pin

3 Draw the needle thread to the left through the hole of foot.
Mark the buttonhole position on the fabric and place it under the buttonhole foot. Lower the needle at the starting point by turning the handwheel.
⑤ Starting point

4

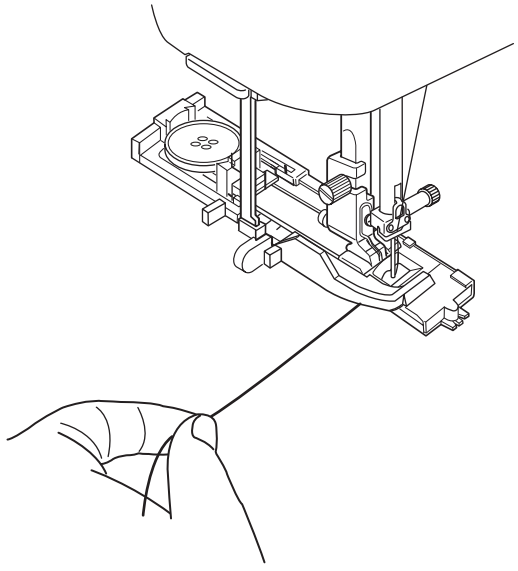


4 Lower the presser foot and pull the buttonhole lever down as far as it will go.
⑦ Buttonhole lever



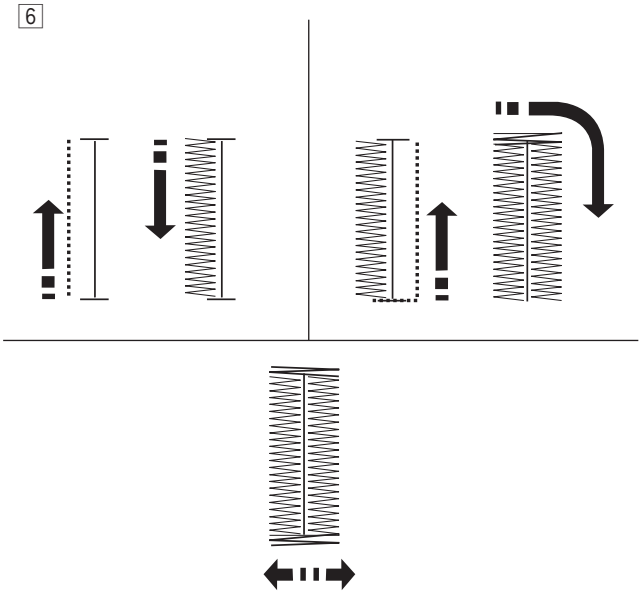
NOTE:
Make sure there is no gap between the slider and front stopper, otherwise the buttonhole will be out of position or there will be a sewing gap.
⑧ No gap
⑨ Starting point
⑩ Sewing gap

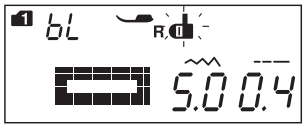
5



5 Start sewing while pulling the needle thread lightly to the left. After sewing a few stitches, free the thread and continue sewing.

6

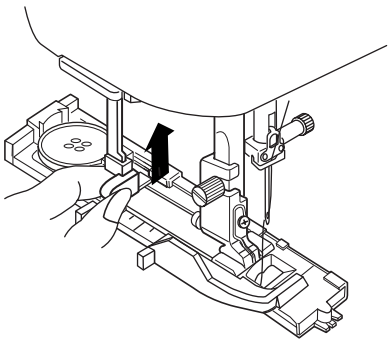




6 The buttonhole is sewn automatically in the sequence shown. When the buttonhole is finished, the machine will stop automatically with the needle in the up position.
Press the thread cutter button and remove the fabric.

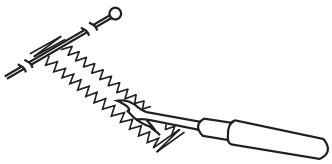
NOTE:
If you start sewing without pulling down the buttonhole lever, the LCD screen will show a warning and the machine will stop after a few stitches. Pull the buttonhole lever down and start sewing.

7



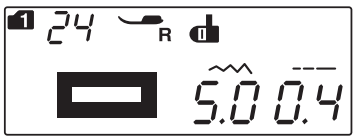
7 After you finish buttonhole sewing, push the buttonhole lever up as far as it will go.

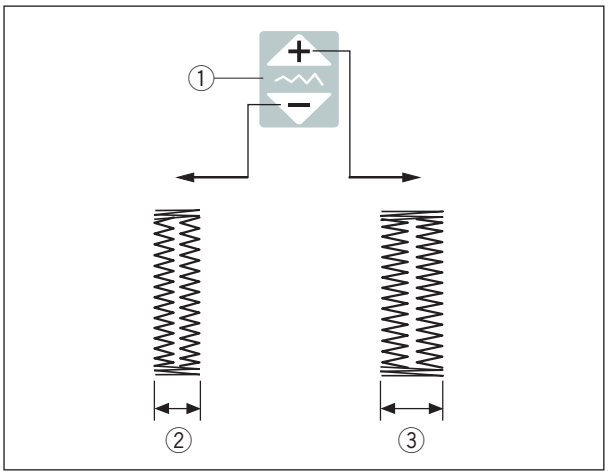
8



8 Place a pin just below the bartack at each end to prevent accidentally cutting the threads. Cut the opening with the seam ripper. Use an eyelet puncher to open a keyhole buttonhole.

NOTE:
To make a solid and sturdy buttonhole, sew another layer of buttonhole over the previous one.
After the buttonhole is finished, simply press the start/stop button again.
Do not raise the foot or reselect the pattern.
The machine will sew another buttonhole over the previous one.





Manual settings

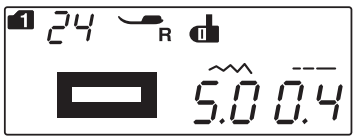
The buttonhole width can be adjusted by pressing the stitch width adjusting key.

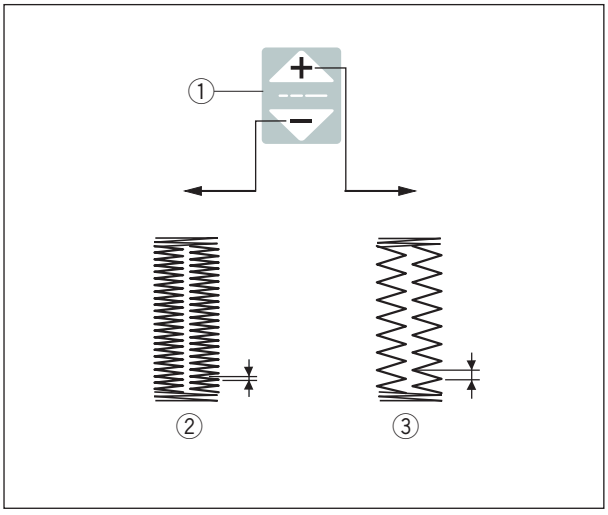
Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to increase the buttonhole width.

Press the "−" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to decrease the buttonhole width.

① Stitch width adjusting key
② Narrower buttonhole
③ Wider buttonhole

NOTE:
The buttonhole width can be adjusted from 2.5 to 7.0.





Adjusting the buttonhole stitch density

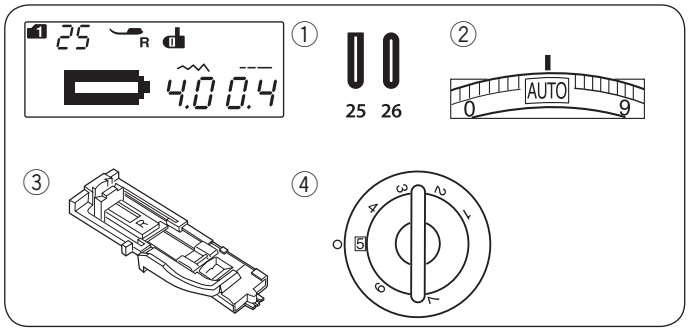
The buttonhole stitch density can be adjusted by pressing the stitch length adjusting key.

Press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to make the buttonhole stitch less dense.

Press the "−" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to make the buttonhole stitch denser.

① Stitch length adjusting key
② Denser buttonhole
③ Less dense buttonhole

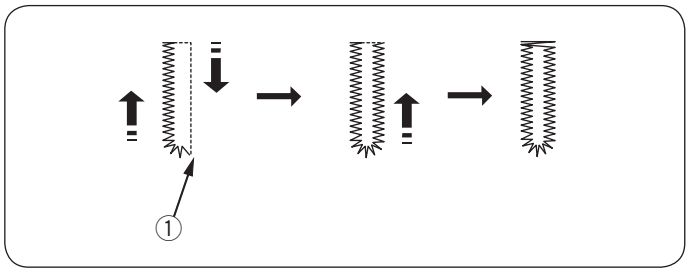
NOTE:
The stitch density can be adjusted from 0.2 to 0.8.



Round End and Fine Fabric Buttonholes

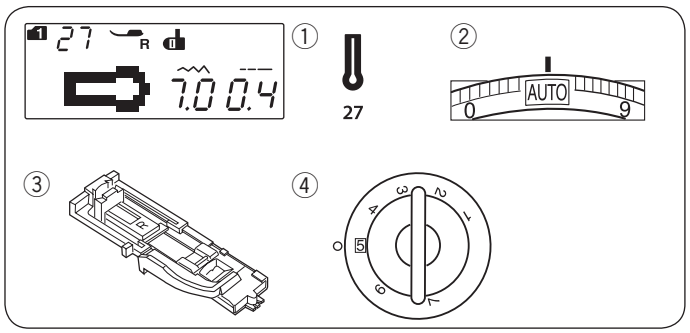
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 25, 26
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R
④ Foot pressure: 5



The sewing procedure is the same as the square buttonhole (refer to pages 41-43).
The machine will sew a buttonhole in the order shown.
① Starting point

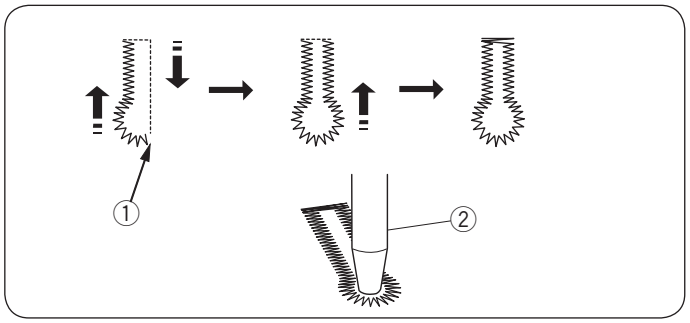
NOTE:
The buttonhole width can be adjusted from 2.5 to 5.5.
The stitch density can be adjusted from 0.2 to 0.8.



Keyhole Buttonhole

Machine settings

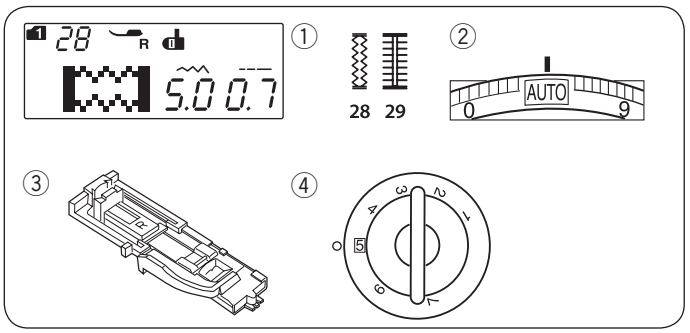
① Pattern: MODE 1: 27
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R
④ Foot pressure: 5



The sewing procedure is the same as the square buttonhole (refer to pages 41-43).
The machine will sew a buttonhole in the order shown.

Use an eyelet puncher to open a keyhole buttonhole.
① Starting point
② Eyelet puncher

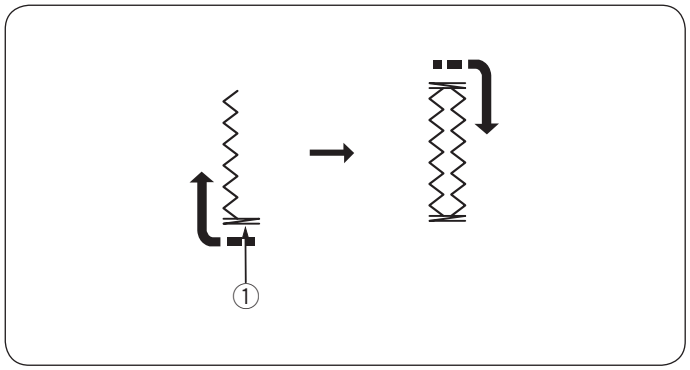
NOTE:
The buttonhole width can be adjusted from 5.5 to 7.0.
The stitch density can be adjusted from 0.3 to 0.8.



Stretch Buttonholes

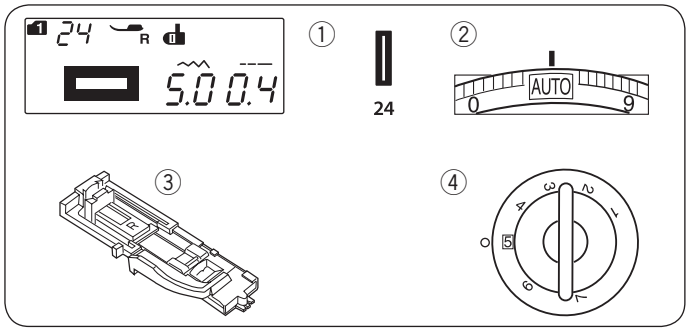
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 28-29
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R
④ Foot pressure: 5



The sewing procedure is the same as the square buttonhole (refer to pages 41-43).
The machine will sew a buttonhole in the order shown.
① Starting point

NOTE:
The buttonhole width can be adjusted from 2.5 to 7.0.
The stitch density can be adjusted from 0.5 to 1.0 for pattern 28 (mode 1), 0.5 to 2.5 for pattern 29 (mode 1). If the stitch balance of the left and right row is not even, correct it by turning the feed balancing dial (refer to page 73).

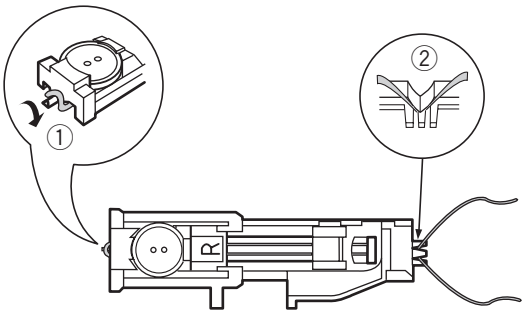


Corded Buttonhole

Machine settings

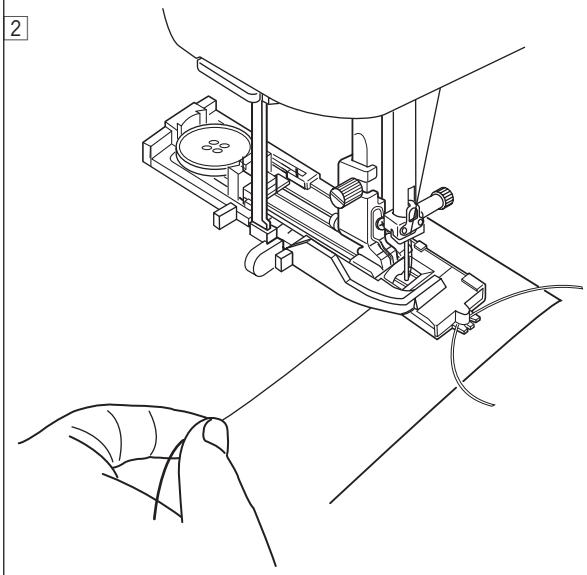
① Pattern: MODE 1: 24
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R
④ Foot pressure: 5

1



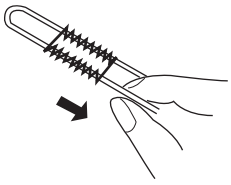
1 Use the same procedure as the square buttonhole procedure. Set the stitch width to match the thickness of the cord used. With the buttonhole foot raised, hook the filler cord on the spur ① at the back of the buttonhole foot.
Bring the ends toward you under the buttonhole foot, clearing the front end. Hook the filler cord into the forks ② on the front of the automatic buttonhole foot to hold them tight.
Lower the needle into the garment where the buttonhole will start, and lower the foot.
① Spur
② Forks

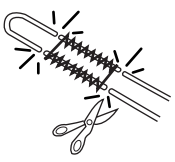
2



2 Lower the buttonhole lever.
Pull the needle thread lightly to the left.
Start the machine and sew the buttonhole. Each side of the buttonhole and the bartacks will be sewn over the cord.
Remove the fabric from the machine, and cut the sewing threads only.

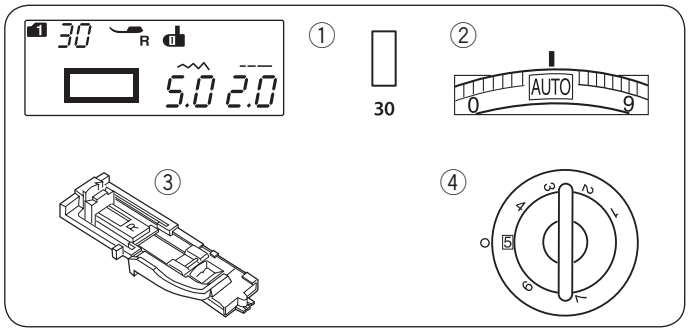
3





3 Pull the loose ends of the filler cord to tighten it.
Thread the each end of the cord through a hand-sewing needle. Then draw the both ends to the wrong side of the fabric and knot.

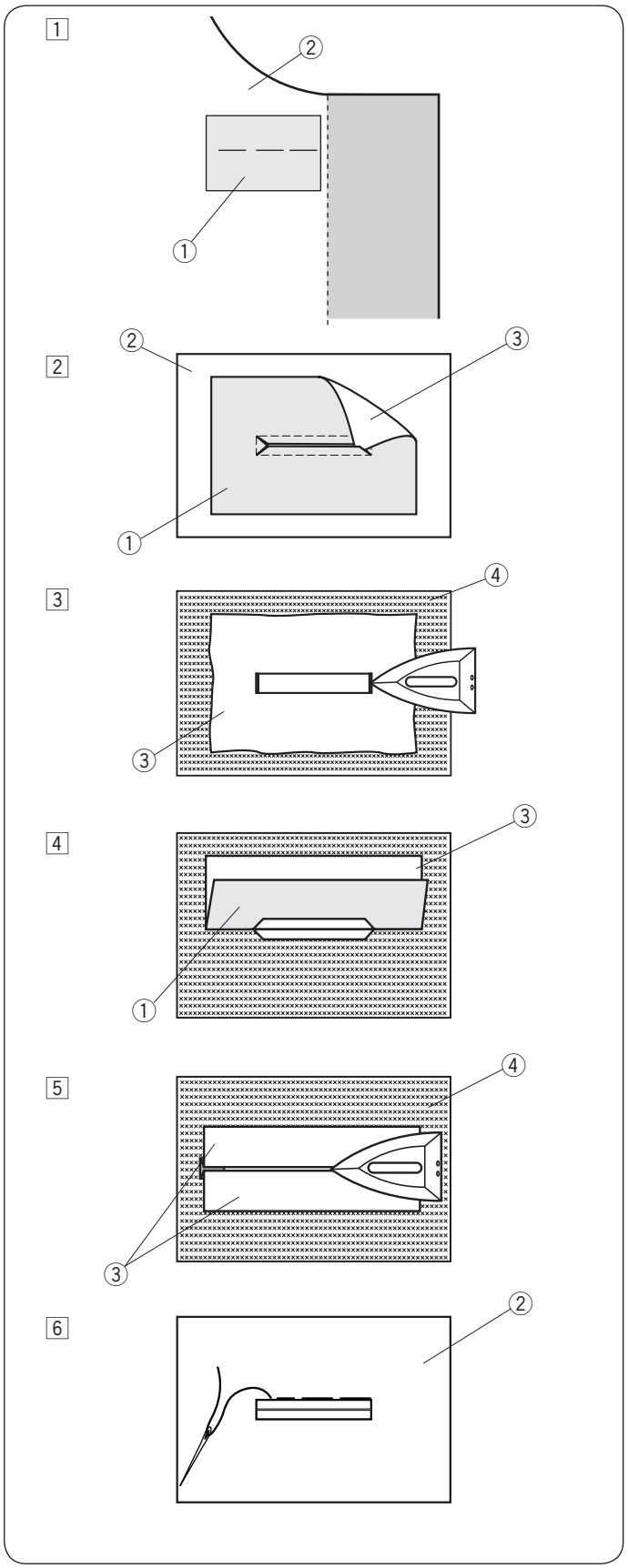
NOTE:
Cut the filler cord at both ends, if the filler cord is stitched on the fabric and cannot be pulled.



Welted Buttonhole

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 30
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R
④ Foot pressure: 5



A welted buttonhole is made by stitching a strip or patch of fabric to the buttonhole.
Welted buttonholes are particularly suitable for tailored garments, but are not recommended for sheer or delicate fabrics where the patch might show through or add bulk.

1 Baste a patch to the garment fabric with the right sides together.
① Wrong side of patch
② Right side of garment fabric

2 Select pattern 30 (mode 1).
Sew the welted buttonhole on both fabrics together. Cut the buttonhole opening as illustrated then pull the patch out through the slit to the other side.
① Wrong side of patch
② Right side of garment fabric
③ Right side of patch

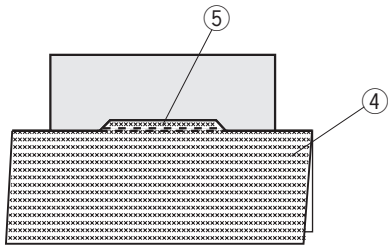
3 Pull out the patch until the right side of the patch is showing. Use an iron to press both corner ends until they are squared off.
③ Right side of patch
④ Wrong side of garment fabric

4 Fold back each side of the patch to form buttonhole lips.
① Wrong side of patch
③ Right side of patch

5 Press both folds with an iron.
③ Right side of patch
④ Wrong side of garment fabric

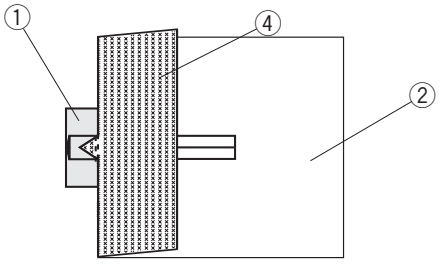
6 Baste both edges of the seam with a needle and thread by hand.
② Right side of garment fabric

7



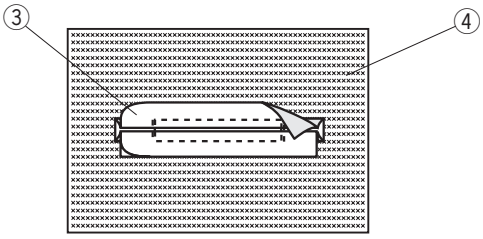
7 Fold over the length of the garment fabric, sew back and forth beside the original seam to secure flaps of the patch.
④ Wrong side of garment fabric
⑤ Sew back and forth

8



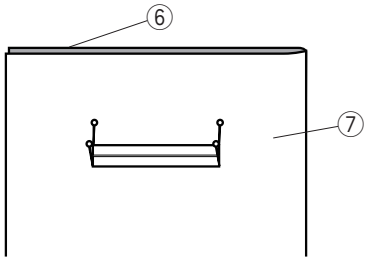
8 Fold over the end of fabric and sew back and forth three times over the triangular end.
① Wrong side of patch
② Right side of garment fabric
④ Wrong side of garment fabric

9



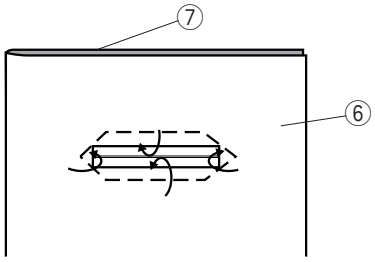
9 The patch should be cut 1 to 1.5 cm (7/16″ – 5/8″) away from the hole. The corners should be cut rounded off as shown.
③ Right side of patch
④ Wrong side of garment fabric

10



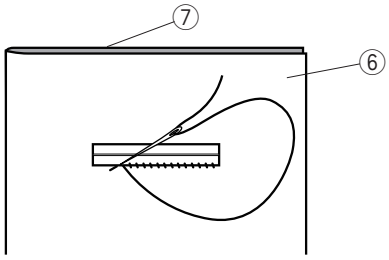
10 Place the facing on the wrong side of the garment fabric. Mark the 4 corners with pins as shown.
⑥ Facing
⑦ Garment fabric

11



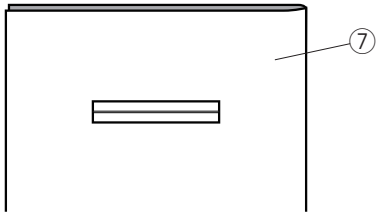
11 Turn all the layers over and cut the buttonhole opening on the facing in the same way as step 2.
Four marker pins show you the corner points on the facing. Fold back each flap between the facing and patch.
⑥ Facing
⑦ Garment fabric

12

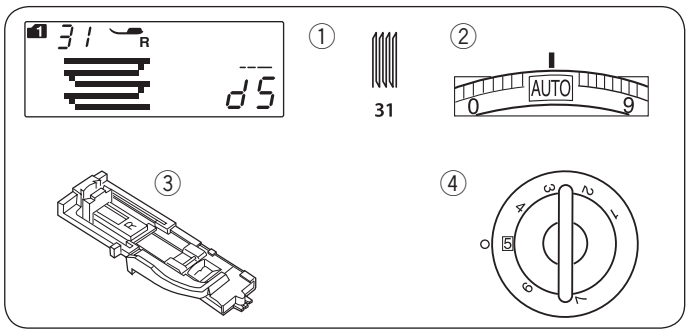


12 Stitch around the opening with a needle and thread as shown.
⑥ Facing
⑦ Garment fabric

13



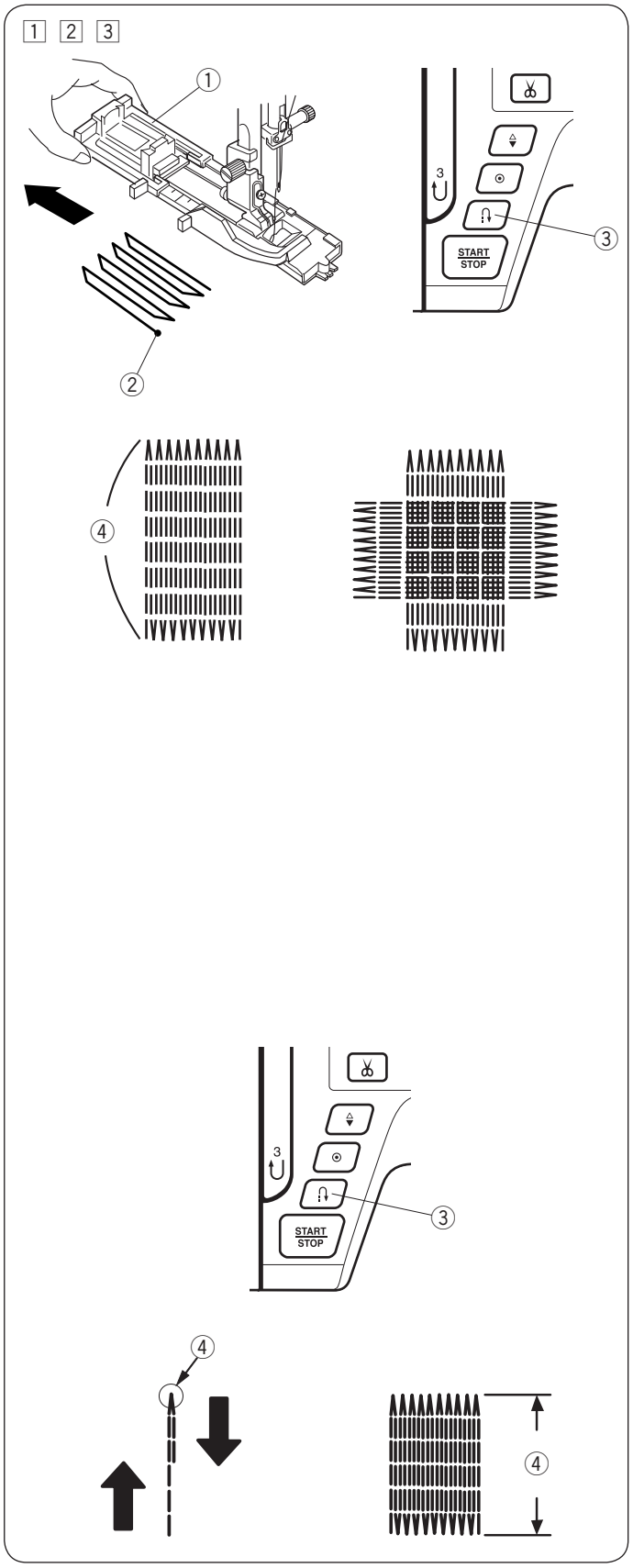
13 The welted buttonhole is complete.
⑦ Garment fabric



Darning

Machine settings

①	Pattern:	MODE 1: 31
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	Automatic buttonhole foot R
④	Foot pressure:	5



1 Attach the automatic buttonhole foot R and pull the button holder all the way out.
Place the fabric under the foot, and lower the needle at the starting point. Then lower the foot.
① Button holder
② Starting point

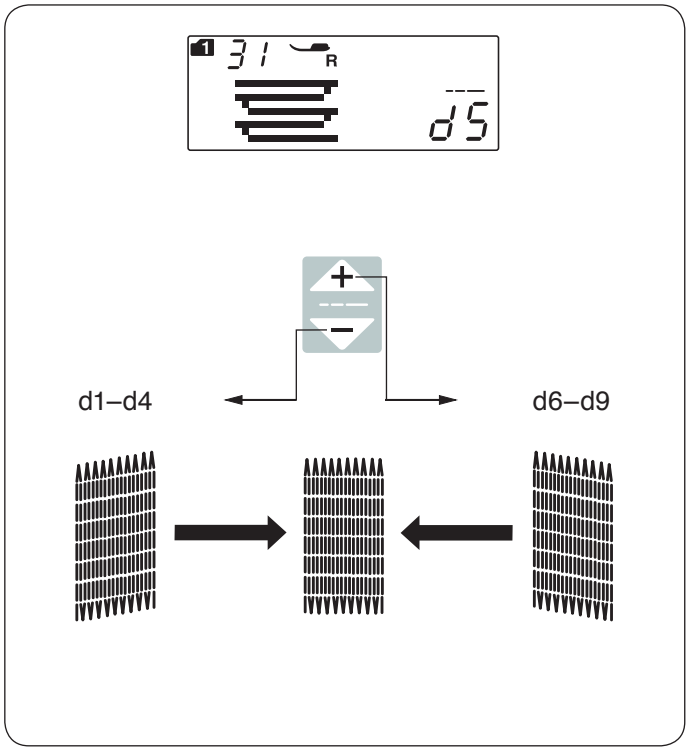
2 Start the machine and sew to the required length, then press the reverse button. This sets the darning length. Continue sewing until the machine stops automatically.
③ Reverse button
④ Required length

3 Sew another layer of darning over the first layer, at a right angle to it.

NOTE:
The maximum darning length is 2 cm (3/4″) and the maximum width is 0.9 cm (3/8″).

To sew the same size darning
Simply start the machine to sew another darning in the same size.
To sew the next darning in a different size, press the memory key.

To sew a shorter darning
Sew the first line to the desired length and stop the machine.
Press the reverse button and start the machine again. The machine will sew the rest of the darning and stop automatically.



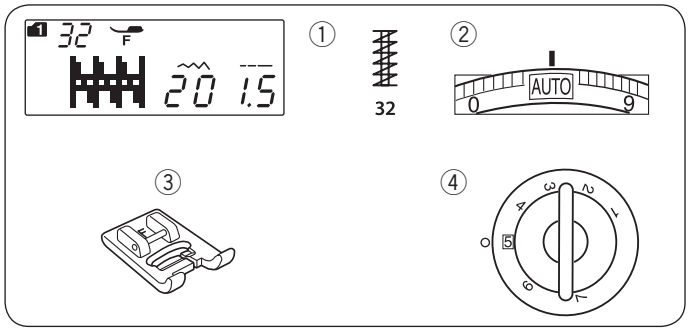
To adjust the evenness of darning stitches

You can correct unevenness of darning stitches by pressing the "+" or "−" key of the stitch length adjusting key.

If the left corner is lower than the right side, press the "−" key to correct it, and vice versa.

NOTE:

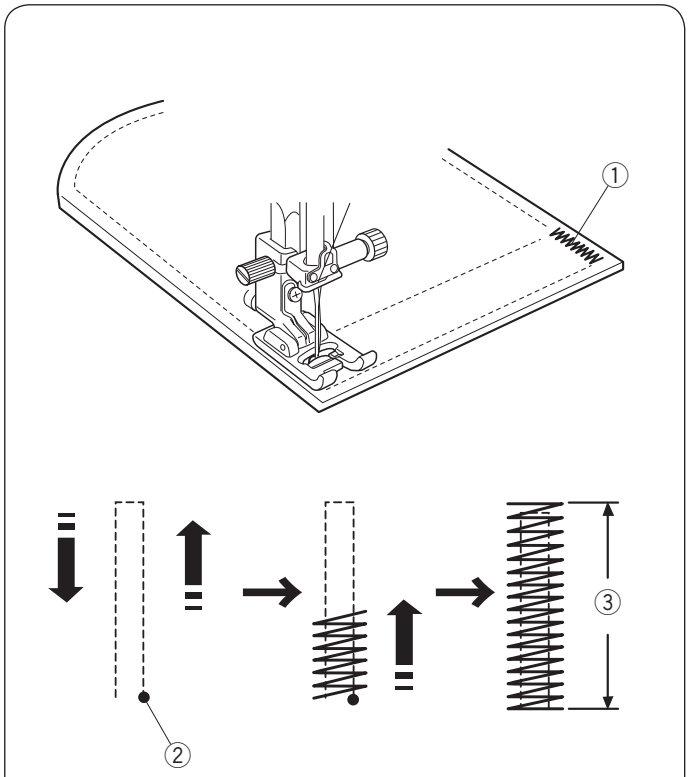
The evenness can be adjusted within d1 to d9 (default setting is d5).



Tacking

Machine settings

①	Pattern:	MODE 1: 32
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	Satin stitch foot F
④	Foot pressure:	5

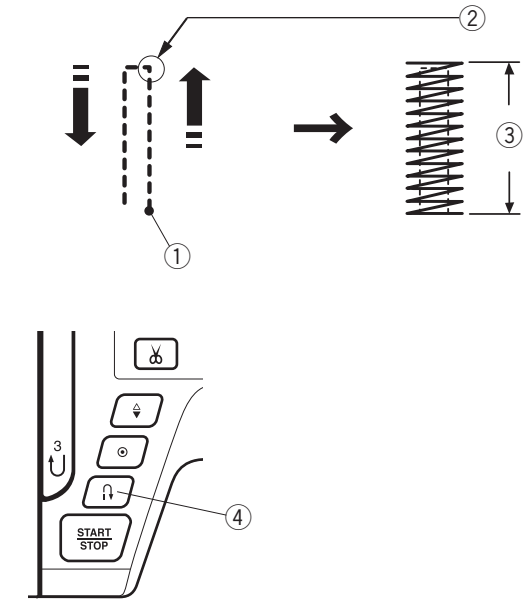


Tacking is used to reinforce pockets, crotch seams and belt carriers where extra strength is needed.

Sewing

Lower the needle at the starting point.
Lower the foot and sew until the machine stops automatically.
The machine will sew a tacking 1.5 cm (9/16˝) long automatically.

① Tacking
② Starting point
③ 1.5 cm (9/16˝)



Sewing a shorter tack

To sew a tack shorter than 1.5 cm (9/16˝), first stop the machine after sewing the required length, and then press the reverse button.
The required length has been determined.

Start the machine and continue sewing until the machine stops automatically.

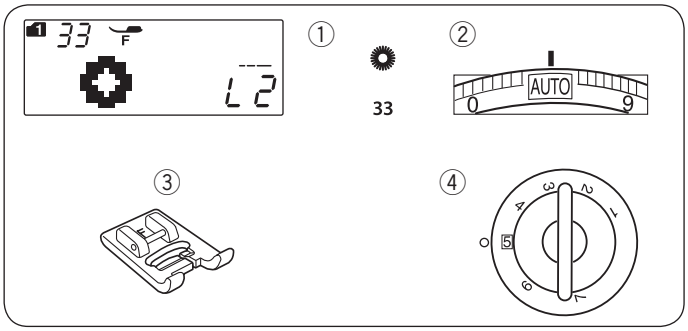
① Starting point
② Required length
③ Tack length
④ Reverse button

Sewing the same size tack

To sew another tack at the same size, simply start the machine and it will stop automatically when finishing sewing.

Sewing the tack at a different size

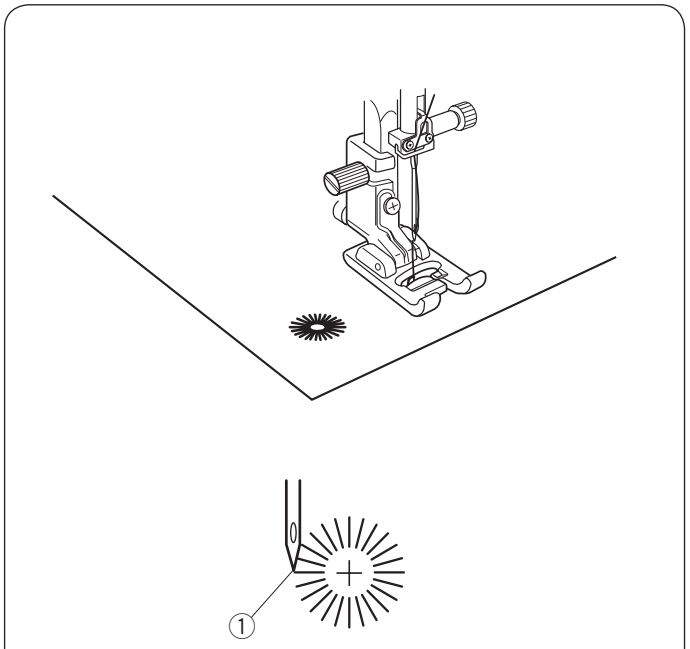
To sew the next tack at a different size, press the memory key to memorize a new size and start sewing from the beginning.



Eyelet

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 1: 33
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5

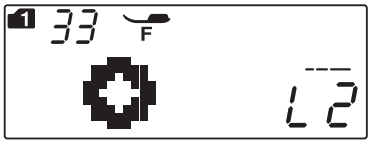


The eyelet is used for belt holes etc.

Sewing

Sew until the machine stops automatically.
Open the eyelet with an eyelet puncher or pointed scissors.

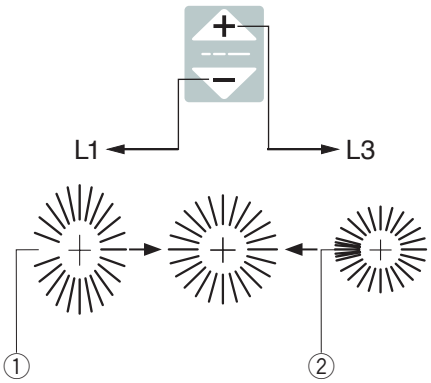
① Starting point



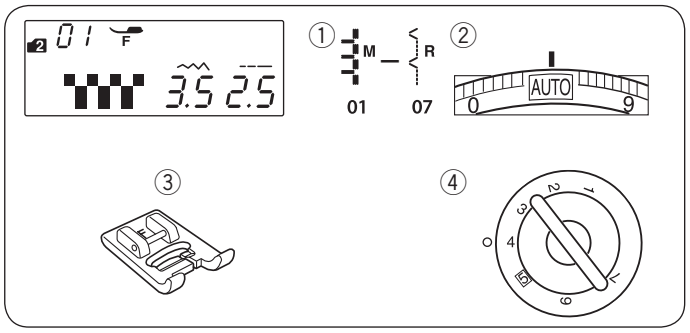
Adjusting the shape of an eyelet

Correct the shape of the eyelet as follows:
If the eyelet gap opens, press "−" on the stitch length adjusting key.
If the eyelet overlaps, press "+" on the stitch length adjusting key.

① Eyelet gap opens
② Eyelet overlaps



NOTE:
The shape can be adjusted within L1 to L3 (default setting is L2).

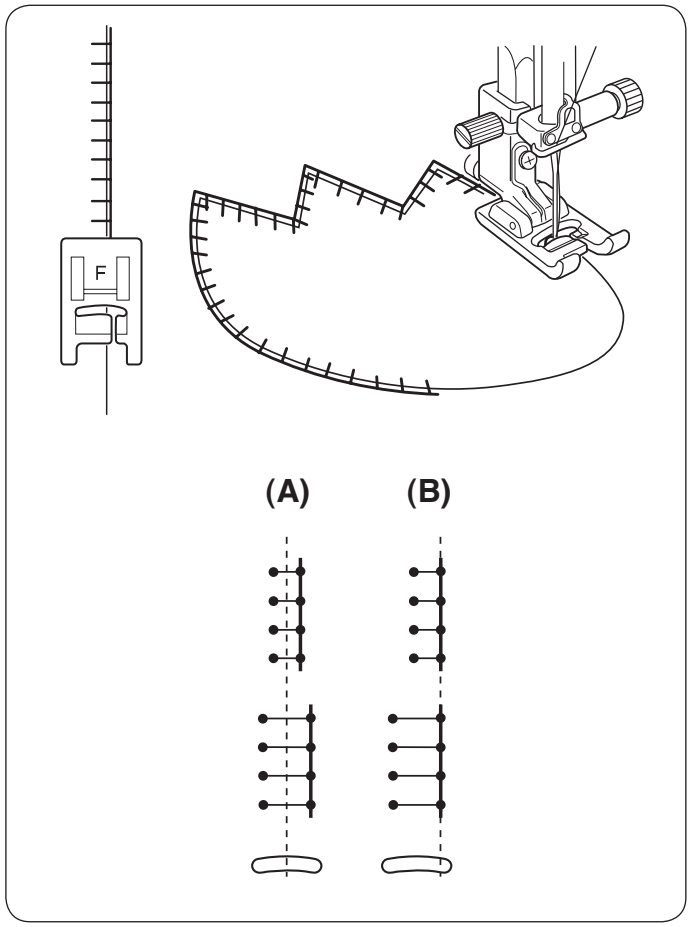


DECORATIVE STITCHING

Applique

Machine settings

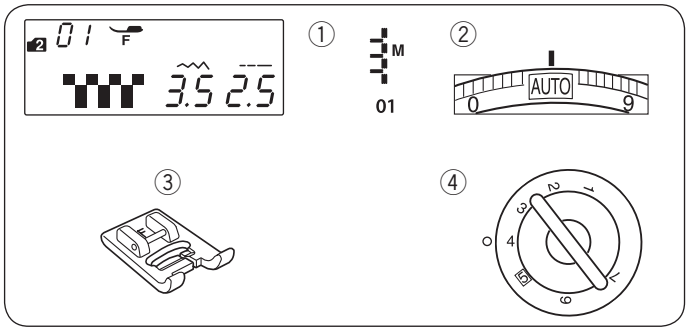
①	Pattern:	MODE 2: 01-07
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	Satin stitch foot F
④	Foot pressure:	4



Place an applique on the fabric and baste it in place or use a fusible web to secure the applique in place.
Guide the applique fabric, so that the needle falls off the edge of the applique when the needle swings to the right.

(A): The patterns number 01, 02 and 05 (mode 2) have a fixed center needle drop position.
The stitch width changes symmetrically.

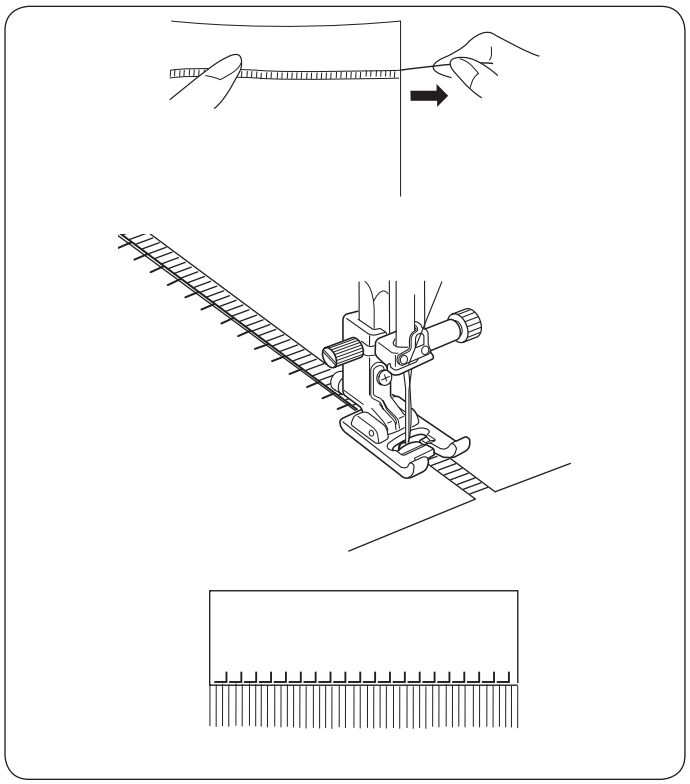
(B): The patterns number 03, 04, 06, and 07 (mode 2) have a fixed right needle drop position. When you change the stitch width, the left needle drop position will change.



Fringing

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 01
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 4

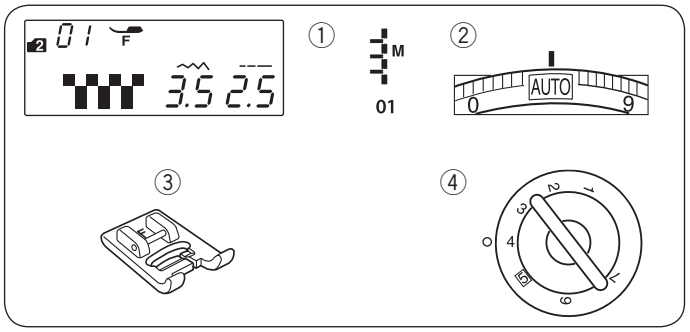


Fringing adds a special touch on table linens and shawls. Choose a firm, woven fabric like linen where threads can be removed easily.

Carefully cut the fabric on the grain. Remove a single strand of yarn or thread where the fringing is to begin.

Sew down the left side so the right hand stitches fall in the open space.

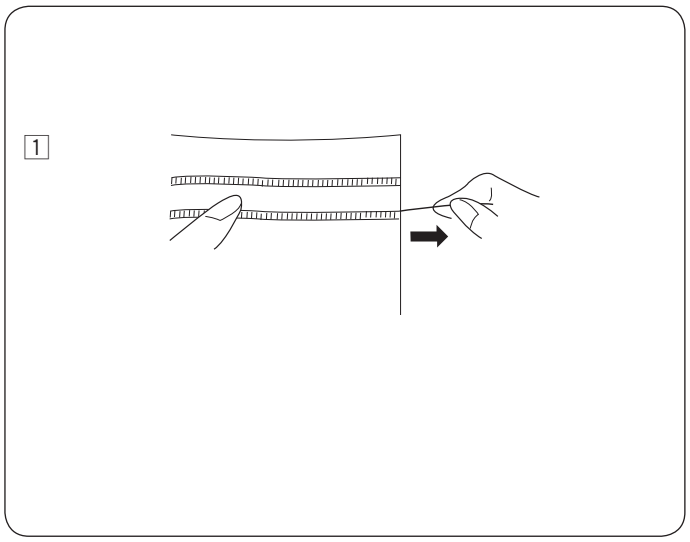
Remove all excess yarn located to the right of the stitching and create a fringe.



Drawn Work

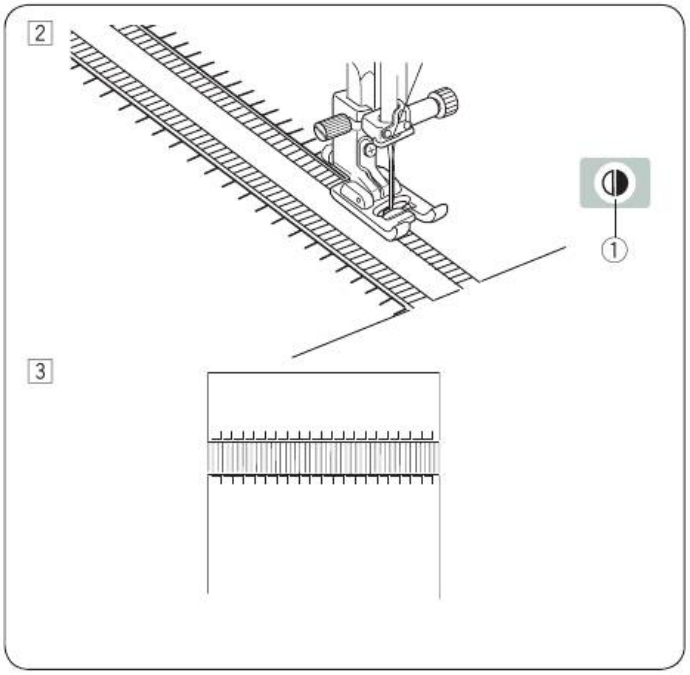
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 01
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 4



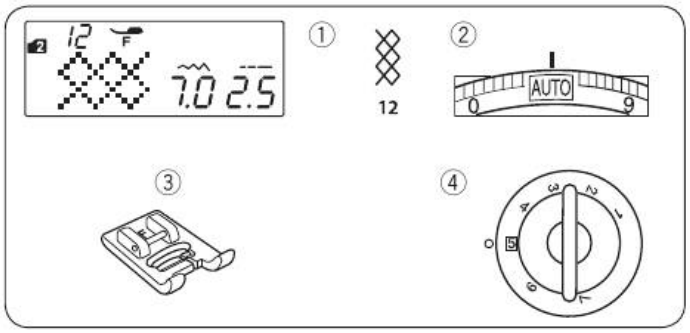
Drawn work uses the same method as fringing. Choose a firm, woven fabric like linen where threads can be removed easily.

1 Carefully cut the fabric on the grain. Determine the width of the drawn work and remove one strand of yarn or fabric thread at each end.



2 Sew down the left side, guiding the fabric so the right hand stitches fall in open space. After finishing the left side, press the mirror image key. Sew down the other side (refer to page 64 for mirror image sewing).
① Mirror image key

3 Remove the yarn or fabric threads between the stitching.

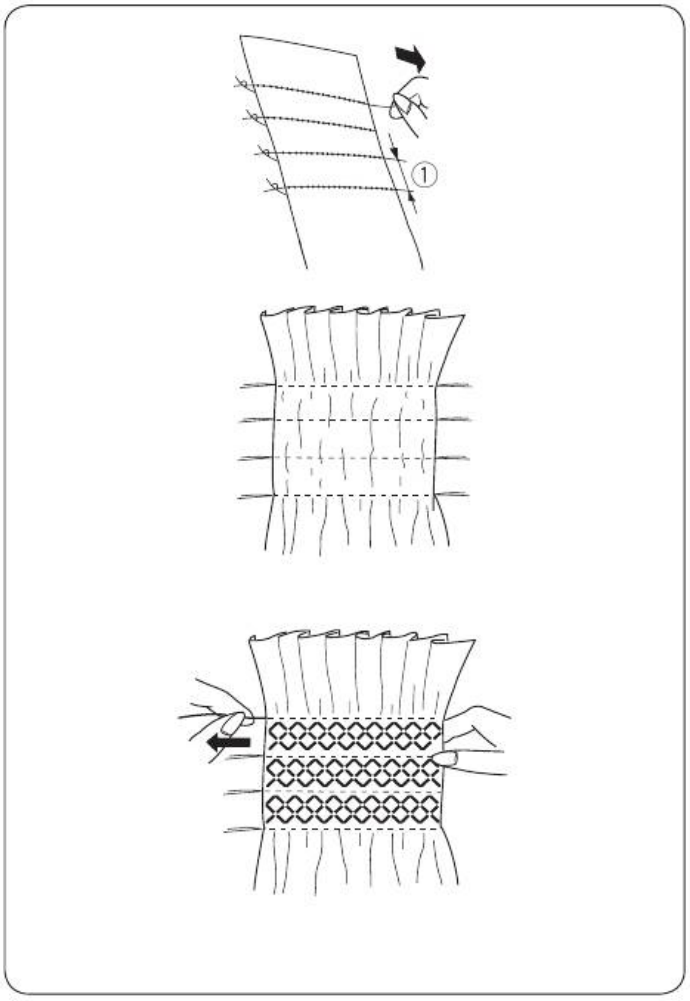


Smocking

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 12
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5

* Stitch patterns  (mode 2) can also be used.



Choose a soft, lightweight fabric such as batiste, gingham or challis. Cut the fabric three times wider than the projected width.

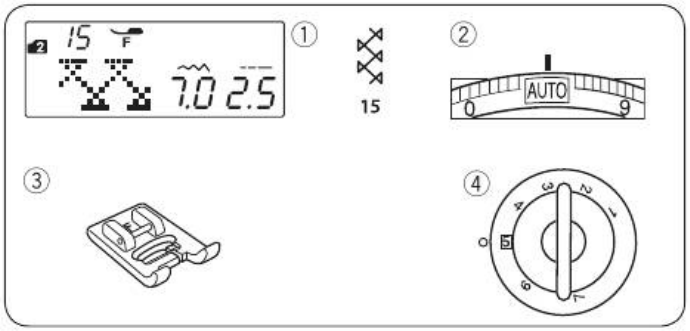
Sew rows of straight stitches, 1 cm (3/8″) apart with the stitch length “5.0” and thread tension dial at “1” to across the area to be smocked.
① 1 cm (3/8″)

Tie the threads along one edge. From the other edge, pull the bobbin threads to distribute the gathers evenly.

NOTE:
Pull up the bobbin thread and draw a 10 cm (4″) thread tail to the back before starting to sew.
Use the thread cutter on the face cover.

Select a smocking stitch and return the thread tension dial to “AUTO”.
Sew the smocking stitches between the gathered rows.

Remove the straight stitches between the gathered rows.

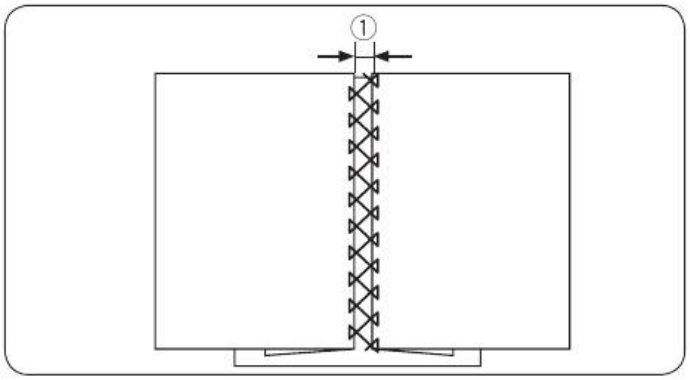


Fagoting

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 15
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5

* Stitch patterns 16 (mode 1) 16 44 (mode 2) can also be used.



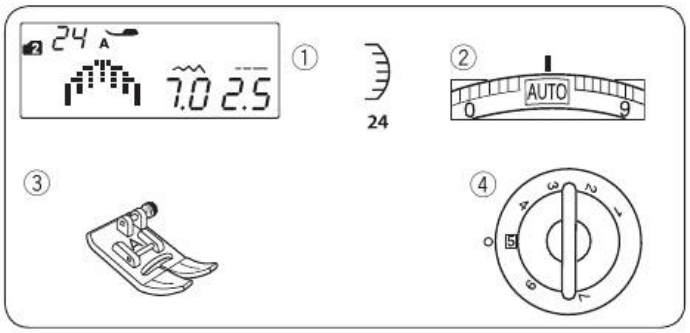
Use this stitch to join two pieces of fabric to create an open work appearance and add design interest.

Fold under each fabric edge 1.5 cm (5/8″) and press. Pin the two edges to paper or tear away backing 0.5 cm (3/16″) apart.

① 0.5 cm (3/16″)

Sew slowly, guiding the fabric so the needle catches the folded edge on each side.

After finishing sewing, tear away the paper.

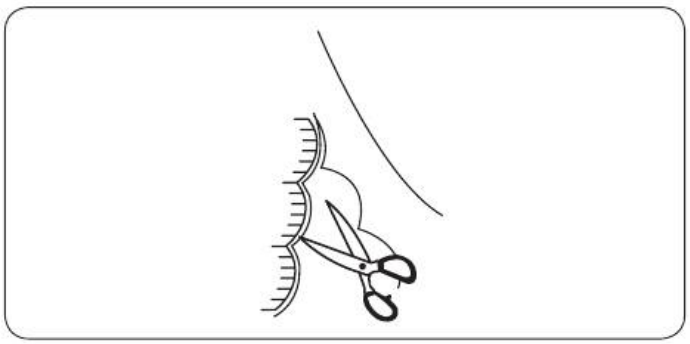


Scallop

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 24
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
④ Foot pressure: 5

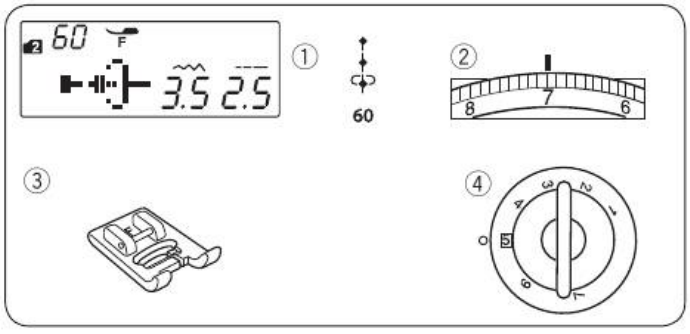
* Stitch pattern 34 (mode 2) can also be used.



Sew scallops 1 cm (3/8″) from the fabric edge.

Trim the allowance close to the stitches.

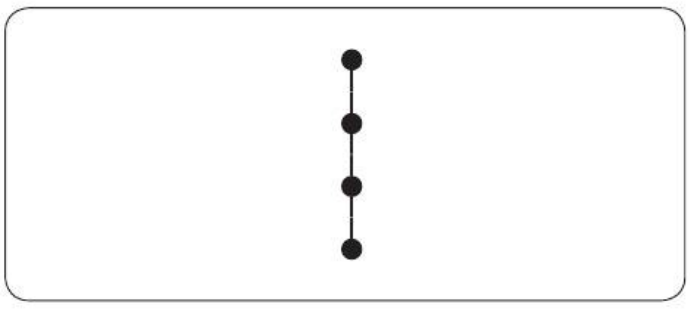
Make sure not to cut the stitches.



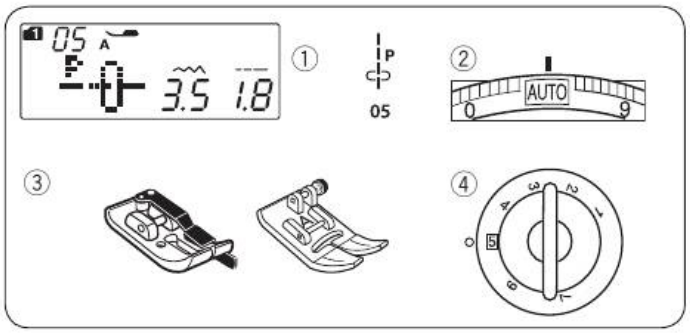
French Knots

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 60
② Thread tension: 5–8
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5



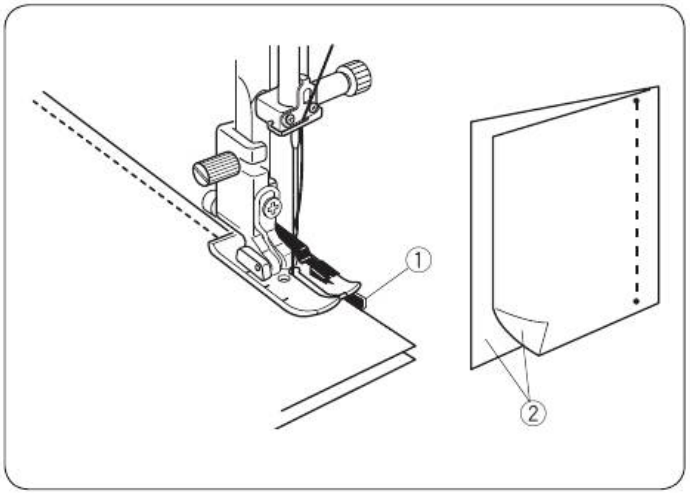
Tighten the thread tension to 5-8 when sewing.



Patchwork Piecing

Machine settings

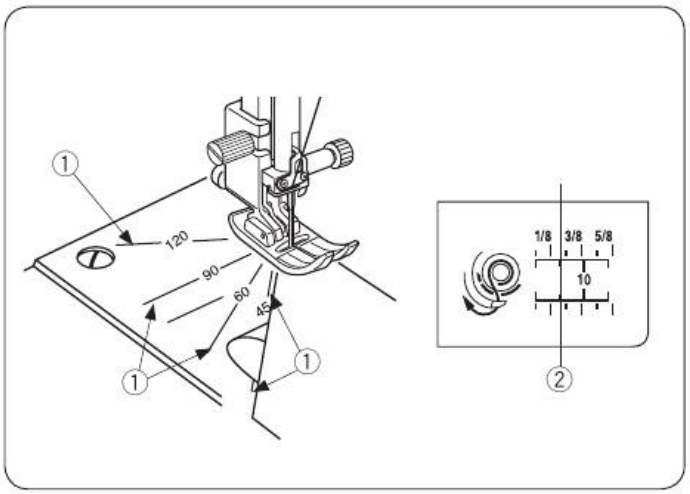
①	Pattern:	MODE 1: 05
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	1/4″ seam foot O or Zigzag foot A
④	Foot pressure:	5



Patchwork piecing

Select pattern 05 (mode 1).
Place the patchwork pieces right sides together. Sew while guiding the edge of the fabric along the guide on the foot to keep a precise 1/4″ seam allowance.

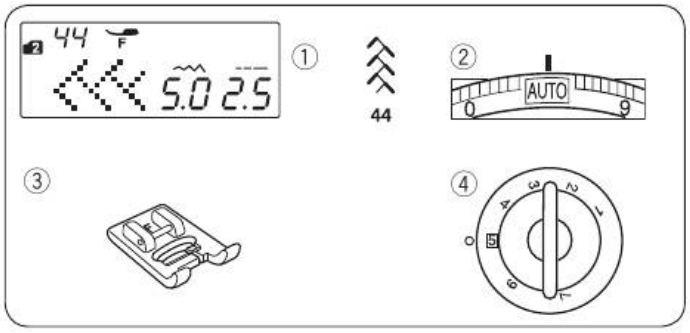
① Guide
② Right sides of the fabric



Angle scales on the needle plate

You can easily seam patchwork pieces at the desired angle without marking, by using the angle scales on the needle plate.
The angle scales are marked at 45, 60, 90 and 120 degrees.
Align the edge of the fabric to the 1/4″ seam guide line.

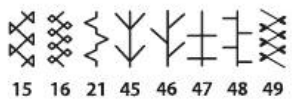
① Angle scales
② 1/4″ seam guide line

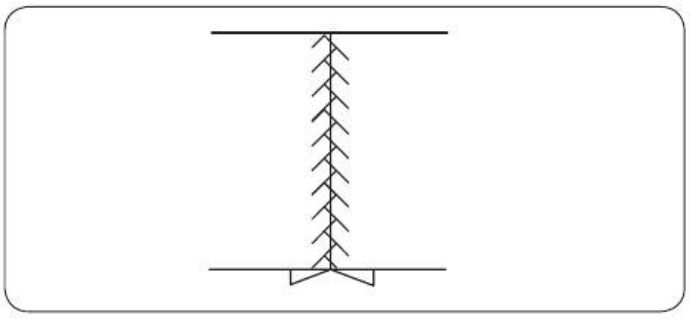


Patchwork

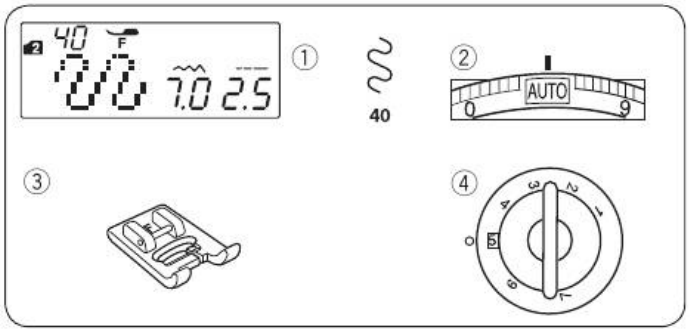
Machine settings

①	Pattern:	MODE 2: 44
②	Thread tension:	AUTO
③	Presser foot:	Satin stitch foot F
④	Foot pressure:	5

* Stitch patterns also be used.  (mode 2) can



Open the seam flat with the right side up and sew patchwork stitch along the seam line.

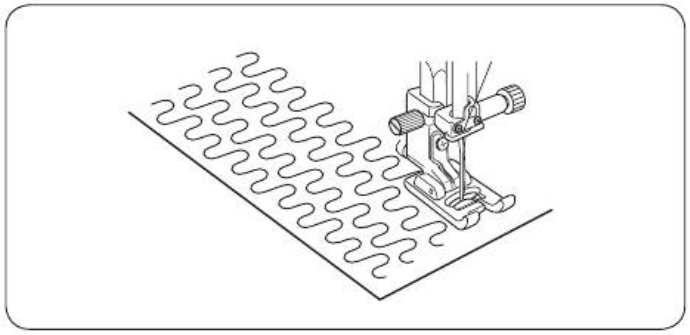


Stippling

Machine settings

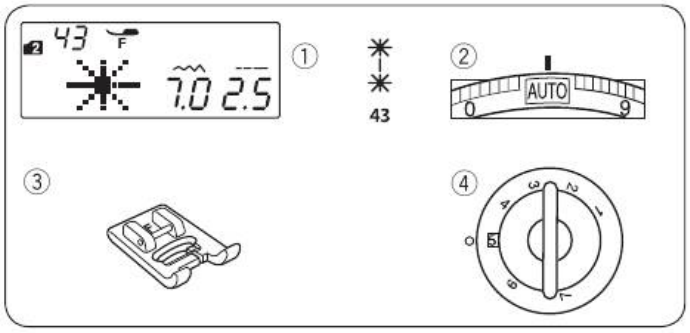
① Pattern: MODE 2: 40
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5

* Stitch patterns 41 42 (mode 2) can also be used.



A pre-programmed stippling stitch is a fast and easy method to quilt small areas.

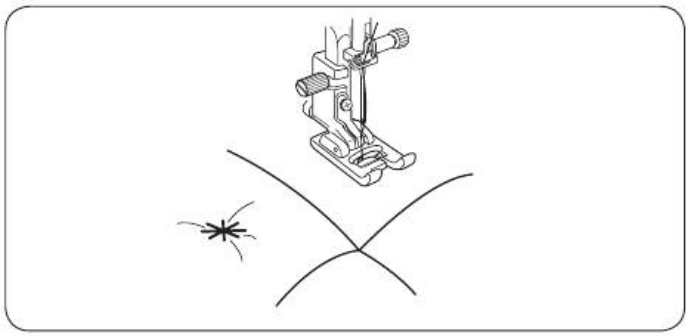
Place a quilt layer and sew.



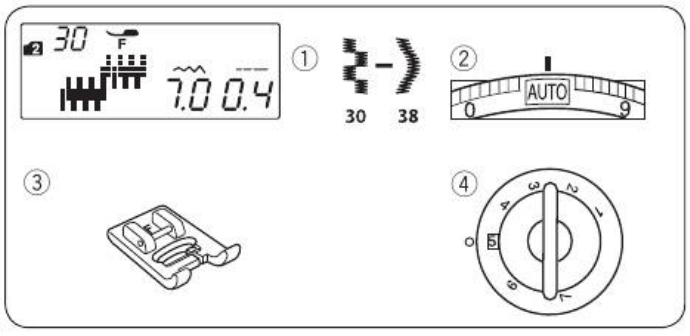
Clasp Stitch

Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 43
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5



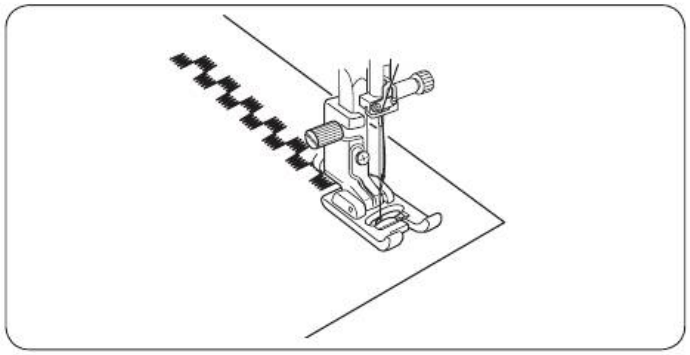
You can close quilt layers by using the clasp stitch.
Select stitch pattern 43 (mode 2).
Press the memory key.
Select locking stitch (pattern 89 (mode 2)).
Press the memory key.
Start sewing.
The machine sews clasp stitch and locking stitch then stops automatically.



Satin Stitches

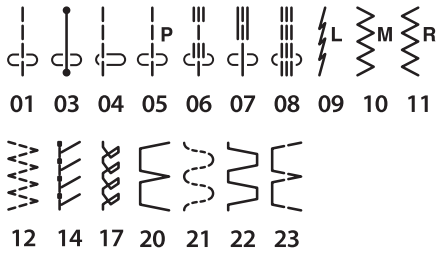
Machine settings

① Pattern: MODE 2: 30–38
② Thread tension: AUTO
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
④ Foot pressure: 5

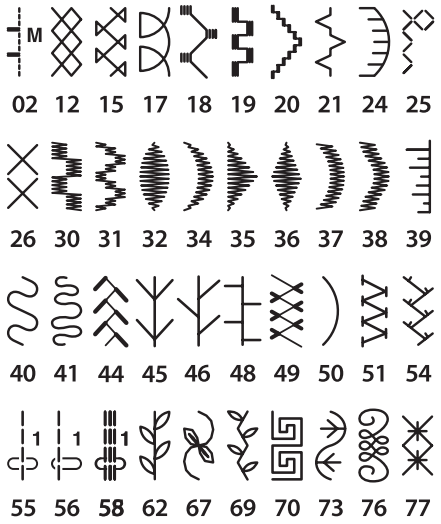


For a delicate appearance on fabric such as chiffon, use a single layer with a tear-away backing, if necessary.

Mode 1



Mode 2

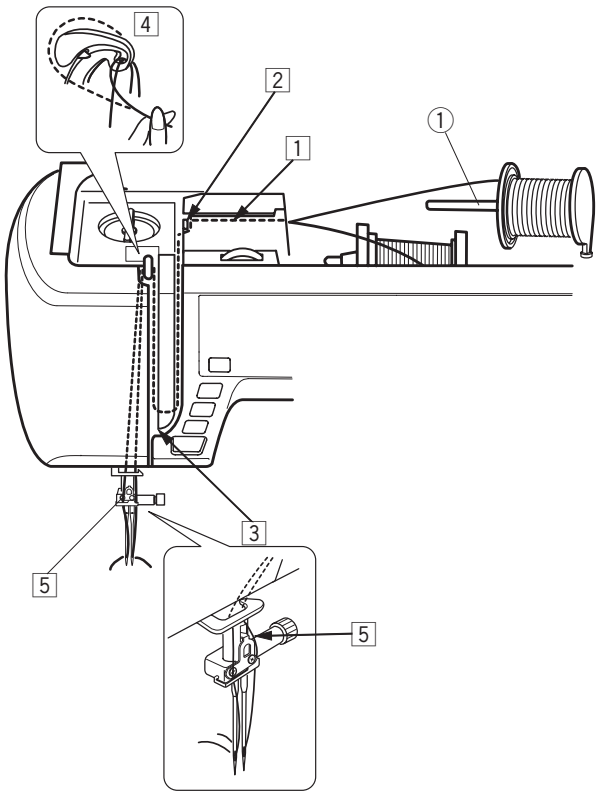


Twin Needle Sewing

The utility stitches and decorative stitches shown on the left can be sewn with a twin needle.

Replace the needle with the twin needle supplied with the standard accessories.

> **⚠ CAUTION:**
> Turn the power switch off before changing the needle. Do not use twin needles other than the one included in the standard accessories, otherwise the needle may hit the needle plate, foot or hook and break.



Insert the extra spool pin into the hole beside the horizontal spool pin.
Place a spool of thread on the extra spool pin and fix the spool with the spool holder.

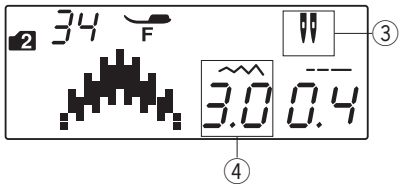
① Extra spool pin

Draw both threads from the spools and pass them through the threading points from 1 to 5.
Make sure that the two strands of thread from the spools do not get tangled.

> **NOTE:**
> Threading from points 1 to 5 is the same as for a single needle (refer to page 17).

Slip one of the threads through the needle bar thread guide on the left, and the other one on the right.
Thread the needles from front to back.

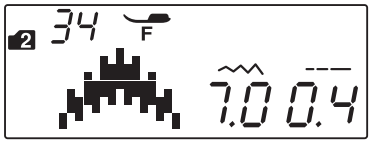
> **NOTE:**
> The needle threader cannot be used with the twin needle.



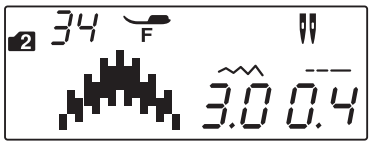


②



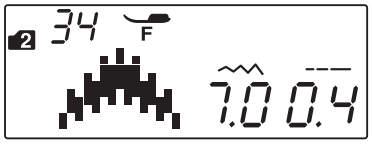






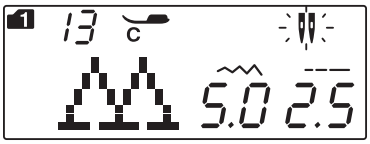






NOTE:

- When you sew patterns with the twin needle, test the stitches first before you sew on the garment.
- Use the zigzag foot A or satin stitch foot F for twin needle sewing.
- When changing the sewing direction, raise the needle and presser foot then turn the fabric.
- When you select stitch patterns not for twin needle sewing and press the twin needle key, the twin needle mark will blink on the LCD screen and the caution buzzer sound.



- Stitch patterns cannot be memorized in the twin needle mode.
- Use the thread cutter on the face cover when trimming threads.
- Use fine threads #60 or larger number for the twin needle sewing.

Buttonholes and specialty stitches such as darning or eyelet, and monogram cannot be selected.

② Twin needle key
③ Twin needle icon
④ Maximum width (3.0)

Select the desired pattern suitable for twin needle sewing.
Press the twin needle key.

The LCD screen shows a twin needle icon and the maximum permissible stitch width is restricted to 3.0 mm. The needle drop position of straight stitches is restricted to between 2.0 and 5.0.

After twin needle sewing is finished, press the twin needle key. The twin needle icon blinks.

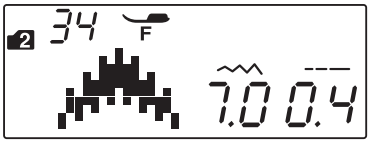
Replace the twin needle with a single needle.
Turn off and on the power switch or press the twin needle key to return to the single stitch mode.

PROGRAMMING A PATTERN COMBINATION

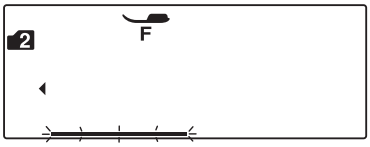
Pattern Combination

Example: Programming patterns 34 and 35 (mode 2).

NOTE:
- Patterns in the different groups, letters and numbers can also be programmed.
- Check tension balance by test sewing. Manual tension adjustment may be required when sewing a pattern combination.
- Up to 50 stitch patterns combination can be memorized.

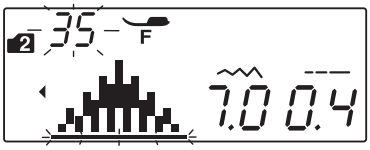
1 

1 Select pattern 34 (mode 2).

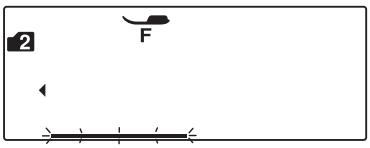
2 

M

2 Press the memory key.

3 

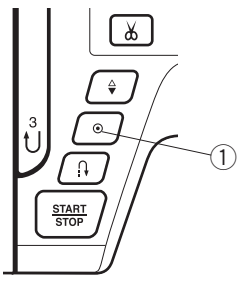
3 Select pattern 35 (mode 2).

4 

M

4 Press the memory key.

5 

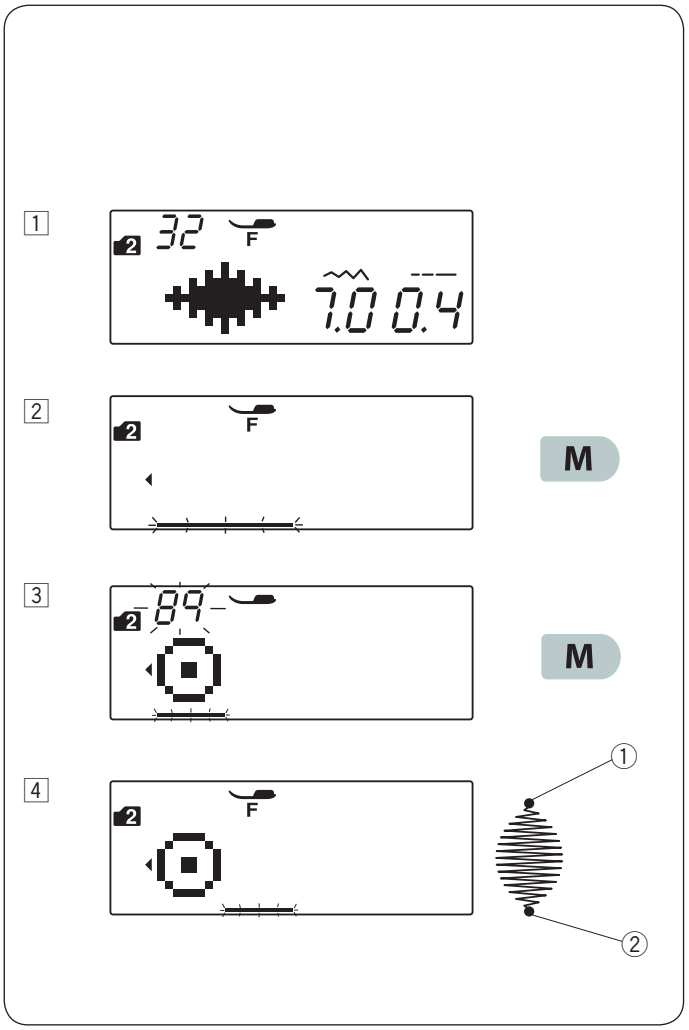


5 Start sewing. Combination of patterns 34 and 35 will be sewn continuously.

NOTE:
If you press the auto-lock button in the middle of sewing, the machine will sew to the end of the current pattern, sew locking stitches and stop automatically.
① Auto-lock button

Programming Auto-lock Stitch

Example: Programming patterns 32 (mode 2) and auto-lock stitch. The machine will sew the pattern, auto-lock stitch, and stop automatically.



1 Select pattern 32 (mode 2).

2 Press the memory key.

3 Select pattern 89 (mode 2).
Press the memory key.

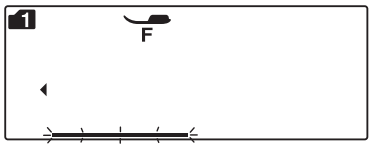
4 Start sewing. Pattern 32 and 89 (auto-lock stitch) will be sewn automatically.
② Auto-lock stitch

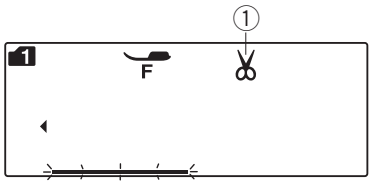
NOTE:
The locking stitch at the beginning ① is pre-programmed.

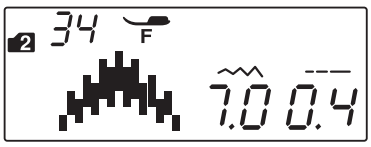
Programming Automatic Thread Cutting

To cut the threads automatically after sewing the pattern combination, press automatic thread cutting key.
The cutter sign will be indicated on the LCD screen.
Press the automatic thread cutting key again to cancel it.

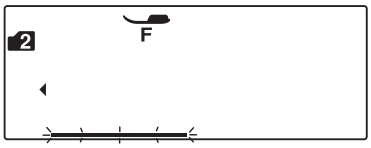
① Cutter sign





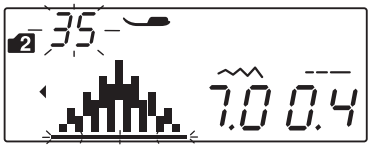
1 

1 Select pattern 34 (mode 2).

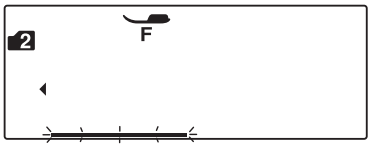
2 

M

2 Press the memory key.

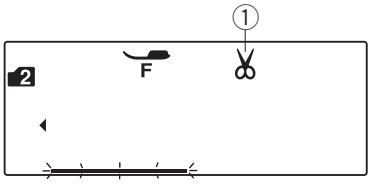
3 

3 Select pattern 35 (mode 2).

4 

M

4 Press the memory key.

5 

②

5 Press the automatic thread cutting key.
The cutter sign appears on the LCD screen.

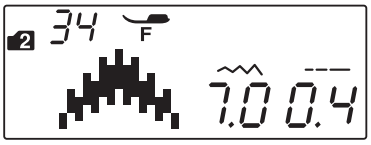
② Automatic thread cutting key

6 

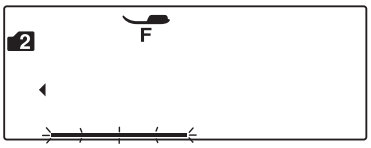
6 Start sewing.
The machine will sew the pattern combination, auto-lock stitch and cut the threads, then stop automatically.

Pattern Combination with a Mirror Image

Example: Pattern 34 (mode 2) and its mirror image

1 

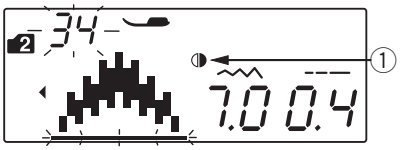
1 Select pattern 34 (mode 2).

2 

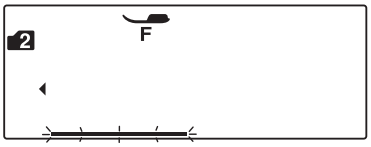
M

2 Press the memory key.

3 



3 Select pattern 34 (mode 2).
Press the mirror image key.
The mirror sign will appear on the LCD screen.
① Mirror sign

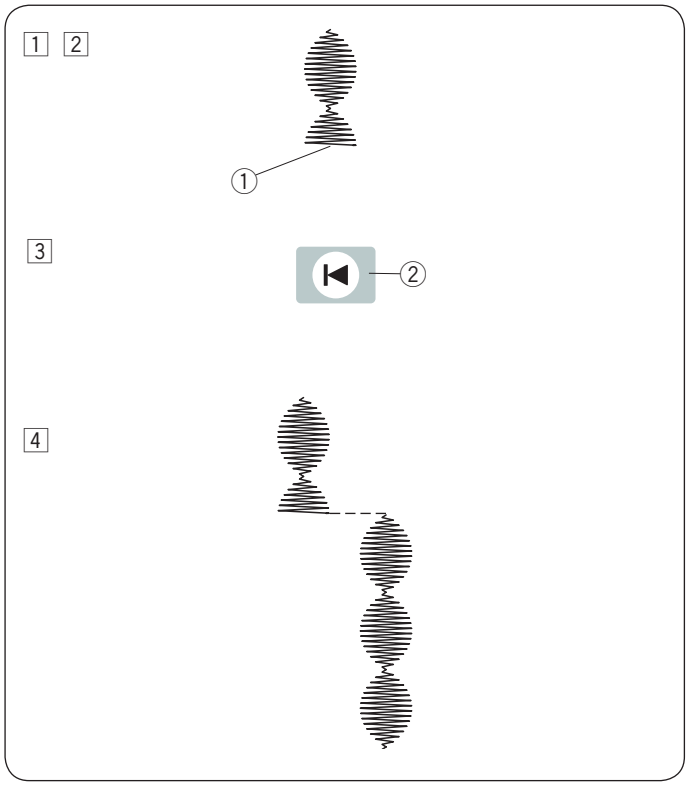
4 

M

4 Press the memory key.

5 

5 Start sewing.
The machine will sew the pattern combination repeatedly.



Resuming a Pattern from the Beginning

If you have to stop sewing in the middle of a pattern and wish to sew it over again, press the startover key to sew the pattern from the beginning.

Example: Pattern 32 (mode 2)

1 Select pattern 32 (mode 2). Start sewing.

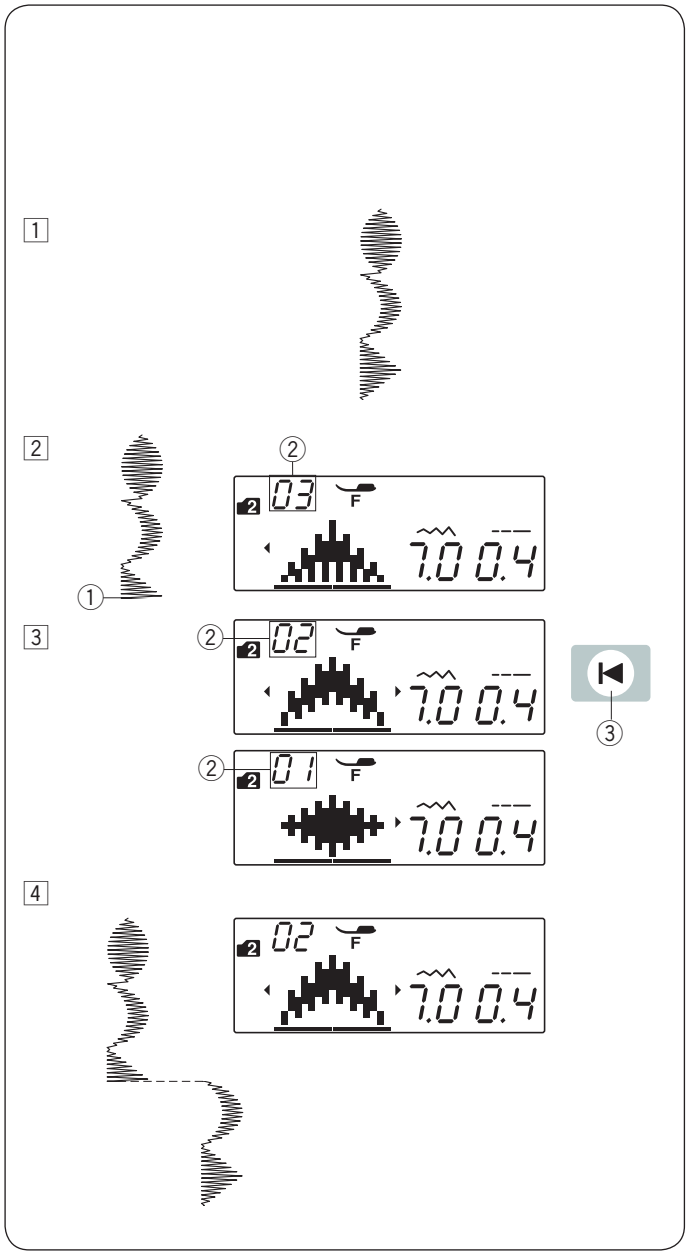
2 Sewing stopped.

① Stopped position

3 Press the startover key.

② Startover key

4 Sewing starts from the beginning of the pattern.



Resuming a Pattern Combination from the Beginning

If you have to stop sewing in the middle of a pattern combination and wish to start sewing again from the incomplete pattern, press the startover key to select the pattern you wish to start over from.

Example: Pattern combination 32, 34 and 35 (mode 2)

1 Program the pattern combination 32, 34 and 35 in mode 2.
Start sewing.

2 Sewing stopped. The number of sewing order appears on the LCD screen.

① Stopped position

② Sewing order

3 Press the startover key. The number will count down and the stitch image will be displayed each time you press the startover key. Select the stitch pattern you wish to start over from.

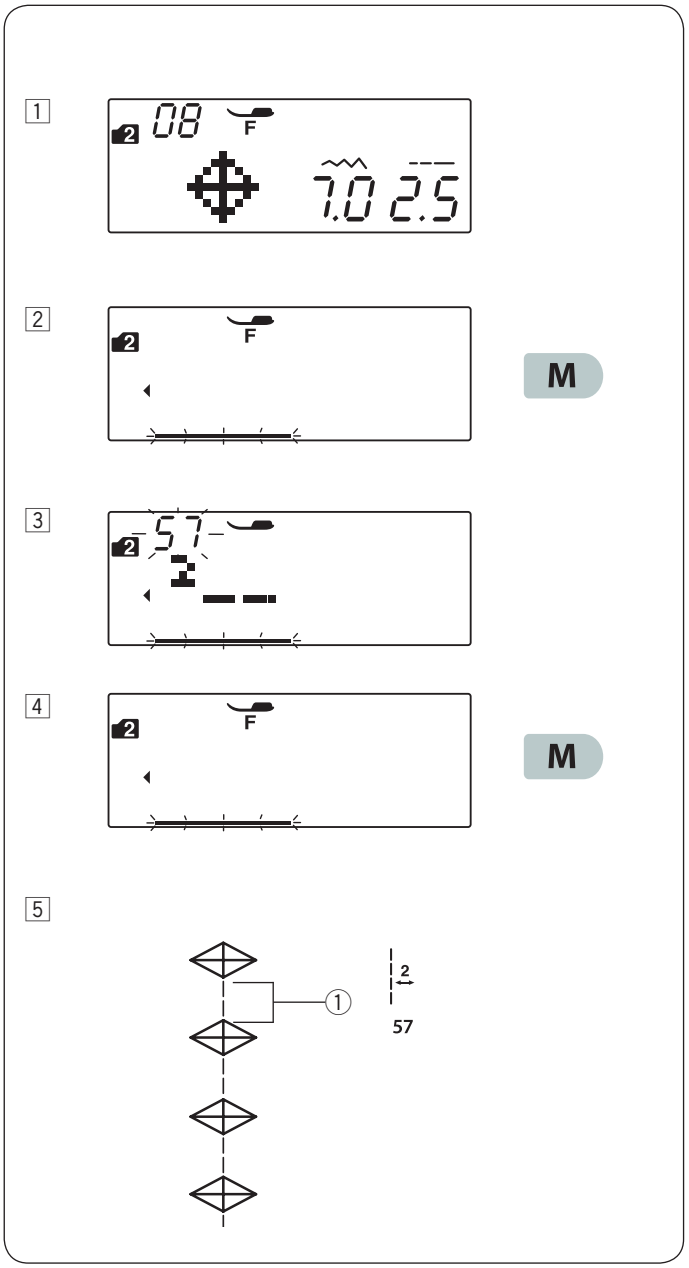
③ Startover key

4 Press the start/stop button.
Sewing starts from the number of the programmed stitch pattern.

Bridge Stitches

Stitch patterns number 55 to 59 (mode 2) are bridge stitches, which are used to insert straight stitches after a stitch pattern.

NOTE:
The bridge stitches number 57 and 59 (mode 2) cannot be selected individually.
Insert the bridge stitches after a stitch pattern.
When the pattern is deleted, the inserted bridge stitches are also deleted.



Example: Combination of pattern 08 (mode 2) and pattern 57 (mode 2).

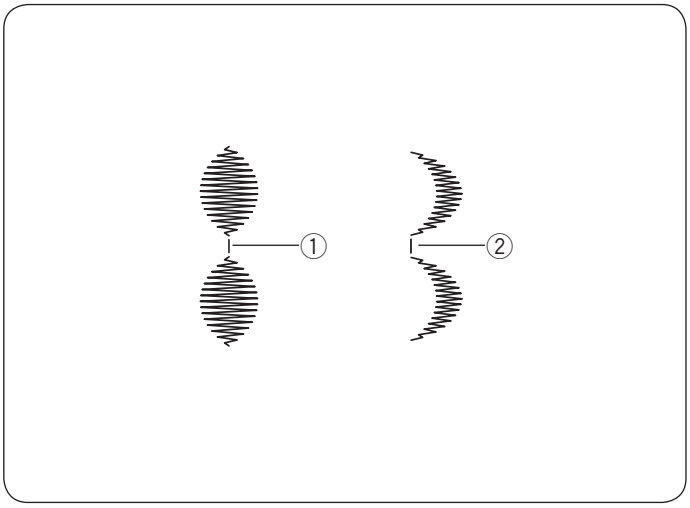
1 Select pattern 08 (mode 2).

2 Press the memory key.

3 Select pattern 57 (mode 2).

4 Press the memory key.

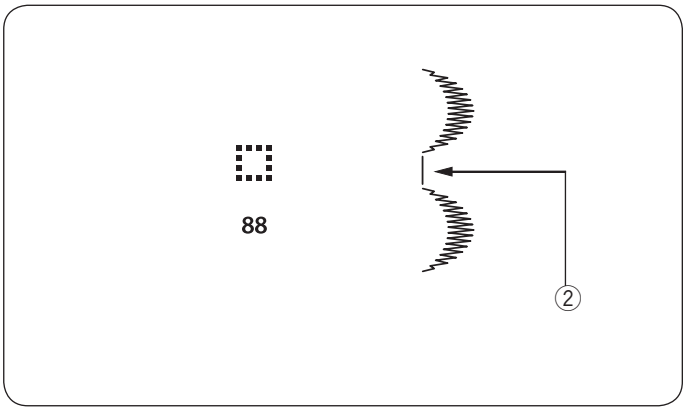
5 Start sewing.
Two counts of the straight stitch are added to pattern 08.
① Bridge stitch



NOTE:
The number on the right of the stitch image indicates stitch counts to be inserted.
The stitch length and needle drop position of patterns 55, 56 and 58 in mode 2 are independent from those of the combined pattern.
Patterns 57 and 59 in mode 2 will inherit the stitch length and needle drop position of a previous pattern in the programmed pattern combination.

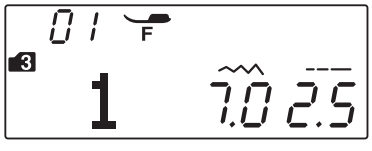
Use patterns 55 or 56 in mode 2 with satin stitches.
① Pattern 55
② Pattern 56

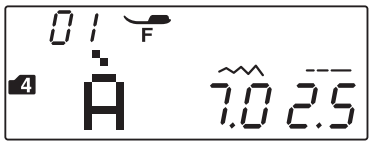
Use pattern 58 in mode 2 if you wish to add straight stretch stitches.

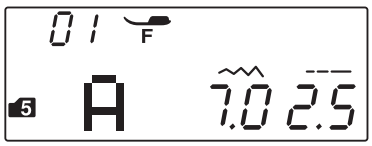


Use the stitch pattern 88 (blank space) in mode 1 or 2 if you wish to insert a space between stitch patterns.

② Blank space







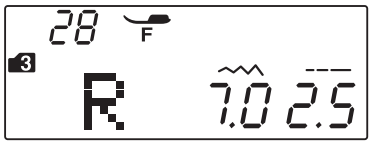
Monogramming

Selecting a character

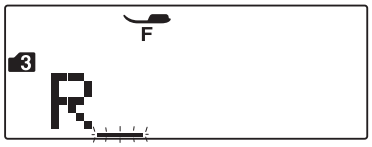
In mode 3, 4 and 5, you can program text by entering the number and alphabets.

Mode 3: Alphabets/number/symbol
Mode 4: European accented letters
Mode 5: Cyrillic letters

1 2

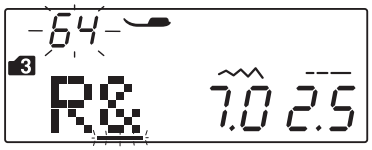


3

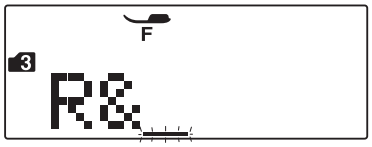


M

4



5

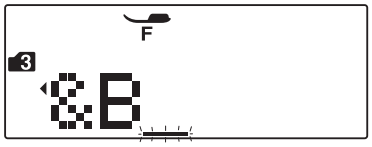


M

6

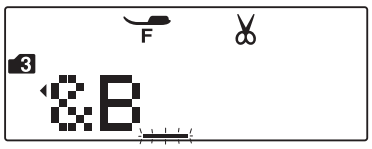


7

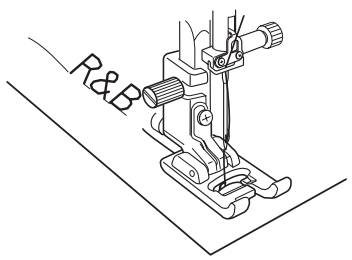


M

8



9



START
STOP

Programming a monogram

Example: To program “**R&B**”

1 Press the mode key 2 times to enter mode 3.
2 Select pattern 28.

3 Press the memory key.

4 Select pattern 64.

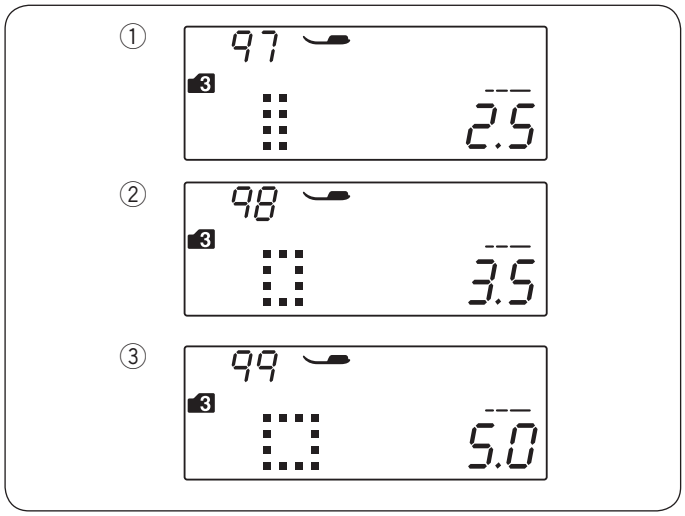
5 Press the memory key.

6 Select pattern 12.

7 Press the memory key.

8 Press the auto thread cutting key.
The cutter sign will appear.

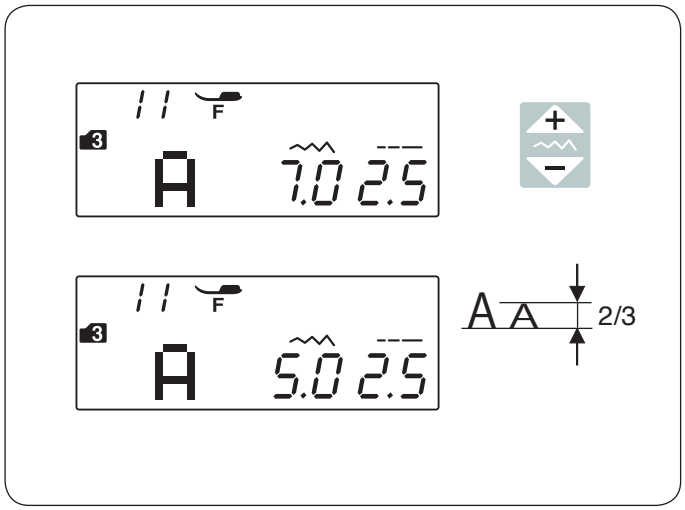
9 Press the start/stop button.
The machine will sew “R&B”, cut the threads and stop automatically.



Spacing

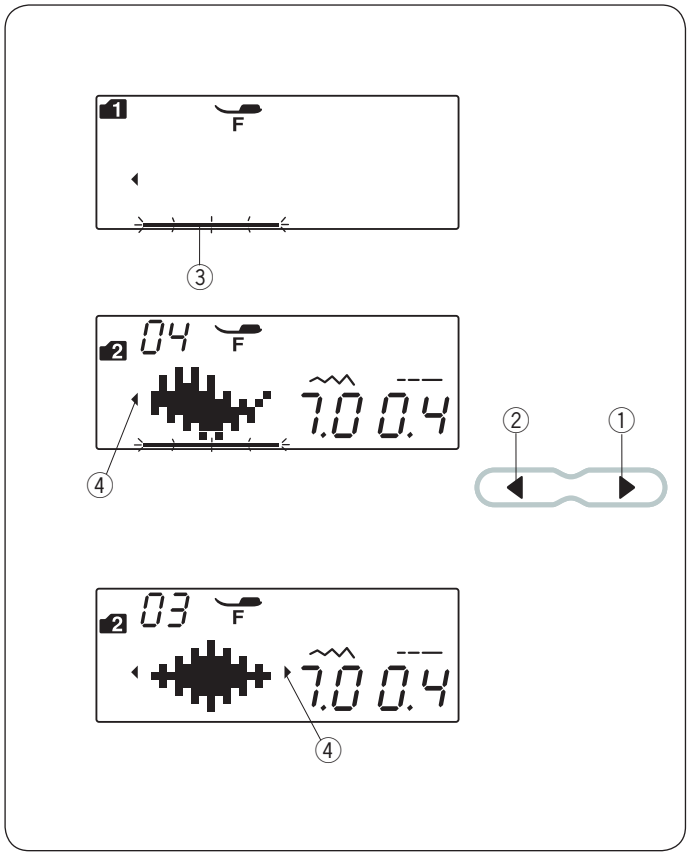
To enter the space in monogramming, select the stitch pattern 97, 98 or 99 in mode 3, 4, or 5.

① Pattern 97: Small-size space (2.5 mm)
② Pattern 98: Medium-size space (3.5 mm)
③ Pattern 99: Large-size space (5.0 mm)



Reducing the size of letters

To reduce the height of character to approximately 2/3 of its original size, select the character with the cursor key and press " − " of the stitch width adjusting key.



Editing a Pattern Combination

Viewing a long combination

The LCD screen only shows one pattern at a time.
If the entire combination is not displayed, press the cursor key to view the rest of the combination.

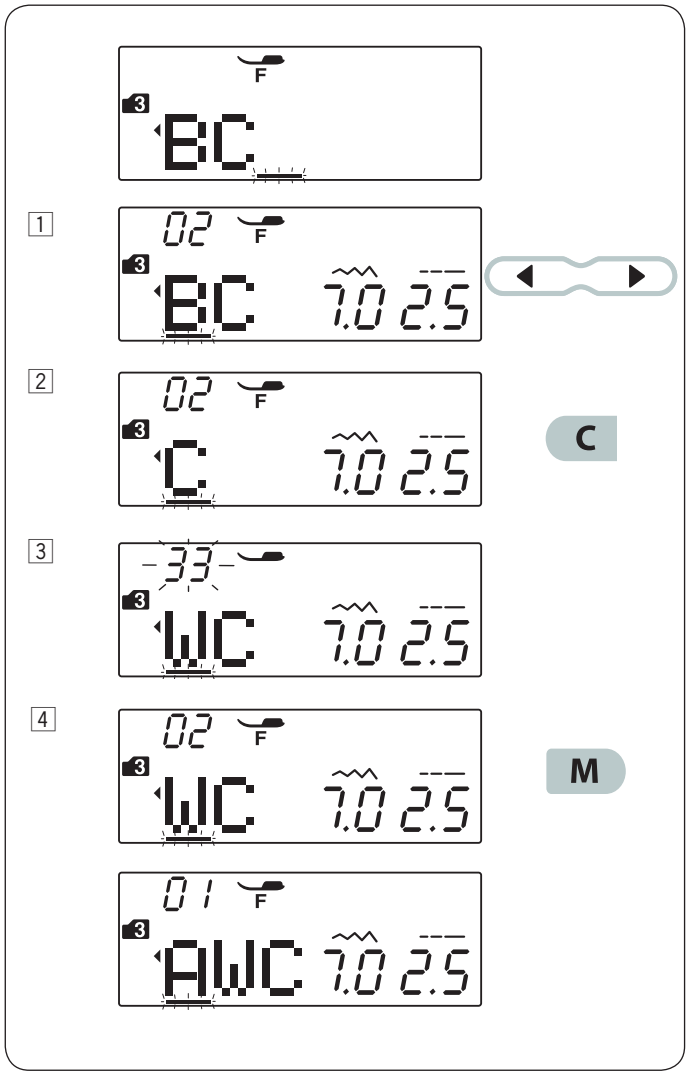
Press the right arrow " ▶ " ① on the cursor key to shift the cursor to the right.
Press the left arrow " ◀ " ② on the cursor key to shift the cursor to the left.

NOTE:
Arrow signs (◀ , ▶) ④ on the LCD screen indicate that there is the rest of the combination in that direction.

Once sewing has started, the cursor appears under the first pattern and will shift to the right as you sew.

Press the cursor key again to view the hidden patterns or to edit the pattern combination.
The cursor will blink and can be moved to the desired position.

① Right arrow
② Left arrow
③ Cursor
④ Arrow sign



Deleting and Inserting a Pattern

Example: Deleting pattern “B” and inserting “W” from “ABC”.

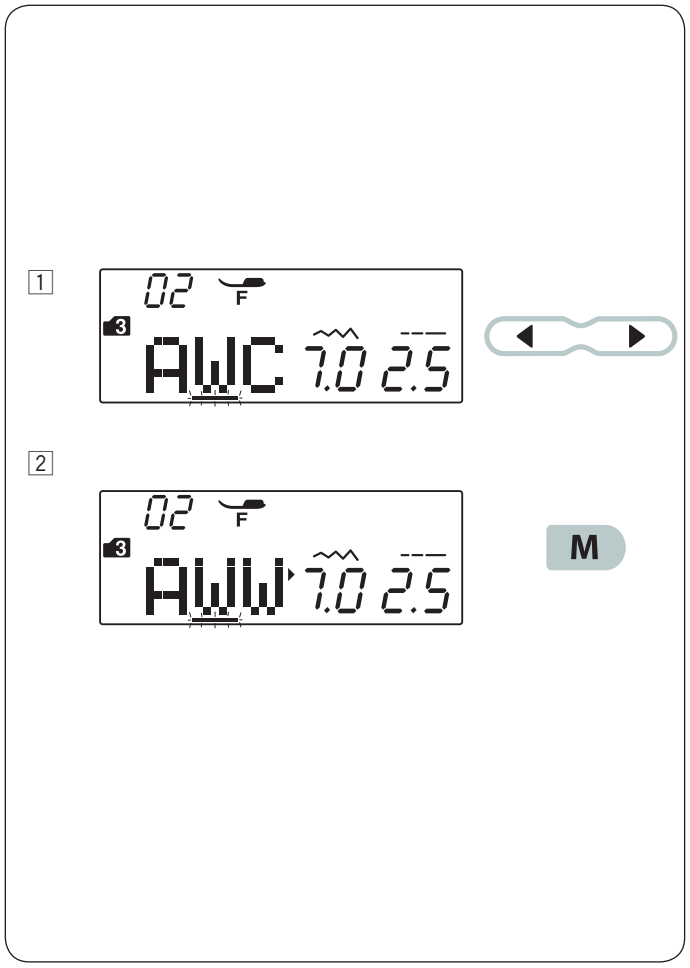
1 Press the cursor key to shift the cursor under the pattern to be deleted.
Move the cursor under the pattern “B”.

2 Press the clear key.
Pattern “B” will be deleted.

3 Enter “W”.
Pattern “W” will be inserted between “A” and “C”.

4 Press the memory key to memorize the new pattern combination.

NOTE:
Pressing and holding the clear key will delete all the programmed patterns and the LCD screen will return to the display prior to programming.



Duplicating a Pattern

Example: Duplicating a “W”.

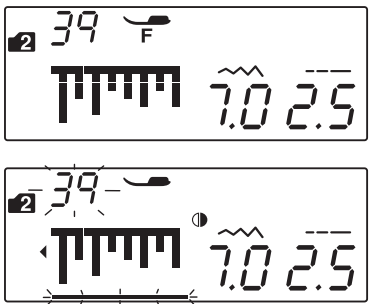
1 Press the cursor key to shift the cursor under the pattern to be duplicated.

2 Press the memory key and “W” will be duplicated after the pattern “W”.

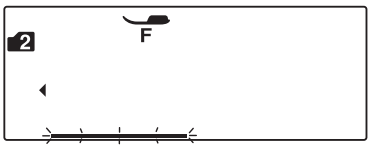
Uniform Stitch Adjustment

The stitch width and length of the programmed patterns can be uniformly adjusted.

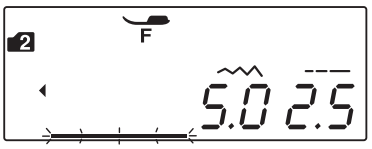
Example: Adjusting the stitch width of the programmed pattern 39 (mode 2) and its mirror image.



Shift the cursor to the right of the last programmed pattern.

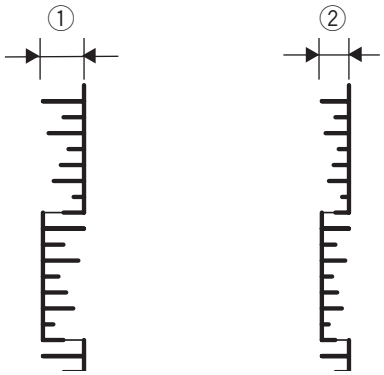


Press the stitch width adjusting key to adjust the stitch width.





NOTE:
Stitch length can be uniformly adjusted if the programmed patterns in the same category (satin stitches or stretch stitches) have been programmed.

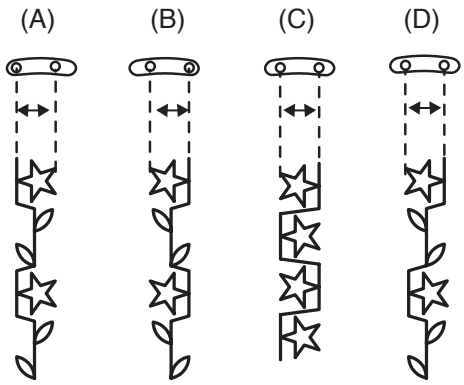


The stitch width of the programmed patterns will be adjusted uniformly.

① Original width
② Uniformly adjusted width

Unified Needle Drop Position

The needle drop position of the programmed patterns will vary depending on the pattern combination:



(A) Unified to the left when combining the patterns with the left needle position and the center needle position.

(B) Unified to the right when combining the patterns with the center needle position and the right needle position.

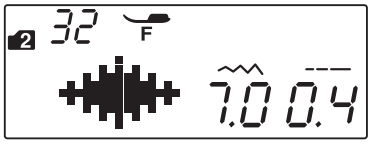
(C) Unified to the center when combining the patterns with the left needle position and the right needle position.

(D) Unified to the center when combining the patterns with the left, center and right needle positions.

Individual Stitch Adjustment

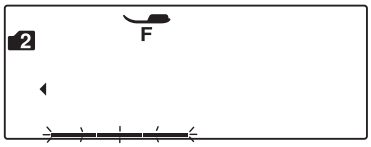
The stitch width and length can be individually adjusted for each pattern in a programmed combination.

Example: Changing the stitch width of the one pattern in the combination

1 

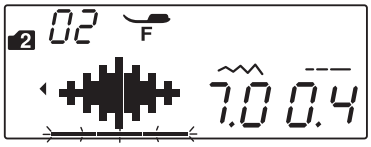


1 Select pattern 32 (mode 2).
Press the memory key.

2 

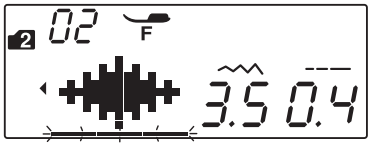


2 Press the memory key again.

3 



3 Press the cursor key to shift the cursor under the second pattern.

4 

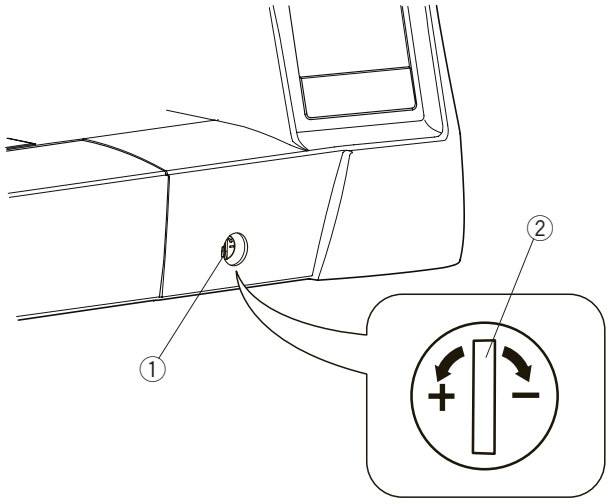


4 Press the stitch width adjusting key to adjust the width to “3.5”.

5 

5 Press the start/stop button.
The machine will sew the pattern combination.
The stitch width of the second pattern in the combination is adjusted.

NOTE:
To view the stitch settings of each pattern, shift the cursor under the desired pattern then press the stitch width or length adjusting key. The settings will be displayed at the bottom of the LCD screen.
If you press the stitch width or length adjusting key when the cursor is to the right of the last programmed pattern, individual adjustments will be cancelled and uniform adjustment will be applied.



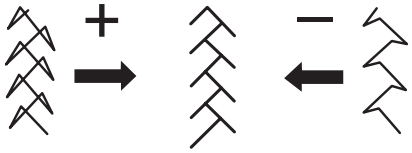
Correcting Distorted Stitch Patterns

The sewing results of the stitch patterns may vary depending upon sewing conditions, such as sewing speed, type of the fabric, number of layers etc.
Always test sew on a scrap piece of the fabric that you wish to use.

If stretch stitch patterns, monogram or the stretch buttonhole is distorted, correct it with the feed balancing dial.
Set the feed balancing dial at the neutral position for normal sewing.

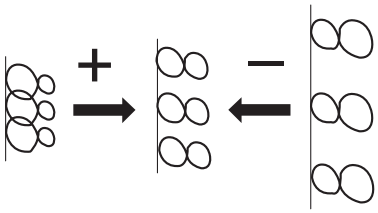
① Feed balancing dial
② Neutral position

NOTE:
Return the feed balancing dial to its neutral position when the sewing is finished.



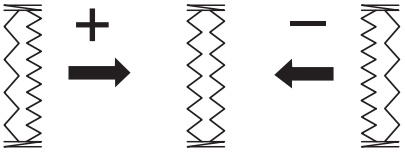
Stretch stitch pattern

Example: Pattern 44 (mode 2)
If the pattern is compressed, turn the feed balancing dial in the direction of “+”.
If the pattern is drawn out, turn the feed balancing dial in the direction of “–”.



Letters and numbers

Example: Pattern 08 (mode 3)
If the pattern is compressed, turn the feed balancing dial in the direction of “+”.
If the pattern is drawn out, turn the feed balancing dial in the direction of “–”.



Stitch balance of the stretch buttonholes

Example: Pattern 28 (mode 1)
If the right row is denser, turn the dial in the direction of “+”.
If the left row is denser, turn the dial in the direction of “–”.

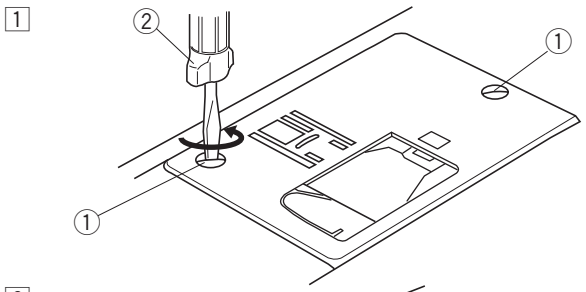
CARE AND MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING:
- Turn the power switch off and unplug the machine before cleaning.
- Do not dismantle the machine in any way other than as explained in this section.

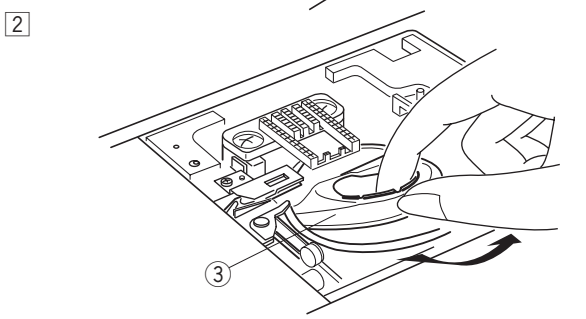
Cleaning the Hook Area

Clean the hook area at least once a month.

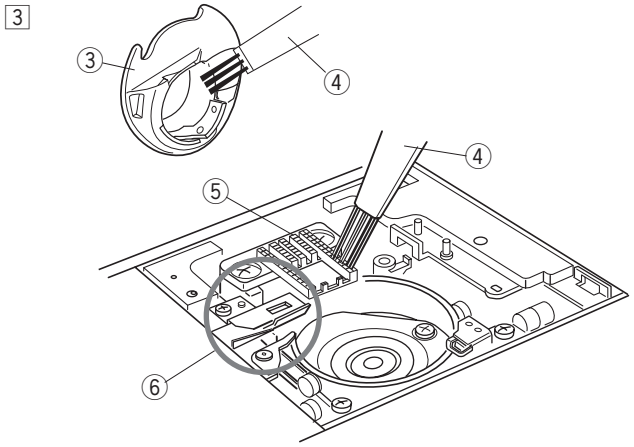
1 Turn the power switch off and unplug the machine.
Remove the needle and presser foot.
Remove the setscrews on the needle plate with the screwdriver supplied with the machine.
Remove the needle plate.
① Setscrews
② Screwdriver



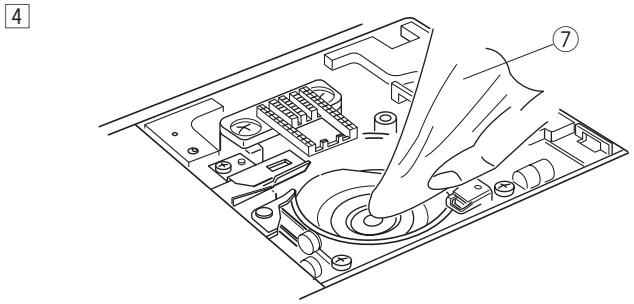
2 Take out the bobbin and bobbin holder.
③ Bobbin holder



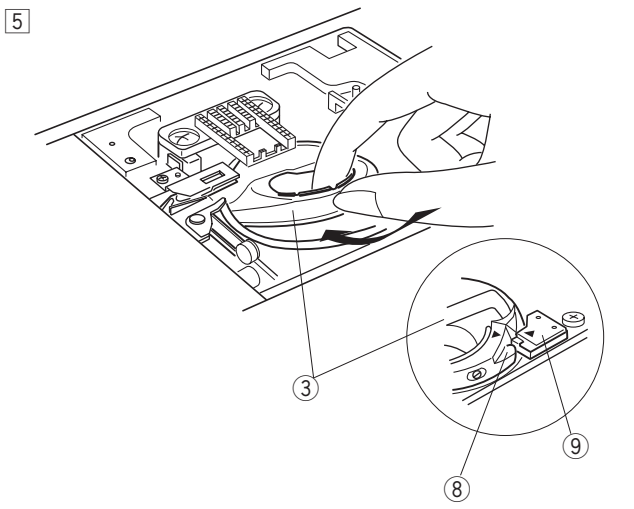
3 Clean the bobbin holder with a lint brush.
Clean the feed dog and auto thread cutter device with the lint brush.
④ Lint brush
⑤ Feed dog
⑥ Auto thread cutter device



4 Clean the hook race with a soft cloth.
⑦ Soft cloth



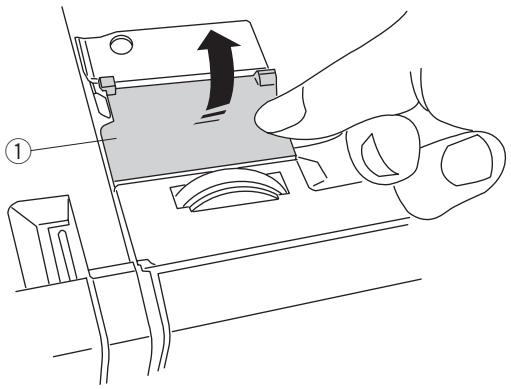
5 Insert the bobbin holder so that the knob fits next to the stopper in the hook race.
Insert the bobbin.
Attach the needle plate, presser foot and needle.
⑧ Knob
⑨ Stopper



Cleaning the Inside of the Thread Guide

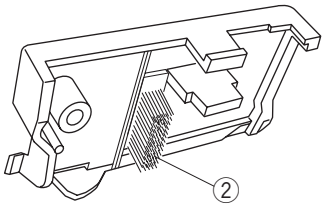
Clean the inside of the thread guide plate under the top cover at least once a month.

1



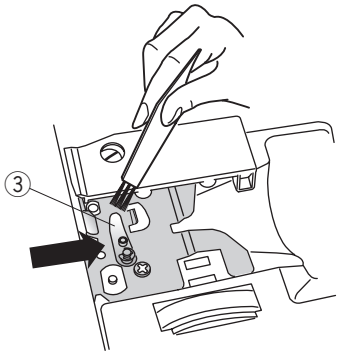
1 Remove the needle thread and remove the thread guide plate by pulling it up.
① Thread guide plate

2



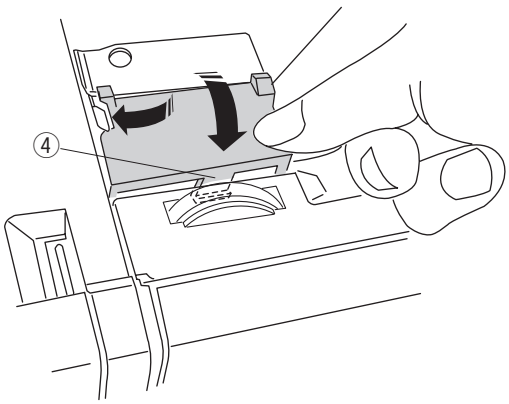
2 Remove lint and dust from the brush on the underside of the thread guide plate using a lint brush.
② Brush on the thread guide plate

3



3 Clean the area around and under the pre-tension leaf with the lint brush.
③ Pre-tension leaf

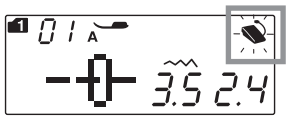
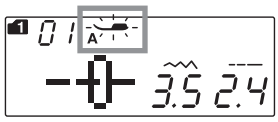
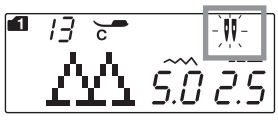
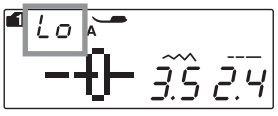
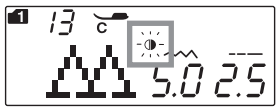
4



4 Set the thread guide plate on the machine, inserting the tenons into the slots. Push the thread guide plate down to snap it in place.
④ Tenon

Problems and Warning Signals

If a buzzer sounds and the LCD screen shows a warning sign, follow the guidance below.

Warning Sign	Cause	Try this
	1. The start/stop button is pressed with the foot control connected. 2. The foot control is out of order. (The foot control sign keeps blinking.)	Disconnect the foot control. Contact the service center or the store from whom the machine was purchased.
	The machine is started without lowering the presser foot. The machine will stop if the presser foot is raised while sewing.	Lower the presser foot and start the machine. Lower the presser foot and start the machine again.
	The bobbin winder spindle is shifted to the right.	Shift the bobbin winder spindle to the left for stitching.
	The machine will stop if the buttonhole is sewn without lowering the buttonhole lever.	Lower the buttonhole lever and start the machine again.
	The twin needle key is pressed when a pattern unsuitable for twin needle sewing has been selected.	Select the pattern suitable for twin needle sewing.
	The twin needle key is pressed when the twin needle sign is indicated on the LCD screen.	Replace the twin needle with a single needle and press the twin needle key.
	The machine is started after halting due to overload.	Wait for at least 15 seconds to restart. Turn the power switch OFF. Remove tangled threads around take-up lever, hook race and automatic thread cutting mechanism.
	The selected stitch patter cannot be flipped.	Select the other stitch pattern for a mirror image.
(E1-E7) 	The machine does not work properly due to a problem in the control circuit.	Contact the service center or the store from whom the machine was purchased.

Audible Signal	The Buzzer sounds when:
pip	Normal operation.
pip-pip-pip	Invalid operation or malfunction.
peep	E1-E7 error occurred.
pip pi-pi-pi-peep	Buttonhole is completed.

Troubleshooting

Condition	Cause	Reference
The needle thread breaks	1. The needle thread is not threaded properly. 2. The needle thread tension is too tight. 3. The needle is bent or blunt. 4. The needle is incorrectly inserted. 5. The needle thread is not set under the presser foot when start sewing. 6. The thread is tangled around the spool.	Page 17 Page 11 Page 13 Page 13 Page 25 Use the spool holder.
The bobbin thread breaks	1. The bobbin thread is not threaded properly in the bobbin holder. 2. Lint has collected in the bobbin holder. 3. The bobbin is damaged and does not turn smoothly.	Page 16 Page 74 Change the bobbin.
The needle breaks	1. The needle is incorrectly inserted. 2. The needle clamp screw is loose. 3. The needle is too fine for the fabric being used. 4. An inappropriate presser foot is used.	Page 13 Page 13 Page 13 Use the correct foot.
Skipped stitches	1. The needle is incorrectly inserted, bent or blunt. 2. The needle and/or threads are not suitable for the work being sewn. 3. A blue tip needle is not being used for sewing stretch, very fine fabrics and synthetics. 4. The needle thread is not threaded properly. 5. A poor quality needle is used.	Page 13 Page 13 Use the stretch stitch needle. Page 17 Change the needle.
Seam puckering	1. The needle thread tension is too tight. 2. The needle thread is not threaded properly. 3. The needle is too heavy for the fabric being sewn. 4. The stitch length is too long for the fabric. 5. The foot pressure is not adjusted properly. 6. A stabilizer is not used when sewing very fine fabrics.	Page 11 Page 17 Page 13 Make stitch shorter. Page 10 Apply a stabilizer.
The fabric is not feeding smoothly	1. The feed dog is packed with lint. 2. The stitches are too fine. 3. The feed dog is not raised after ”drop feed” sewing.	Page 74 Make stitch longer. Page 10
Loops on the seams	1. The needle thread tension is too loose. 2. The needle is too thick or too fine for the fabric.	Page 11 Page 13
The machine does not work	1. The machine is not plugged in or foot control is not connected. 2. Thread has been caught in the hook race. 3. The presser foot is not lowered.	Page 6 Page 74 Page 10
Buttonhole sewing is not sewn properly	1. The stitch density is not suitable for the fabric being sewn. 2. The interfacing has not been used for the stretch or synthetic fabric. 3. The buttonhole lever is not lowered.	Page 44 Apply an interfacing. Page 42
The machine is noisy	1. Thread has been caught in the hook race. 2. Lint has built up in the hook race or bobbin holder.	Page 74 Page 74
Layers shift	1. The foot pressure is not suitable for fabrics being sewn.	Page 10
Auto thread cutting failed	1. Thread is too thick for the auto thread cutting. 2. Threads have been caught in the thread cutter mechanism.	Page 7 Page 74
The stitch pattern cannot be selected.	1. The stitch pattern is 57 or 59 in mode 2 (Bridge stitches).	Page 66

It is not abnormal for a faint humming sound to be heard from the internal motors.
The LCD screen and function key area may become warm after several hours of continuous use.